THE WEATHER.

Local thunder showers Sunday and Monday.

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OFFICIALS CONFER ON MEXICAN POLICY

President Wilson Considering the Ambassador's Report on Situation

SECRETARY BRYAN IN ACTION

Report Contains Full Review of Economic and Political Conditions in the Trouble Zone—Del Valle Confers.

New York, July 26.—President Wilson had before him tonight the report written here today by Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson on conditions in Mexico from the time that a revolution over the reign of Porfirio Diaz, through the stirring events of the Orozco revolt, the downfall of Madero and down to the establishment of the Huerta regime; a period of three years. This report was transmitted to the President tonight by Secretary Bryan, who had spent the greater part of the day in conference with Ambassador Wilson. The President expects to examine the report before Monday when he will confer with Ambassador Wilson on a possible solution of present difficulties.

Secretary Bryan in sifting the mass of varying information which has reached Washington from all parts of Mexico, did not confine himself to official channels, for as soon as Ambassador Wilson left the State Department, Reginald Del Valle, of Los Angeles, Cal., whose identity as an agent of the government has been variously stated and denied in official circles, appeared in Mr. Bryan's office. For nearly an hour after Ambassador Wilson left Mr. Del Valle was closeted with Secretary Bryan and much secrecy was manifested as to the nature of the conference. Mr. Bryan was silent, declining to state how long he had known Mr. Del Valle or anything of the character of his mission in Mexico.

Del Valle Reports.

Mr. Del Valle afterwards admitted he had spent almost two months in Mexico, traveling through the trouble zones, and had presented a full report of conditions everywhere in the Republic. He said he had been a political acquaintance of Mr. Bryan and had been at one time a State Senator in California. Able to speak Spanish, Del Valle, who is of Mexican ancestry, though born in the United States, had little difficulty, he said, in making his way through territory held by rebels as well as that held by Federals. He declined to state the results of his explorations.

"The odd thing," he said, "however, is that people in the north of Mexico do not even know conditions in Southern Mexico and vice versa."

Del Valle declined to indicate what he thought of the situation, but spoke highly of some constitutionalist leaders in Sonora whose names were mentioned by him.

Coincidentally Del Valle came up from Mexico City on the same steamer with Ambassador Wilson and arrived in Washington on the same train. That they had little in common was apparent from Ambassador Wilson's remarks earlier in the day, that he did not think the government had exhibited courtesy toward him in sending unofficial representatives to investigate conditions in Mexico. He spoke caustically of the methods pursued by both Del Valle and William Bayard Hale, a personal friend of President Wilson, in obtaining information. In fact, the ambassador said, he had been told by a legation official in Cuba that Del Valle had a copy of the State Department code in his possession, an impropriety for an unofficial representative in the ambassador's opinion.

Ambassador Reticent.

While Ambassador Wilson expressed his views on Mexican affairs quite freely early in the day, and before he reached Washington he began tonight a policy of reticence.

He said he had been asked by Secretary Bryan to refrain from discussing the situation and would abide by the wishes of his superior officer. In fact, the ambassador expressed doubt as to the accuracy of some published statements attributed to him criticising suggestions of the Washington government for the establishment of peace in Mexico.

The ambassador was not willing to say what he had written in his report, but declared unequivocally that he had not altered his views about affairs in Mexico since coming to Washington or after his talks with Secretary Bryan. He admitted he had at various times suggested the advisability of recognizing the Huerta administration.

General Conditions Reviewed.

It is understood the ambassador's report deals extensively with the economic as well as the political situation in Mexico. It was said on good authority that he pictured a gloomy condition in financial circles in the southern republic, pointing to several big banks as being on the verge of bankruptcy and a general condition of distress in business circles. It is declared the ambassador spoke of the continuous deficits both of the National treasury and of the railway systems and estimated foreign losses as very heavy. The French losses alone, he is said to have placed at $250,000,000 in gold within recent months. That American investments had greatly depreciated, and that no estimate could be placed on these losses also is said to have been included in the ambassador's report.

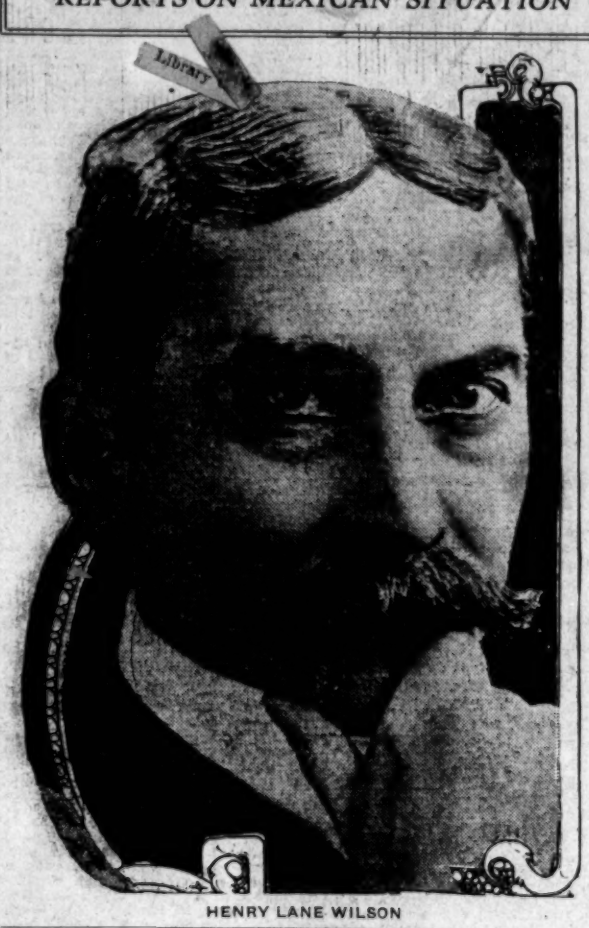
Constitutionalist representatives here exhibited a lively interest in Ambassador's Wilson's utterances, declaring that some of the things he was reported to have said in interviews about the Mexican people were offensive and would make it impossible for him to return as ambassador.

Ambassador's Plans Unknown.

The ambassador was in the dark

(Continued on Page Eight.)

REPORTS ON MEXICAN SITUATION



HENRY LANE WILSON

American Inspector Shot By Mexican Federal Soldiers

El Paso, Texas, July 26.—Charles B. Dixon, of San Diego, United States immigration inspector, was given "Ley Fuega" by Mexican Federal soldiers today. He was shot in the back and may die.

Dixon was in Juarez on official business, investigating a white slave case when he was arrested by a band of Federals, who started marching him away from the city in the direction of the foot hills where many executions have occurred. Dixon started to run and after getting a block away was fired on and hit in the back.

Dixon's father lives in Wharton, Texas. He made a statement this afternoon in Juarez, to American officials, that he believed the Mexicans were marching him out to shoot him when he ran. He says the Mexican soldiers were drunk.

Dixon was sent by a superior to Juarez to see a negro in connection with a white slave case that was being probed here. He says he believes the negro bought drinks for the soldiers and induced them to arrest him.

"I told the soldiers I would go with them to the commandant's office," Dixon said this afternoon, "but instead of taking me in that direction, t hey started with me toward the outskirts of the town. As I had on a suit of khaki, I thought they had mistaken me for a United States soldier acting as a spy, so I ran and they shot me after I had gotten about a half block away from them."

Dr. H. J. Tappen, of the immigration service in El Paso, went to Juarez and treated Dixon. He found Dixon shot in the small of the back, the ball going completely through his body and coming out through his stomach. It did not strike the spine.

F. W. Berkshire, supervising inspector of the United States Immigration Service, on the Mexican border, at once went to Juarez accompanied by Clarence Gatley, an inspector, to look after Dixon. Both were arrested and detained at the military barracks for a short time, but later were released. They took the matter up with Miguel Diebold, inspector of Mexican consulates in El Paso, with a view of having Dixon removed to El Paso.

Immigration men claimed a mulatto lieutenant in the Federal army in Juarez, a friend of the negro under investigation, was instrumental in causing the arrest and the shooting.

Ordinarily United States immigration men are permitted to work in Juarez under an agreement with Juarez officials.

"Serious Case," Says Bryan

Washington, July 26.—"It looks like a serious case. We will do whatever is necessary," said Secretary Bryan tonight in commenting on the shooting of Dixon. He telegraphed American Consul Edwards for an immediate investigation.

Secretary Bryan was at his office in the State Department when he received a brief message from Consul Edwards advising him of the shooting. He also was shown the press dispatches and manifested keen interest in the situation. President Wilson was advised of the incident, but made no comment.

While immigration officials on the border frequently have had trouble with Mexicans, officials being detained until their identity could be established, no incident so serious as the affair at Juarez could be recalled tonight in official circles. It was pointed out that strict orders often have been issued to keep American soldiers off duty from going into the Mexican towns just across the international line, in times of revolutionary disturbances, and that little difficulty had been experienced.

It was apparent that the State Department would call upon the de facto government in Mexico City whose troops are garrisoned in Juarez, to punish the offenders, though no one would authorize any statement of the course to be pursued.

PARCEL POST CHANGES.

Bill to Repeal Power of Postmaster General Postponed.

Washington, July 26.—Final action on Senator Bryan's bill to repeal the power of the Postmaster General to change parcel post rates and the size of mailable packages was today postponed until Monday by the Senate Postoffice committee. The changes will go into effect, however, August 15th.

SAILORS LAND AT SHANGHAI

Reports Say Fu Chow Has Fallen to Northern Forces—Foreigners at Ku Ling Appeal for Protection.

Shanghai, July 26.—The landing of sailors from foreign warships at this city today has greatly relieved the foreigners and better class of Chinese, and the country people are beginning to return to their homes.

The country districts around Shanghai present a retrospect of desolation. Villages have been burned and crops ruined. Decomposed bodies are lying everywhere. Philanthropic organizations are caring for the refugees, thousands of whom still are camping in the streets here.

The forces manning the Wu Sung forts went over to the government yesterday, but on the same evening they rejoined the rebels. The commanding general fled and the 3,000 troops elected a new leader who declares he will not participate in the fighting until attacked. A special train is being kept in readiness to remove foreigners from Wu Sung, if the situation makes it advisable. All was quiet around the arsenal today.

The bombardment which it received from the government forces yesterday seemed to have removed the rebels who now are concentrated in the neighborhood of Chapai, north of Shanghai.

Peace Propositions.

Peace propositions are under discussion here between the two parties. Dr. Wu Ting Fang, formerly Chinese minister to the United States, is the most prominent among the intermediaries, but it is doubted here whether he is authorized by provisional President Yuan Shi Kai. The country people and the workmen at the arsenal are regaining confidence and returning to their work.

Blue Jackets Land.

Some blue jackets were landed here this morning at the request of the municipal authorities and the foreign consuls with the object of scattering the rebel forces in the country and suburbs surrounding Shanghai. A cordon of pickets was at once stationed around the foreign settlement and at each end of the Suchow creek, at the limits of the settlement to prevent the passage of the rebels. In response to an appeal from the residents of Chapai, a northern suburb, the municipal police sent officers there to take command.

A proclamation was issued by the municipal authorities notifying the belligerents and all actively associated with the revolt that the foreign settlement had been closed to them.

Fo Kien Province Depressed.

Fu Chow, China, July 26.—The defeat of the Southern revolutionary troops at Shanghai seems to have

(Continued on Page Eight.)

CHANGE ORIGINAL DRAFT OF TREATY

Important Modifications to Be Made in Pact With Nicaragua

UNEXPECTED TURN OF AFFAIRS

Plan Proposed by Bryan Would Have Prevented the Formation of a Single Central American Union.

Washington, July 26.—Important modifications are to be made in the proposed treaty with Nicaragua by which the United States would establish a protectorate over the Southern Republic. It has been discovered that by the terms of the agreement originally outlined by Secretary Bryan, Nicaragua would have been prevented from ever joining with other republics to form a single Central American union.

This was not contemplated by the administration when the treaty was proposed, and the suggestion has created suspicion among other Central American countries. At a conference today between Secretary Bryan and members of the Senate Foreign Relations committee, it was agreed that the original draft of the treaty should be changed and definite statements be included in the compact, providing that it should not stand in the way of any future action Nicaragua might decide to take toward joining a Central American commission.

The Situation Peculiar.

Secretary Bryan assured the commission today that the government was making no direct proposals to other Central American countries for similar treaties. The Nicaraguan situation was peculiar, he said, because that country proposed the negotiations and asked for the establishment of the American protectorate. In the case of other countries the United States is "holding itself open" to treat with them, if the suggestion comes from their governments. The United States will not adopt an aggressive attitude, Secretary Bryan said, in attempting to negotiate any additional treaties.

The Proposed Treaty.

The unexpected turn given to the Nicaraguan matter resulted from the fact that Secretary Bryan had incorporated in the treaty the general terms of the so-called Platt Amendment relating to Cuba.

Among other things, the treaty would stipulate: "That the government of Nicaragua shall never enter into any treaty or other compact with any foreign power or powers which will impair or tend to impair the independence of Nicaragua."

Another section would provide: "That the government of Nicaragua consents that the United States may exercise the right to intervene for the preservation of Nicaraguan independence."

"The United States has no intention of preventing a Central American Union, it is understood and will modify the rigid language of the proposed treaty, to make this clear.

The Senate committee proposed to go over the treaty in detail next week and will recommend other amendments, chief among which, it is understood, will be one designed to protect the United States against any obligation for the outstanding debts of Nicaragua. A further conference with Secretary Bryan will be held Tuesday.

SENATOR FLETCHER RETURNS.

From Three Months' Study of Rural Conditions in Foreign Countries.

Washington, July 26.—Senator Fletcher, of Florida, chairman of the American committee on Agriculture and Co-operation, which has just returned from a three months' study of conditions in foreign countries, announced tonight the commission had perfected plans to digest and compile the information obtained. Permanent headquarters will be opened immediately here, and the entire commission will assemble in November to pass upon a final report. This will be sent to Congress, to the Governors of States, to the officials of the Canadian government, and to the Southern Commercial Congress.

"The commission is deeply impressed with the vital importance of a thoroughly organized and united rural population. In this respect the countries of Europe offer a lesson which may not long be disregarded in America without serious consequences," said Mr. Fletcher.

OUTLINES

Charles B. Dixon, United States Immigration inspector, shot by Mexican Federal soldiers at Juarez.

Important modifications are to be made in the proposed treaty with Nicaragua by the United States.

Washington officials are considering the report of Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson on the situation in Mexico.

The threatened strike of 80,000 trainmen and conductors was averted by the signing of articles agreeing to arbitrate.

Landing of sailors from foreign warships at Shanghai has greatly relieved foreigners and the better class of natives.

Rapid progress was made by Senators considering the Underwood-Simmons tariff bill. Minority members tire of fruitless efforts to amend the measure. Chemical schedule approved practically without change.

New York markets: Money on call nominal; no loans. Turpentine steady. Rosin quiet. Flour quiet. Wheat easy. Corn firm. Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands 11.95; middling gulf 12.20; sales none.

SMOOTH SAILING FOR TARIFF BILL

Minority Members Tire of Fruitless Efforts to Amend the Measure

APPROVE CHEMICAL SCHEDULE

Long Hours of Orthodox Tariff Discussion Not Without Results—Useless to Offer Amendments, Says Lodge

Washington, July 26.—After several hours of long, orthodox tariff discussion in the Senate today, during which the Republicans were consistently defeated on amendments, the minority leaders began to tire of fruitless efforts to amend the bill, and rapid progress was made. The chemical schedule practically was approved without change when the Senate adjourned.

On protesting against the heavy cut on the duty of whiting, Senator Lodge declared he knew it was useless to offer amendments. He also protested against the duty on lithopone, saying he would not uselessly delay the Senate by offering an amendment.

All Amendments Downed

Senator Smoot also refrained from offering certain amendments, saying:

"I will not offer an amendment because I see it will do no good.

All the paragraphs of the chemical schedule were approved with the exception of those referring to barytes and lead products, which were passed over by request.

Senator Lippitt today had referred to the Senate Lobby Investigating committee a published interview with Chairman Downing, of the New York Association Tariff committee, in which it was claimed that the association's committee had much to do with modification of administrative features of the tariff bill by the Senate Finance committee. Chairman Simmons, of the Finance committee, said he never had heard of Downing.

The Chemical Schedule

When the Senate resumed consideration of the chemical schedule Senator Lodge moved to strike the duty off peanut oil, saying it was used largely in the manufacture of butterine, was a valuable substitute for butter and should not be taxed.

Senator Sherman, of Illinois, also protested against the duty for the same reason.

"The poor man's butter," he said, "should not be taxed. Keep in this duty and you tax the mine worker of Illinois,, who cannot buy butter at 40 cents a pound, but who pays 16 to 18 cents a pound for butterine. I'm talking for the mine workers."

Senator Lodge's proposal to strike duty on peanut oil was tabled by a vote of 47 to 22.

Senators Clapp, Borah, Kenyon, Cummins, Gronna and Poindexter voted with the Democrats.

Senator Burton's amendment to restore to the free list almond oil and bean oil was rejected. Senators Poindexter and Borah voted with the Democrats against the amendment.

The Works amendment to increase the duty on olive oil was defeated 23 to 44. Senators Bristow, Borah, Gronna, Kenyon, LaFollette and Norris, voted with the Democrats against the increase.

The Bulgarian Monarch

RUSSIAN PROPOSAL FAILS

Germany and the Allies Decline to Join in Proposed Naval Demonstration Off the Coast at Constantinople.

London, July 26.—The proposal made by the Russian government that a joint naval demonstration be made off Constantinople to coincide with the mobilization of Russian troops in the Southwestern provinces, has been abandoned. Germany flatly declined to consider the plan, and Russia's allies, Great Britain and France, replied evasively.

Russia is unable to assume the task single-handed of bringing pressure to bear on the Turks in Europe, and she is unwilling to do so in Asia Minor, realizing that such a course would encourage an Armenian uprising which would only further complicate the Turkish problem. Owing to the break down of the European concert, Russia sees no hope of arresting the Turks by force. No military or naval preparations are proceeding at present.

Russia, however, may land a force at Burgas, 76 miles northeast, of Russian subjects, if the Turks march in that direction.

At a council of ministers today, it was agreed that the Russian government had done its utmost to avert further bloodshed in the Balkans, and that if the progress of the military operations led to wholesale massacres in that region, the responsibility would rest on the other powers.

The Russian policy, it is understood, is now concerned with patching up a new Balkan league, including Rumania, as the means of arresting the Turkish advance.

Bucharest, Rumania, July 28.—The peace delegates of Servia, Greece and Montenegro left Belgrade this morning. They will arrive here on Monday, when they will be joined by Premier Venezelos, of Greece, and the Bulgarian plenipotentiaries. It is hoped in official circles that terms of peace will be arranged as soon as the

(Continued on Page Eight.)

Eighty Thousand Trainmen Agree to Arbitrate Under Newlands Act

New York, July 26.—The threatened strike of 80,000 conductors and trainmen of 45 Eastern railroads for higher wages and improved working conditions will not be called. Articles of agreement to arbitrate, under the Newlands act, the questions at issue, were signed today by the employees' representatives and conference committee of railroad managers.

The agreement was not reached until the managers had withdrawn the proposal that their own grievances against the men also should be arbitrated. This claim, the managers announced today, they had relinquished, to "protect the public" from a tie-up, which they said the employees intended to force if the railroads persisted in pressing their point.

Today's peaceful outcome of the dispute was the result of efforts made by the board of mediation and conciliation recently created in the hurriedly passed Newlands act, to meet the situation. The board, consisting of Judge William Lea Chambers, Judge Martin A. Knapp and G. W. Hanger, brought about today's agreement after conferences with the disputants, which continued more than a week.

With the elimination of the eight grievances for which the railroads desired consideration, the articles of arbitration comprise without alteration the sixteen original demands presented by the conductors and trainmen.

The only point gained by the railroads was the provision that the award of the board of arbitration, to be constituted later of six members shall take effect October 1, next, instead of May 1st, the date required by the employees.

The articles were signed on behalf of the men by W. G. Lee president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, and A. B. Gerrelson, president of the Order of Railway Conductors, and for the railroads by Elisha Lee, chairman of the conference committee of Railroad Managers. The members of the mediation board returned tonight to Washington, wheer they will report to President Wilson.

Following Chairman Lee's statement today that the railroads waived their claims against the men, in order to "protect the public," President Lee, of the trainmen, presented to the mediators a letter setting forth his views concerning the employees' demand that the railroads' grievances should not be arbitrated.

"Proposals were submitted to each of the Eastern railroads about January 6th, 1913," President Lee's letter read in part, "and the roads authorized the managers' conference committee to represent them on those propositions, and, so far as we were advised, on nothing else. In all the negotiations up to the enactment of the Newlands act there was no suggestion by the managers that other matters would be introduced for settlement. Meantime, a movement for a change in the Erdman act had been participated in by both parties, the amending bill was prepared and introduced in the Senate There was a hearing of it before a joint committee of the Senate and House, the railroads, and the organization being represented. A few days after the bill passed the Senate and was pending in the House, a conference was held with President Wilson, at which the same interests were more largely represented.

"Neither at the joint committee hearing nor at the White House conference was there any hint of the railroads' intention to bring up other questions for arbitration. Not until July 16th, the day after passage of the Newlands bill, was there any new grounds of disagreement introduced by the railroads.

"There never has been a time when we had even the remotest idea that the law governing arbitration was enacted for the benefit only of the employees. On the contrary, we recognize the right of the railroads to invoke its provisions at the proper time and in the proper manner, but we will not concede the employer a right to sweep aside the prescribed method of presenting grievances."

Washington, July 26.—The Senate Foreign Relations committee today agreed to report for confirmation the appointment of Joseph E. Willard of Virginia, as minister to Spain.

RAILROADS OFFER RATE REDUCTION

Would Cut Freight Charges 25 Percent in Winston-Newbern Zone

COMMISSION DOESN'T APPROVE

Final Result of Old Point Conference With Traffic Managers Not Entirely Satisfactory to the State Officials

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., July 26.—Returning to Raleigh this evening from the four days' conference with railroad traffic managers at Old Point Comfort, Va., members of the Corporation Commission gave out a statement tonight to the effect that the conference had not resulted in such complete agreement as to freight rate reduction as that the proposed adjustment will be presented to Governor Craig with recommendation that it be accepted, but did result in such concessions that the commission will present the result to the Governor for his consideration.

The commission's statement says:

"At the last conference in the office of the Governor the commission insisted that the proposition of through rates represented by the rate from the Virginia cities should be reduced 25 per cent, and presented a basis for working out the new rates that would approach that average.

"At the conference this week this basis was finally accepted by the carriers with some modifications, resulting in a scale of proposed rates to the Winston-Newbern zone 20 per cent less than present rates as a general average of the class rates, and with the larger percentage of reductions on the classes in which the heaviest traffic is handled, so that it is expected that the reductions as applied to actual traffic moving will closely approach 25 per cent. The most important commodities in volume handled from the West are grain and grain products and under the scale now agreed to by the carriers, the classes under which they are handled would be reduced 28 per cent.

"The same reduction in cents per one hundred pounds would apply to other zones except right near the northern and southern State lines, and west of Statesville, rates to these points being worked on a somewhat different basis. The railroads did not concede the position of the commission that Statesville rates should be the maximum for all points west of Statesville.

"The result in detail will not be announced until they are presented in formal report to the Governor and as there are a number of important matters connected with it yet to be worked out, it will be some days before it can be rounded out as a whole for the final report."

CONGRESS CONDENSED

Brief Summary of the Proceedings in the House and Senate

Washington, D. C., July 26.—

Senate:

Tariff debate continued.

Secretary Bryan conferred with Foreign Relation committee on proposed Nicaraguan treaty.

Lobby committee in recess until Monday.

Foreign Relations committee favorably reported nominations of ambassadors to Germany and Austria and minister to Ecuador; Senate agreed to report favorably that of minister to Spain.

Senator Clapp proposed amendment to Aldrich-Vreeland law to permit emergency currency under it to circulate for three months instead of one.

John W. Davis, of West Virginia, was nominated as solicitor general.

Postoffice committee postponed until Monday action on Bryan bill to repeal power of postmaster general to change parcel rates and regulations.

Adjourned at 5:27 P. M. until noon Monday.

House:

Met at noon.

W. J. Boland told territories committee two groups of capitalists were prepared to finance railroad in Alaska.

Adjourned at 12:04 P. M. until noon Monday.

"CONFERENCE OF JUDGES"

Former President Taft and Attorney General McReynolds to Speak

Norfolk, Va., July 26.—Thomas W. Shelton, chairman of the Judiciary committee of the American Bar Association, today announced the acceptance of ex-President Taft and Attorney General McReynolds of invitations to address the "Conference of Judges" to be held in conjunction with the Bar Association at Montreal on July 30th. The "Conference of Judges" will be composed of the chief justices of the highest appellate courts of each State, the senior circuit judge of each Federal circuit and the chief justice of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia.

W. G. McLAUGHLIN DEAD.

For Three Terms Member of Legislature from Mecklenburg.

Charlotte, N. C., July 26.—W. G. McLaughlin, member of the Legislature from Mecklenburg county for three terms, died suddenly at his home, near this city, today, aged 55 years. His death will necessitate the holding of a special election in Mecklenburg county, to take his place as a member of the special session of the Legislature, which has been called to convene September 24th.

NEW MAP of N. & S. Carolina sent postpaid for $1. SOUTHERN MAP CO. (advertisement.) 6t

HOW GREAT MEN PLAY THE GAME -:- By Scar

HE OUTWITS PITCHERS AND PULLS IN THE INFIELD BY MAKING 'EM THINK HE'S GOING TO BUNT, THEN SUDDENLY SHIFTS FOR A LONG DRIVE
ON THE BASES HE DEPENDS ON HIS ABILITY TO OUTGUESS THE PITCHERS AND IT WORKS
Ty COBB
DETROIT TIGERS
COBB STRETCHES SINGLES INTO DOUBLES BY KIDDING THE INFIELD AND GETTING THEM RATTLED AS HE MARATHONS ALONG "AS IT WERE"
AND DID YOU EVER NOTICE? HE BUYS ALL THE PAPERS IN TOWN AFTER THE GAME

NATIONALS MOVE WESTWARD

Giants Dropped First Game on Western Jaunt While Phillies Won. Dodgers and Braves Won at Cincinnati and Chicago.

The Giants started their invasion of the West yesterday under very unflattering auspices, dropping the first game at St. Louis by a 7 to 0 score, allowing the Phillies to ease up a game on them. Crandall was very loose, allowing the Cardinals a total of 14 hits, while Slim Sallee pitched air tight ball for the Cardinals.

The Boston Braves opened in the Windy City with a win over the Chicago Cubs, the count being 2 to 1. Rudolph held the Cubs to six hits, and was backed by perfect support.

The Phillies with Grover Cleveland Alexander on the mound, defeated the Pittsburg Pirates in the first game of the series, 8 to 2.

The Cincinnati Reds on their return home from their Eastern trip, met defeat at the hands of the Brooklyn Dodgers, score 8 to 2.

Crandall Drops His.

St. Louis, July 26.—With Sallee pitching air tight ball all the way and New York fielding poorly, St. Louis won today 7 to 0.

New York	000	000	000	0	3	4
St. Louis	000	003	04x	7	14	0

Crandall and Meyers; Sallee and Wingo; time 1:40; umpires Brennan and Eason.

Phillies Won Again.

Pittsburg, July 26.—Although Alexander allowed Pittsburg men to get on bases this afternoon, he controlled himself at critical times, allowing Pittsburg to score only two runs. Philadelphia won easily 8 to 2.

Philadelphia	220	002	200	8	13	3
Pittsburg	010	000	010	2	9	1

Alexander and Killifer; Adams, McQuillan, Robinson, Simon and Coleman; time 1:40; umpires Rigler and Byron.

Reds Open With Defeat.

Cincinnati, July 26.—Cincinnati returned home from its Eastern trip today and was defeated by Brooklyn 8 to 2.

Brooklyn	210	000	023	8	14	1
Cincinnati	010	000	001	2	6	3

Allen and Miller; Johnson, Suggs and Kling; time 1:48; umpires O'Day and Emslie.

Braves Defeated Cubs.

Chicago, July 26.—Pitcher Rudolph held Chicago to six scattered hits and pitched good ball in the pinches with perfect fielding to help him and Boston defeated Chicago 2 to 1.

Boston	000	101	000	2	6	0
Chicago	100	000	000	1	6	1

Rudolph and Brown; Overall and Archer; time 2:15; umpires Klem and Orth.

M'LOUGHLIN'S VICTORY

United States Tennis Team Leads by Two Matches

Wimbledon, Eng., July 26.—As the result of today's victory by Maurice E. McLoughlin, of San Francisco, and Harold H. Hackett, of New York, over H. Roper Barrett and C. P. Dixon, in the doubles match, the United States team leads by two matches to one in the struggle for the possession of the Dwight F. Davis international lawn tennis trophy and requires only one more victory in the two remaining singles matches to carry off the cup.

Carolina Beach—15 Cents.
To the Pier and Return. Steamer Wilmington leaves at 7:30 tonight.
(advertisement.)

:. STANDING OF THE TEAMS .:

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	65	28	.699
Cleveland	56	38	.596
Washington	54	39	.581
Chicago	51	47	.520
Boston	44	46	.489
Detroit	40	58	.408
St. Louis	38	58	.396
New York	29	60	.326

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won.	Lost.	P.C
New York	61	27	.693
Philadelphia	51	35	.593
Chicago	46	44	.511
Pittsburgh	45	44	.506
Brooklyn	40	43	.482
Boston	38	49	.437
St. Louis	36	54	.400
Cincinnati	35	57	.380

RESULTS YESTERDAY

At Philadelphia 2; Detroit 6.
At Washington 6; St. Louis 5.
2nd: Washington 6; St. Louis 0.
At Boston 4; Chicago 1.
At New York 4; Cleveland 3.

At Pittsburgh 2; Philadelphia 8.
At Cincinnati 2; Brooklyn 8.
At Chicago 1; Boston 2.
At St. Louis 7; New York 0.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

No games scheduled.

Boston at Chicago.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati.
New York at St. Louis (2).

CAROLINA LEAGUE

Results Yesterday

At Winston 2; Durham 1.
At Asheville 15; Charlotte 2.
2nd: Ashiville 2; Charlotte 1.
At Raleigh 6; Greensboro 0.
2nd: Raleigh 1; Greensboro 0.

Standing of the Teams

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Winston	46	29	.582
Durham	44	36	.550
Asheville	43	36	.544
Raleigh	42	38	.525
Charlotte	32	46	.410
Greensboro	31	49	.388

NEW GOLF CHAMPION.

Warren K. Wood Takes Honors in Western Association.

Chicago, July 26.—Warren K. Wood, of Homewood, is the new Western golf champion. He defeated E. P. Allis, III, of Milwaukee, 4 and 3 in the finals of the Western Golf Association tournament played over the links of the Homewood Country Club today.

Allis, one of the youngest players in the tournament, has the championship of Wisconsin to his credit and took the measure of such redoubtable golfers as former Western champion Charles Evans, Jr., and former National champion, Robert A. Gardner, of Hinsdale, in the present tournameant. He gained notice at the opening by making a 300-yard hole in one.

Allis' hopes went out at the 29th hole. He was three down. He had far the better of the drive and for his second bounced his ball off the flagstaff with a splendid 200-yard cleek shot. Wood put his second on the green from a bad lie in a clump of trees. Allis missed an easy putt for the hole and lost the next hole by slicing his drive into the rough and putting his second over the green while Wood laid his approach dead to the flag. Allis tried hard to win another hole, but Wood held him to halves and the match ended with 33rd green.

Charles Evans, Jr., took the gold medal for low score in the qualifying rounds, turning in 78-73—151.

If headaches follow reading, glasses will end the eyestrain that causes the headaches. Let us examine your eyes. Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. Eyes tested free. (advertisement.)

IN THE MINORS

South Atlantic League.

At Macon 3; Columbus 1.
At Jacksonville 2; Charleston 1.
At Savannah 21; Albany 1.

Southern League.

At Memphis 4; Birmingham 1.
At New Orleans 5; Nashville 2.
2nd; New Orleans 2; Nashville 0.
At Montgomery 2; Atlanta 0.
2nd: Montgomery 3; Atlanta 2.
At Mobile 9; Chattanooga 2.

Virginia League.

At Petersburg 3; Norfolk 1.
2nd: Petersburg 1; Norfolk 0.
At Richmond 8; Portsmouth 1.
2nd; Richmond 1; Portsmouth 0.
At Newport News 0; Roanoke 8.
2nd: Newport News 0; Roanoke 5.

Appalachian League.

At Bristol 6; Middlesboro 2.
At Knoxville 5; Rome 4.
At Johnson City 1; Morristown 6.

International League.

At Buffalo 2; Providence 5.
2nd: Buffalo 4; Providence 5.
At Rochester 7; Jersey City 5.
2nd: Rochester 7; Jersey City 6.
At Toronto 4; Newark 9.
2nd: Toronto 5; Newark 6.
At Montreal 0; Baltimore 4.

American Association.

At Milwaukee 12; Kansas City 3.
At Minneapolis 8; St. Paul 4.
At Indianapolis 6; Columbus 1.
At Toledo 3; Louisville 2.

ATHLETICS SECURE CORBETT.

Wilmington Boy Will Become Member of Mack's Aggregation.

It is of interest to the many enthusiastic baseball fans to learn that a Wilmington boy will soon become a member of the Philadelphia Athletics, Connie Mack's famous aggregation of ball players. He is Mr. Irving Corbett, son of Mr. M. J. Corbett, a well known business man of Wilmington. It is probable that he will report for duty on September 1st. The following from the Raleigh Evening Times will also be of interest:

"Ever on the lookout for promising youngsters, Connie Mack, pilot of the Philadelphia Athletics, has set his net in North Carolina and caught Irvin Corbett, of Wilmington.

"Corbett is a young pitcher who needs only experience under a wise coach to fit him for the big show. Last season he bore the brunt of the boxwork for the Georgetown Preps and it was there that Mack heard of him. Corbett is well known in Eastern Carolina baseball circles, however, having pitched for the Coast Line team in Wilmington and for other amateur aggregations in that vicinity.

"The University of North Carolina team fell before the prowess of the Wilmington boy, pitching for the Coast Line team, last Spring and Fort Caswell has often found him a puzzle.

"The new Athletic recruit is 18 years old and extends six feet and two inches above ground. He will report to Mack on September 1st. Corbett's father is one of the best known business men of Wilmington, being president of the Chamber of Commerce and vice president of the Murchison National Bank."

You Can Stop a Carbuncle or Boil After it begins to form, by using DR. PORTER'S ANTISEPTIC HEALING OIL. 25c, 50c, $1.00.
(advertisement.)

At the Beach Today.

Concerts at hotels; concerts at Lumina 11:00 A. M., 3:30 and 8:30 P. M. Surf bathing. (advertisement.)

GRIFFITH'S BOAST NO DREAM

Senators Took Two Games From Browns While Athletics and Naps Lost—Collins Won for Champs—Yanks Won

Clarke Griffith's boast of a week ago that he had strong hopes of being in the race to a finish for the American League bunting, received substantial backing yesterday afternoon, when his Senators won two straight games from the St. Louis Browns, the Nationals' first double-header of the season won at home, while the Cleveland Naps and the Athletics both were defeated in their arguments along the same line. Joe Engel pitched a remarkable game in the second contest of the afternoon, allowing only two hits, both singles, not a man reaching third base until the ninth inning. The Senators are now 15 points removed from second place, or one and a half games, and are ten and a half games behind the Athletics.

Bunched hits in two innings off Plank and Houck, gave Detroit a victory over the Athletics, score six to two, Bush, Barry and Veach starring with sensational plays in the field.

Ray Collins was the chief alibi for the world champions dropping yesterday's game at home, Collins having brought in a four to one victory with his three-base hit in the second inning with the bases congested.

The New York Yankees, by a stirring ninth-inning rally which netted them two tallies, won from the Cleveland Naps four to three, it being New York's first home victory over Cleveland of the season.

Senatort Take Two

Washington, July 26.—Washington won its first double-header of the year here today, defeating St. Louis 6 to 5 and 6 to 0. Engle pitched a splendid game in the second, yielding St. Louis but two singles. Not a man reached third until the ninth.

St. Louis	030	000	020	5	12	2
Washington	100	003	20x	6	10	0

Baumgardner and McAllister, Alexander; Groom, Hughes and Henry. Time 2:17. Umpires, Ferguson and Connolly.

Second game—

St. Louis	000	000	000	0	2	2
Washington	100	030	02x	6	7	0

Hamilton and Alexander; Engel and Henry. Time 1:34. Umpires, Connolly and Ferguson.

Athletics Drop Another

Philadelphia, July 26.—Bunched hits in two innings gave Detroit a victory over Philadelphia here today 6 to 2. Bush, Barry and Veach made star plays.

Detroit	003	000	030	6	10	0
Philadelphia	002	000	000	2	12	3

Willett and Stanage; Plank, Houck and Lapp, Thomas. Time 2:05. Umpires, Evans and Hildebrand.

Collins Won for Champs

Boston, July 26.—Besides holding Chicago to five scattered hits today, Ray Collins brought a 4 to 1 victory to Boston by a smashing three-base hit in the second with the bases filled.

Chicago	000	000	001	1	5	2
Boston	040	000	00x	4	6	2

Russell, O'Brien and Schalk; R. Collins and Carrigan. Time 1:44. Umpires, O'Loughlin and Sheridan.

Yanks Won a Game

New York, July 26.—In a stirring ninth-inning rally today New York came from behind and won from Cleveland 4 to 3. It was New York's first home victory of the year from Cleveland.

New York	010	100	002	4	9	1
Cleveland	010	101	000	3	10	1

Blanding and O'Neil; Ford, Schulz and Gossett, Sweeney. Time 2:47. Umpires, Dineen and Egan.

RECORD ESTABLISHED

Virginia League Twirler Pitches Two Shut-out Games

Roanoke, Va., July 26.—Bert Gardin, of the Roanoke baseball club, today established a Virginia League record, pitching two shut-out games against Newport News, allowing 12 hits in the 18 innings and walking but one man, striking out nine batters.

EVERGLADE CAFE
Open Day and Night.
"Look for the Name"—At Street Car Junction.
REGULAR MEALS:
Dinner ....35 cents
Supper or breakfast.....25 cents
All sea foods carried. All other things in season. Largest and most up-to-date cafe in city.
SHEPARD BROTHERS, Proprietors.
Phone 158 13 Princess St.

THE PITCHING RECORDS

Records to Date of Leaders and Laggards in the Big Show

It is youth versus age in the pitching battles in the two major league circuits. In the American it is a youngster—Letty Boehling, who is showing the way to the other stars of the circuit, while in the National, a veteran, Tom Seaton, is out in front by a comfortable margin.

Boehling, of the Washington club, in getting his name as leading flinger in the American League, has been in but 11 games, where he gets the credit one way or another, but he has won all these battles, and his percentage is 1,000. There are several veterans, including Walter Johnson, Eddie Plank, Chief Bender and Cy Falkenberg, who have worked many more battles than Boehling and have good averages. All are pitching the most jam-up ball possible, but they can't better 11 successive wins.

Al Demaree is the only young star in the National circuit who is anywhere near the mark set by a bunch of old-timers. It is Seaton, Humphries, Mathewson, Cheney and Robinson, all of whom have been in the big show for many seasons, who are putting up the pace. Demaree has seven wins and two defeats, being tied with Humphries for second place.

Houch, Connie Mack's young hurler, who is showing such promise, is the wildest in either league. He has walked 84 batters in the 102 innings he has hurled. In the National League, Jamie Lavender, the Georgia boy with the Cubs, is the worst offender at this end of the game, with 72 walks in 116 innings. Tesreau, of the Giants, is another great pass issuer, with 67 walks in 154 rounds. Brown, another Mack youngster, is second among the American Leaguers with 70 walks in 139 innings.

At allowing runs, Willett, of Detroit, and Groom, of Washington, are the candy kids. In 132 innings Willett has allowed 81 batters to cross the divide, and Groom in 150 rounds has given up 80 scores. McConnell, of New York, with 71 runs in 134 rounds; Hamilton, of St. Louis, with 68 in 174 innings; Wellman, of St. Louis, with 68 in 129 innings, and Laveraz, of St. Louis with 67 in 102 innings are others off whom it is easy to tally.

NATIONAL.

Clubs	G	W	L	Pct.
Seaton, Phila.	25	14	3	.824
Demaree, N. Y.	17	7	2	.778
Humphries, Chi	15	7	2	.778
Mathewson, N. Y.	23	16	5	.762
Cheney, Chi.	31	15	6	.714
Robinson, Pitts	26	10	4	.714
Alexander, Phila	24	10	5	.667
Marquard, N. Y.	21	10	5	.667
Rixey, Phila	14	4	2	.667
Brennan, Phila	19	12	7	.632
Sallee, St. L.	28	11	7	.611
Tesreau, N. Y.	25	12	8	.600
Cooper, Pitts.	13	3	2	.600
Overall, Chi.	6	3	2	.600
Perdue, Bos.	19	10	7	.588

AMERICAN.

Clubs	G	W	L	Pct.
Boehling, Wash.	19	11	0	1,000
Johnson, Wash.	28	22	5	.808
Plank, Phila.	24	14	4	.777
Bender, Phila.	31	14	5	.737
Brown, Phila.	25	11	4	.733
Houck, Phila.	22	8	3	.727
Wood, Bos.	20	12	5	.706
Walsh, Chi.	13	7	3	.700
Gregg, Cleve.	25	16	7	.690
Falkenberg, Cleve.	23	13	6	.684
R. Collins, Bos.	17	10	5	.667
J. Bush, Phila.	22	9	5	.643
Russell, Chi.	30	14	8	.636
Lake, Detroit	21	7	4	.636
Blanding, Cleve.	23	7	4	.636

DAY OF UPSETS

In Semi-Final Rounds of Lawn Tennis Matches

Boston, July 26.—This was a day of upsets in the semi-final rounds of the Eastern doubles championship and all-comers' singles lawn tennis matches.

Perhaps the most prominent individual in the day's play was young William Johnston, of San Francisco, who vanquished the veteran William J. Clothier, of Philadelphia, former National champion. The match required five sets, 4-6, 5-7, 7-5, 6-0, 8-6.

Another surprise was the elimination in the doubles of Beals C. Wright and William A. Larned by Gustav F. Touchard, and W. M. Washburn, the score being 2-6, 1-6, 8-6, 6-4, 6-3.

Still another upset was the defeat in the morning of N. W. Niles, of Boston, by G. P. Gardner, Jr., also of this city. The score was 6-8, 6-2, 6-2, 6-3.

The second semi-final in the doubles tournament was won by Niles and A. S. Dabney, of Boston, against H. R. Scott and S. L. Beals at 11-9, 6-2, 6-1.

Carolina Beach—15 Cents.
To the Pier and Return. Steamer Wilmington leaves at 7:30 tonight.
(advertisement.)

New lot rubber sole tan oxfords just received. Hewlett & Price.
(advertisement.)

"MACK'S" WEEKLY SPORT LETTER.

Written Especially for The Star by Joe MacKenzie, One of New York's Leading Sport Writers.

New York, July 26, 1913.—Big league scouts are bewailing the scarcity of eligibles for future greatness.

They have beaten the "bush" from Canada to Cuba and from Maine to California, and, while here and there a man worthy of a trial in the big leagues has been spotted, in almost every instance it has been found that the object of their admiration is sewed up tight by some rival club for later delivery. The chief complaint of the scouts is of a scarcity of promising young pitchers.

Can it be that the scouts combed the field so thoroughly last year that they themselves are responsible for the conditions they bemoan? Taking a look over the youngsters now cavorting on major league diamonds, we find evidence in abundance to indicate that such is the state of affairs.

Many youthful players have bobbed up into the spotlight of stardom since the 1913 season got under way, more than for a number of seasons back.

An even dozen youngsters have shot forth this year as real masters of the mound—seven in the American League and five in the National. Twelve debutant twirlers who already rank close to the best of the veterans. In Ban Johnson's circuit Boehling and Engel of Washington, Russell of the White Sox, Houck and Brown of the Athletics, Keating of the Yankees and Leverenz of the Browns have made good right off the reel, while Tom Lynch's organization boasts Demaree of the Giants, Mayer of the Phillies, Rudolph and James of the Braves and Chief Johnson of the Reds.

Unless the expensive Larry Chappelle fulfills expectations, the American League will not be able to boast a single new star out-fielder though the National glories in the possession of three in Stengel of Brooklyn, Burns of New York and Kommers of Pittsburg. The older organization has also been more fortunate in developing star infilders. Viox of the Pirates, Cutshaw of Brooklyn and Groh of the Reds are crack second basemen, Maranville of Boston is a shortstop of the first calibre, Myers of the same team has made good at first and Charley Mc Donald, who leads the league in hitting, is playing a fine game for the Braves at third. Lavan of the Browns and Peckinpaugh and Midkiff of the Yankees are the best of the new gneration of American League infield talent. Catchers Gossett, a Yankee, and Howley, a member of Connie Mack's tribe, also look like the real classy goods. Several of those mentioned—for instance, Peckinpaugh, Viox, Groh and Burns—have been "on deck" for some little while, but were not given opportunities to shine as nigh class performers until this year. Altogether twenty-six players have been mentioned, each a youth rated a star. Quite a recruitment for a year, don't you think?

We'll have to hand it to Clark Griffith. A manager who will proclaim his team certain to win the pennant when such a proposition as the Athletics can barely be lamped through a telescope, so great their lead, is endowed with more than a fair share of those commodities called confidence and nerve. However, part of "Grif's" bold prophecy sounds reasonable. He predicts the Senators will leave the Naps far in the rear before many days pass, basing the prognostication on the fact that his team has been traveling a very fast pace recently. And as it looks right now, the Washington crew has a grand chance to finish above the Clevelanders. But second place is one thing and first is something else again, particularly this season.

Here's the way Griffith figures his chances for the pennant. His team has drawn a half dozen games closer to the Mackmen in the last six weeks. From a station in the second division seventeen and a half games below the leaders the Nationals have climbed steadily, and this has been accomplished with the cripples, Foster and Gandil, only half recovered. He says the team will go even faster from now on. Likewise "Grif" announces that the Athletics will come back to meet him, for, he vociferates, Bender and Plank have been worked until they are on the verge of the grand cave-in and the rest of the team will follow suit when only youngsters are left to handle the bulk of the twirling.

But, stealing stuff from the Declaration of Independence, it is the "inalienable right" of every team to enjoy a slump. The Giants fell off badly about this time last year and yet got going again and won the National League flag. Why should anyone suppose that a slump by the Athletics, rated a better team, should last any great length of time? Slanting at the situation closely, it would appear that the Athletics are better equipped to spot the Senators a dozen games, were the situation reversed, and drive down in front.

* * *

A little more of that "last stand" business is timely just at this moment, with the Phillies assailing the Pirates in Pittsburgh. Today's game is the second of the series which will conclude with next Tuesday's fracas. Fred Clarke, a "modest" manager, says the Pirates will finish second, conceding that the Giants have the race on cold storage. Fred is trying to kid somebody. His ambition is to win the pennant and what is more he believes the Pirates will beat out the men from Manhattan. But before Pittsburgh can hope to make it a race with New York the Phillies must be ousted from second place—and the present series appears a mighty opportune time to strike a blow for the cause.

* * *

The "purchase" of Larry Chappelle from the Milwaukee club of the American Association, by Charley Comiskey, of the White Sox, is looked upon as a joke by baseball men in the East who assert that "Commy" is the real owner of the Brewers, and that Mrs. Havenor is merely a figure-head. If this is true, Comiskey is a clever duck at the advertising and press agent end of the game, as well as at everything else with which he is identified. He gave out a story that Chappelle cost the Sox $13,500 in cash and two players, Outfielder Beall and a catcher to be delivered later in the season. But according to a Milwaukeean who claims to be in the know, the actual money to change hands was less than $400. The same man writes that the $5,000 "Commy" was supposed to "pay" for Catcher Ray Schalk last year was in reality about $250.

* * *

If Jake Stahl makes good on his threat of permanent retirement from baseball, there will be more than one surprised person. It is practically an established fact that the real owner of the Red Sox is none other than Ban Johnson, president of the American League. The deposing of Stahl as manager has put Jim McAleer down several pegs in his standing with the big boss, and it is on the books now for McAleer to wind up his tenure of office as club president at the end of the current season. In that event, who will succeed him? Why not Jake Stahl? Watch and see if this does not come to pass.

* * *

With the very best lightweight material to choose from California promoters have shown poor judgment in arranging matches for the near future. With Willie Ritchie, Leach Cross, Joe Rivers and Freddy Welsh, all stars, and Tommy Murphy and Ad Wolgast anxiously awaiting calls, it would seem possible to frame up several classy contests. But the best the promoters have accomplished in the matchmaking line is a bout between veteran, who has been on the down grade for a couple of years, and another one-sided looking affair between Freddy Welsh, the British champion, and Johnny Dundee, former featherweight, who is making his debut as a 133 pounder.

Baldwin defeated Cross several years ago—easily enough, too, but unfortunately for him, and the good of the game in New York, an unscrupulous referee awarded the decision to Cross on a foul. But since that time Baldwin has gone back, and Cross should have little trouble beating him in a twenty-round bout. The Welsh-Dundee match is a peculiar-looking affair from whatever angle one slants it. Dundee was a fairly fast featherweight, but couldn't hit hard enough to break an egg. What he has ever done to entitle him to a battle with the clever British champion is beyond everybody but the promoter who arranged the bout. Dundee would do better to make his debut as a lightweight in a bit slower company. While boxing is full of surprises and Johnny may spill all dope, it is too much to ask of him—to concede several pounds to Welsh. Looks as if a good beating is the best he can expect for his trouble.

MACK.

THE LEADING SWATTERS

The Ten Leading Big Stick Men in Each League for the Week Ending Last Thursday.

The American League averages for the past week show Joe Jackson, the champion swatter of the Cleveland Naps, again installed at the head of the column, displacing pitcher Caldwell, who held this position on a small margin last week. Ty. Cobb, who has been hitting them to the four corners of the lot, and outside, as well, is in second place, just five points below Jackson, and D. Murphy, of the Athletics, brings up third with five points less than Cobb. Tris Speaker still holds on to fourth position. Out of the first dozen swatters, it is noticed that the Athletics have four, and Cleveland comes next with three.

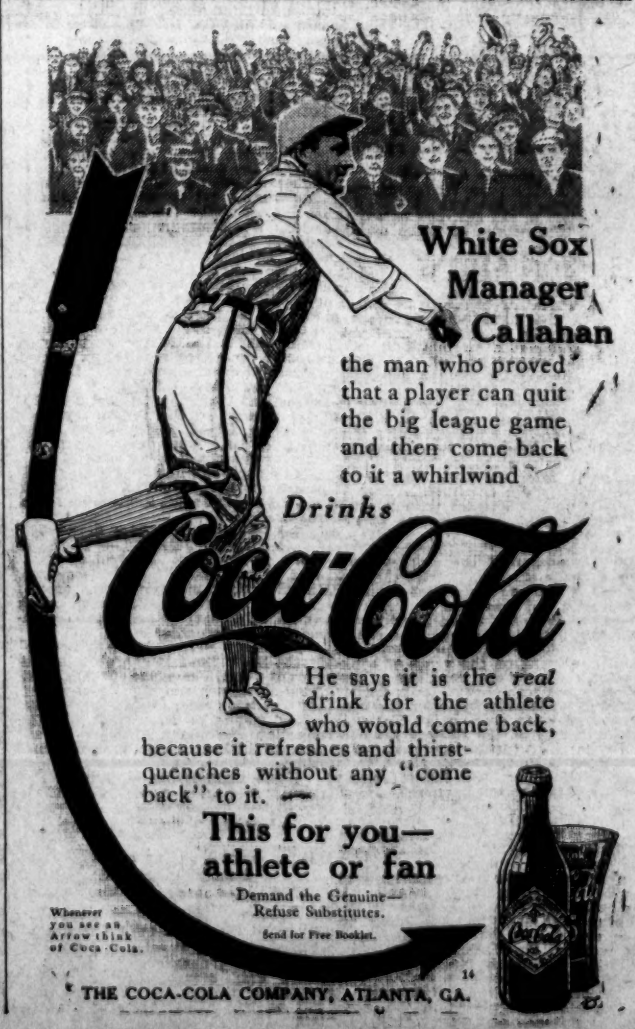
The National League developed no changes in the leadership. Yingling and McDonald, of the Braves, still holding first and second places, respectively. Jake Daubert gave way to Miller, of the Phillies, for third, he having batted his way up from fourteenth place to third in a week.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player:	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	Avg.
Jackson, Cleve	80	315	69	126	.400
Cobb, Det	66	215	39	85	.395
D. Murphy, Ath.	27	41	2	16	.390
Speaker, Bos	89	334	74	127	.380
Caldwell, N. Y.	26	22	5	8	.364
Hendrickson, Bos	28	37	7	13	.351
E. Collins, Ath	91	326	86	113	.347
Blanding, Cleve.	24	41	4	14	.341
Lajoie, Cleve	77	249	36	83	.333
McInnis, Ath	91	337	48	112	.332
Gandil, Wash	84	307	31	99	.322
Baker, Ath	91	355	74	114	.321

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player:	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	Avg.
Yingling, Bos	22	28	5	11	.393
McDonald, Bos	56	130	22	49	.377
R. Miller, Phil	45	62	5	22	.355
Daubert, B'klyn	81	297	53	103	.347
Walsh, Phila	22	26	3	9	.346
Cravath, Phila	74	256	44	86	.340
Hyatt, Pittsb	38	56	7	19	.339
W. Collins, Bos	18	3	3	1	.333
Zimmerman, Chic.	69	248	37	79	.319
Fletcher, N. Y.	75	301	41	96	.319
Viox, Pittsb	74	265	42	84	.317
Tinker, Cin	70	265	30	84	.317


White Sox Manager Callahan
the man who proved that a player can quit the big league game and then come back to it a whirlwind
Drinks
Coca-Cola
He says it is the real drink for the athlete who would come back, because it refreshes and thirst-quenches without any "come back" to it.
This for you—athlete or fan
Demand the Genuine—Refuse Substitutes.
Send for Free Booklet.
Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.
THE COCA-COLA COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

PREVATT TAKEN TO PRISON

Through Sympathy for Parents Sheriff Grants Request to Vary His Trip to Raleigh as Was Planned

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., July 26.—Barfield Prevatt, who was sentenced to a term of 15 years in the penitentiary two weeks ago for the murder of Emory McNeill last Spring was carried to Raleigh and delivered to the penitentiary officils by Sheriff Lewis Wednesday.

The manner in which the prisoner was carried way from here caused some comment among people who did not understand the situation. Instead of going from here by rail as is the custom, the sheriff, a rural policeman and the prisoner left here about 5 o'clock in the morning in an automobile for Pembroke for the purpose of boarding the train at that place instead of here. No one could understand why this was done as no one had any idea of the sheriff's having any trouble in taking his prisoner to the train, either by the prisoner's friends or others. The Star correspondent called on the sheriff after his return and asked the official why Prevatt was carried away as he was. The sheriff said that he had planned to carry the prisoner away Wednesday morning on the early train, and that at an early hour he was called on by relatives of the prisoner who stated that they had hired an automobile for the purpose and asked him if he would not do the family the favor to go and board the train at Pembroke instead of here, they bearing all expenses of the trip. Through sympathy for the father and mother, he did so. Sheriff Lewis said he would do anyone else likewise under the circumstances and believes many others would do as he did. As he says, what difference does it make whether he went by rail, by cart or automobile, so he delivered the prisoner to the proper authorities which he did as his receipt will show. It was reported that Prevatt was not handcuffed, but the sheriff says he put the cuffs on him in jail and kept them there until he delivered him inside the penitentiary, despite the fact that the family, attorneys and friends had implored him not to do so. Prevatt's father and Mr. Stephen McIntyre accompanied Sheriff Lewis and the prisoner to the penitentiary, where they say they enjoyed a good dinner.

Two of the happiest young men in all this section are Messrs. O. C. Norment and Robert Chaffin. Mr. C. M. Prevatt has purchased an automobile and enjoys nothing so much as taking his young friends to ride early and late. Messrs. Norment and Chaffin were working for the same firm 45 years ago. Mr. Norment was then 30 years old, and while we do not know Mr. Chaffin's age, appearance indicates that he is the elder of the two. Mr. Prevatt is an early riser and says since he purchased the car, Mr. Norment is generally in waiting at the barn when he arrives to feed his stock in the morning. He says Mr. Norment was formerly particular about being right on the dot at meal time, but since he "got the habit" of automobile riding he doesn't seem to care whether he eats or not. It is a great pleasure to the many friends of these two pals of the long ago to see them enjoying themselves as they evidently are at this stage of life.

Miss Dolly Powers, residing at Powersville, a few miles north of town on the V. & C. S., died Wednesday morning about 1 o'clock after an illness lasting about eight hours. She was an aunt of Mr. W. P. Barker, of Lumberton, having been the last of his father's sisters. Mrs. Powers was nearly 86 years old and one of the best Christian women who ever lived in that community. Mr. Barker visited her Tuesday and she accompanied him to the old cemetery to point out to him his father's grave. A short time after he bade her good-bye she was stricken and on Thursday she was laid to rest. The funeral services were conducted by her pastor, Rev. A. J. Groves, in the presence of a great gathering of friends and relatives. Since your correspondent's earliest recollections he has heard of the beautiful Christian life of Mrs. Dolly Powers.

A large number of colored people from this and other communities enjoyed a picnic at Seven Pines, in the northern section of town Wednesday. It was the most orderly gathering of colored people your correspondent has ever seen, not a sign of any drinking, not a fight or single unpleasant incident that anyone has heard of. Mayor White gave the visitors a cordial welcome and Mr. Frank Gough also made a nice talk which was greatly appreciated. Mr. Gough impressed them with the idea that "good order must prevail" when he armed one of the visitors with a "razzor" with a blade two feet long made of white pine. The sight of that razor may have caused more than one to get nervous. A special train brought 400 visitors from Marion, S. C. After an abundant dinner a game of baseball was witnessed by many white people as well as colored. The number attending the picnic was estimated at from 1,200 to 1,500 and, to their credit, not a single arrest was made during the day.

Some of the State papers published a report from Winston that Rev. C. H. Durham, pastor of the First Baptist church here, who recently received a call from the Brown Memorial church of Winston, would decide this week as to whether or not he would accept the call. While in conversation with Mr. Durham Thursday morning he stated that if would be ten days or two weeks yet before he would determine on what he would do.

As a matter of curiosity we would like to know whether Lumberton has or has not a dog law. Last year the poor brutes were required to wear muzzles, many of which were instruments of torture. This year they wear nothing. There are not many dogs in town now, and they have to exercise great care in eating it seems. One day this week a dog belonging to the late Rev. R. E. Steele, and highly prized by the family, was given a dose which soon ended its earthly career.

During the game of ball between colored teams here Wednesday, one colored visitor, very much interested in the game, insisted on keeping himself too far out in front of others and was told by a young white man to get back in the line. The fellow didn't move fast enough and the white man procured a bat to force him, if necessary. While the young man went after the bat, the negro's hand found itself resting about his hip pocket. At sight of this the man with the bat went for a cop and upon finding one reported the matter to him. The cop came around and upon searching the negro found that his pocket contained a well-worn testament, nothing more, nothing less. The fact was soon revealed that the testament carrier was a preacher from the country who came in to enjoy the festivities of the day along with other members of his race. That seems to have been a game of setback for the young man who would have a preacher pulled for being armed with a Bible.

In less than 60 days the theatrical season will open in Lumberton, the first attraction, booked so far, being the Miller-Lester Players, a repetoire show to play the week of September 22nd. Among those to follow will be Bert Leigh, Herald Square Opera Co., The Shepherd of the Hills, Paul Gilmore and others.

The Presbyterian Sunday school and a number of friends went on a special car to Page's Mill, S. C., Tuesday where they enjoyed a picnic.

Miss Anna Neal Fuller delightfully entertained Tuesday evening at the elegant home of her father, Mr. C. M. Fuller, in honor of her guests, Misses Estelle Bullock, of Oxford; Helen Weaver, of Rich Square; Mary Dosher, of Southport, and Nita Masten, of Winston-Salem.

The guests were received at the door by Miss Agnes McLean, and Miss Manda McDiarmid presided at the parlor door and presented the guests to the receiving line which consisted of Misses Anna Neal Fuller, Estelle Bullock, Helen Weaver, Mary Dosher, Nita Masten, and Messrs. Paul Best and David Fuller. The guests were then invited to the punch bowl by Miss Janie Carlyle, where Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Fuller presided. After the guests had been served with punch there was a very interesting game of progressive hearts in which Miss Daisy Edwards, of Latta, S. C., and Miss Estelle Bullock, of Oxford, N. C., were the winners of the prizes. The prizes were presented by Mr. Walton Bethune after an ice course had been served. It was an evening of joy for a host of the young people of Lumberton and quite a number of visitors.

Mrs. James D. Proctor entertained Wednesday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Carlyle, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Henderson, Mr. and Mrs. Regan McIntyre, Miss May Goley and Misses Annie Bell and Lucy DeVane. The guests were received at the door by Mrs. H. M. McAlister and were conducted to the punch bowl by Mrs. E. L. Holloway. As the guests entered punch was served and after passing the receiving line composed of Mrs. E. K. Proctor, Mr. and Mrs. Jas D. Proctor and the guests of honor, each guest was taken to the dining room where delicious frozen refreshments were served. Misses Mildred McIntyre and Agnes McLean and Mrs. H. M. McAllister added greatly to the enjoyment of the evening by the rendition of a number of piano selections with their unusual talent and the joy of the guests was made complete when Miss Lucy DeVane, Mrs. R. R. Carlyle and Mr. P. N. Pittenger sang several selections. The entire evening was thoroughly enjoyed by every one present.

Helen Canady, a Cherokee Indian woman, about 86 years old, took too much risk Tuesday in attempting to cross a trestle in front of an approaching train on the V. & C. S., and as a result she is in the hospital here with one leg broken in two places and the other badly lacerated while she has other injuries.

The John T. Biggs Co., and the Robeson Soda Water Co., have purchased auto trucks for delivery purposes.

The plant of the Kingsdale Lumber Co., has been closed down this week while some needed repairs are being made. The mill will start up Monday morning.——Watermelons are beginning to come in daily but the tariff has not been taken off yet. The first bunch of grapes of the season were on the market this week. While the other fruit crop was a failure in this section, your correspondent is told grapes will be plentiful.

Miss Cora Page who resigned as saleslady with Mr. L. H. Caldwell, the first of the year, will be with him again August 1st. This will be good news to the many ladies who do their shopping at Mr. Caldwell's.

Two young men who arrived in town from another State one night this week found themselves up against it. They had had trouble with their car and were delayed and when they went to the Waverly Hotel to get lodging for the night, they couldn't be taken in—no room. While they were considering walking the streets all night, a Good Samaritan in the person of Mr. Lee Caldwell appeared on the scene and invited them home with him. Your correspondent hopes to be spared to see a hotel in Lumberton.

A meeting of the town commissioners and mayor was held jointly with the superintendents of the railroads coming into Lumberton Thursday night. The object of the meeting was to discuss the question of a union passenger station at this place, something that all who have occasion to visit the station are interested in. The Seaboard and Raleigh and Charleston already use the same station and by putting down less than 100 yards of track the V. & C. S. can run up to the main street on the north side. Under present conditions, unfortunately, the V. & C. S. station is not conveniently located, and during wet weather it is a tough proposition walking to it. Superintendent Gore, of the Seaboard, made a proposition which to many seems very fair. He said his company would furnish office space, baggage room, lights, water, heat and janitor service for $25 per month. Superintendent Russell, of the V. & C. S., thought $20 ought to be enough and stated that he would like to know the sentiments of the commissioners in the matter. Mr. Jas. D. Proctor, a member of the board, being a Seaboard attorney, could not express himself on the matter, but the other commissioners took a written vote, resulting four for $25 and one for $20. Mr. Russell will take the matter up with his company as to whether or not it will pay $25 while Mr. Gore will submit the result of the meeting to his company and, of course, it is up to them to say if they will accept $20. There is something more than a few dollars to be considered in the matter. The traveling public is to be considered and no one will deny the fact that these proposed union station facilities would be a great improvement for passengers arriving at and leaving Lumberton. While the V. & C. S. is a short road, it does a full share of the business to and from Lumberton and the comfort and convenience of its passengers should be considered, and we believe will be by its officials when Mr. Russell makes his report. He, like Mr. Gore, is anxious to satisfy the public, but all either can do is to report results to their companies.

Since Capt. P. E. Linnell took charge of the Sanitary Steam Laundry a few weeks ago, customers are highly pleased at the great improvement in the service. Capt. Linnell knows the laundry business, having followed it for a number of years, and that he is making good use of his knowledge will be testified to by Lumberton people, who are now having their work done at home since they can get what they want without sending away.

Mr. R. D. Caldwell returned from Charlotte yesterday morning, having spent Thursday in that city on business.——Mr. Geo. P. McLeod, who attended a meeting of the board of directors of the Raleigh & Charleston Railroad in Norfolk this week, returned home yesterday. Mr. McLeod is a member of the board.

Carter's 5, 10 and 25 cents store was opened for business this morning at 8 o'clock and in less than a minute every employe in the building was busy waiting on customers. The store was thrown open last night from 7:30 to 9:30 to give people the opportunity of seeing the immense stock which would go on sale this morning. Some of the visitors are accused of sitting up all night so as to be on time this morning.

During last Saturday and Sunday the rainfall as reported at the weather station here was about 3 1-2 inches. One shower came last night which measured 1.30. There is no complaint in this section of dry weather.

We just saw the barrel coming off the train and going on a dray yesterday. At a distance we saw in big letters "Budweiser," but we didn't see the name of the consignee. We don't know who it belonged to or where it went, but one thing we do know, if we had a barrel like that we could not resist the temptation of asking our friends to join us in a cold bottle.

Mr. John Smith, an engineer on the Coast Line in Florida, is visiting his mother, Mrs. Flora Smith, on Second and Walnut streets.

Dr. W. A. McPhaul went to the beach yesterday and brought his family home after they had spent two weeks there most pleasantly.——Mr. Harvey Blair, of Monroe, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. M. Whitfield. Mr. Blair is a nephew of Mr. Whitfield.——Mrs. Dan Shaw and children, of Laurinburg, arrived this morning to spend some time with Shaw's parents, Mr and Mrs. Whitfield.

The case of young Jack Edmund, charged with shooting into the buggy occupied by three children in the northern part of town one evening this week, will be tried before Recorder McLean Monday. The little girl and one of the boys shot were children of Mr. and Mrs. Croft, the other victim being their cousin, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Doar. It is said that the mule and buggy were both severly peppered with shot.

The question being asked now is, "What has become of the English sparrows?" Some say Redfern may have put them to flight while others advance the idea that the large colony of visiting blue-jays may have caused the sparrows to seek other places. One who ought to know says that the jaybirds will certainly destroy young sparrows. The jays came to town to devour acorns found on the numerous oaks.

A colored excursion was run from here to Page's Mill, S. C., yesterday. The train left here with about 140 passengers and picked up many more on the way.

Mr. W. E. Dillard, of Clinton, S. C., arrived last night to relieve Mr. F. J. Thomas, agent of the Southern Express Company, who left tonight for Carolina Beach to join his family who are spending some time there. Mr. Thomas expects to be away about two weeks.

$3.50 and $4.00 ladies' low tan shoes $2.48 at Hewlett & Price's.
(advertisement.)

RESIGNS FEDERAL CLERKSHIP

Maj. H. L. Grant Succeeded by Alex. L. Blow, of Greenville, as Clerk Eastern District—Negro Mail Clerks

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., July 26.—Major H. L. Grant has resigned the clerkship of the Federal Court for the Eastern district of North Carolina, effective August 1st, and Judge H. G. Connor has appointed Mr. Alex. L. Blow, of Greenville, in his stead.

Mr. Blow was clerk of the Superior Court of Pitt county for many years. He will move to Raleigh. Major Grant has been clerk of the Federal Court for 14 years and retires because of his desire to be relieved of the exacting duties of the clerkship now that he has attained an advanced age and in order that he may devote his attention to extensive private interests. He is just now building a handsome office building in Goldsboro that demands special attention. Mr. Blow, the new clerk, will have the appointment of the deputy clerks.

There is much complaint hereabouts because of the fact that under some sort of an operation of the civil service regulations, there are five negro mail clerks in charge of the railway service on various trains between Greensboro and Goldsboro, the white men in this service having to work under the direction of these negroes. Also there has just developed a similar condition on the Norfolk Southern, where a negro clerk has been placed in charge when a white man who now has to be supervised by this negro, has been in the service on this road nearly two years and the negro only a very short time. A definite protest and effort for relief is expected to develop soon.

A charter was issued today for the Globe Warehouse Co., of Hillsboro, capital $50,000 authorized and $2,600 subscribed by D. C. Parks and W. F. Parks and others, for general farm products warehousing and for the manufacture of tobacco.

Insurance Commissioner James R. Young has gone to Burlington, Vt., to attend the annual convention of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners. He will deliver the response to the address of welcome and will address the convention on the special subject of "Supervision of Agencies." In this he will treat especially the National and State laws on supervision.

Dr. W. S. Rankin, secretary of the State Board of Health, is just back from an official trip to Panama for the purpose of examining into the methods of the United States government in the sanitation of the canal zone, his trip being under the direction of the State board for the special purpose of getting ideas that may be applied in North Carolina for the improvement of sanitary and health conditions. Dr. Rankin expresses the highest satisfaction at the results of his trip and believes that he has gathered information and ideas from this first hand inspection that will be of great benefit in the work of the board.

CONVICTED OF MURDER

Lurton English Sentenced to Term of Twenty-five Years

Greensboro, N. C., July 26.—Lurton English, charged with the murder of Jack Armstrong, manager of the George Gould hunting estate in Randolph county, North Carolina, on March 24th, 1913, was convicted at Asheboro, N. C., this afternoon of murder in the second degree and sentenced to the State prison for a term of 25 years. The case was one of the hardest fought in the history of this section, able counsel having been engaged by the defense and private prosecution. English is a hunter by trade. The plea of the defendant was insanity.

Lumina Concerts

Jno. F. Kneisel, Director.

PROGRAMME
For Today

AFTERNOON—3:30 O'CLOCK

1. March—"Cupid's Patrol" ..... Neil Moret
2. Concert Valse—"Waves of the Danube" ..... Ivanovici
3. Coronado Serenade—"San Diego" ..... Gus Edwards
4. Medley of Latest Hits—Remick's Hits No. 13. Arr. J. B. Lampe

INTERMISSION

5. Characteristic—"The Baby Parade" ..... Arthur Pryor
6. (a) Wiegenlied .M. Hauser (b) Kuiawiak—A Polish National Dance ..... Henri Wieniawski
7. Soprano Solo—"In the Garden of My Heart" (by request) (Mrs. Frank Pearson) ..... Ernest Ball
8. Finale—"Sempre Fidelis" ..... John Ph. Sousa

NIGHT, 8:30 O'CLOCK

1. Hungarian March—"Rakoczy" ..... Franz Liszt
2. Egyptian Ballet, Suite Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 ..... A. Luigini
3. "Love's Dream After the Ball" ..... Czibulka
4. Overture—"Semiramide" ..... Rossini

INTERMISSION

5. Comic Opera—"The Firefly" ..... Rudolph Friml
6. Grand Selection from "Tannhauser" ..... Richard Wagner
7. Soprano Solo—"With Youin Eternity" ..... Alfred Solman (Mrs. Frank Pearson.)
8. Quartette from "Rigoletto" ..... G. Verdi

MR. E. J. JUSTICE TO SPEAK

Candidate for Senator Overman's Seat to Address Southport People on Seaports and Freight Rates August 5th.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Southport, N. C., July 26.—Under the auspices of the Brunswick County Just Freight Rate and the Southport Commercial associations, an important gathering of the members of these associations, with the public invited, will be held here on Tuesday night, August 5th, to hear an address on the relation of seaports to freight rates, which will be made by Hon. E. J. Justice, of Greensboro, N. C.

There are invitations to other prominent citizens of the State to be present, and the occasion will be made one of considerable local and even State interest, as the attention of the visitors will be directed to the possibilities of this port, and a visible demonstration afforded to its immense advantages of development. The public position of Mr. Justice, and his acquaintance with the subject he will speak upon, promises to be of unusual interest at the present time.

Last Sunday night there was a local electric and rain storm of some violence, though no damage resulted. The rainfall was the heaviest in a long time, amounting to 4.02 inches. The rain was greatly needed in this vicinity. Following the storm the temperature fell to 69 degrees, giving a delightful coolness, though the maximum range daily during the month has been below 86 degrees, and this has been tempered with continual ocean breezes.

The watermelon and cantaloupe crop in this vicinity is abundant and of the finest quality. Prices have easily been within the reach of any buyer, melons from 15 to 30 cents at retail stores, cantaloupes at 5 and 10 cents with less for those who might want to buy in any quantity. There needs only the cultivation, the land is here for a melon supply to be raised that would fill the Wilmington market during the season every year.

Rev. J. T. Ballard, formerly pastor of the Baptist church here, now living in Rowland, N. C., is a visitor——E. B. Stevens, Esq., has returned from a trip in the western part of the State.

This week the Dickens Club met at the home of Miss Carrie Dosher.

Sailing, boating, fishing and bathing parties are the daily pleasure vocations of the many young people who are visiting relatives or friends in this city, with a dance at times at some home.

Next Thursday night, July 31st, at midnight, the "honorable discharge" given the Life Saving crews of the Oak Island and Cape Fear stations will be succeeded by the return to regular duty. The crews have enjoyed their two months' vacation—not a call for service during June and July.

Last Wednesday the ball team of the 79th company from Fort Caswell came over and for nine innings were hotly engaged by a mixed team, made up of the boys here, who only play ball when the warriors seek a contest. The score was a close one, but the locals won in the ninth by a score of 6 to 5. The Southport "pony battery", St. George and St. George, featured.

There is a promise that there will be another minstrel show given by local talent among the soldiers at Fort Caswell, about August 7th. The entertainment of this character given some months ago at the fort, was largely attended and greatly enjoyed. The coming show no doubt will also have a large crowd.

HEAVY RAINS IN ROBESON

Unprecedented Floods Throughout County Yesterday—General

(By Long Distance Telephone.)

Lumberton, N. C., July 26.—Record-breaking rains are reported in some sections of this county last night. Mr. Frank McKoy, of Red Springs, was here today and stated that he had been traveling the road between Lumberton and Red Springs for the past 50 years and never before had he seen so much water on the ground. Mr. McKoy stated that within six miles of Lumberton, in the Raft Swamp section, there was a regular flood and that while people in that section had seen many freshets in the river, he did not think he had ever seen anything to compare with what he saw this morning; that crops are badly damaged in that section there is no doubt.

The rains appear general as the Seaboard train due at Wilmington at midnight was more than two hours late leaving here on account of a washout above Hamlet.

Mrs. Frank Pearson.
Will sing at afternoon and night concerts at Lumina today.
(advertisement.)

JOHN WILLIAM DAVIS

Nominated to be Solicitor General of the United States

Washington, July 26.—John William Davis, of Clarksburg, W. Va., Representative of the First West Virginia Congressional district, was nominated today by President Wilson to be solicitor general of the United States. Mr. Davis was the choice of Attorney General McReynolds, from a long list of prominent lawyers to fill the important $10,000. He will be second ranking legal officer of the country and the government's representative before the Supreme Court of the United States.

Mr. Davis, who is 40 years old, has had a prominent legal career. He is serving his second term in Congress, having entered that body in 1911, and is a member of the House Judiciary committee. He formerly was assistant professor of law at Washington and Lee University, member of the House of Delegates of West Virginia, where he was chairman of the Judiciary committee, and president of the West Virginia Bar Association. The position has been vacant since the resignation of John Marshall Bullitt, of Louisville, Ky., several months ago. James A. Fawler, who was assistant to the attorney general, acted as solicitor general during the interim.

STATE TROOPS ARRIVE

Militia Goes to Calumet to Quell Strike Disturbances

Calumet, Mich., July 26.—Reinforcements of State troops began arriving at Calumet today at daybreak. The soldiers met a drizzle of rain mixed with Lake Superior which kept them huddled in "pup' ' tents and swathed in overcoats and blankets.

The rain failed to dampen the enthusiasm of the strikers, however, the first delegations of the marchers appearing in Calumet from locations north of her before the troops had finished breakfast. There were no early morning reports of trouble.

A special guard of militiamen tonight was thrown aorund the home of Richard Bawden, superintendent of the Tri-Mountain mine of the Copper Range Consolidated Company.

Strike sympathizers drove Mrs. Bawden and her two children away from home by threatening to burn the house. The woman with her children took refuge in a hotel at Houghton and Mr. Bawden asked for militia to protect his home.

TARGET PRACTICE.

General Maneuvers to Demonstrate Ability of Guns at Ft. Monroe.

Norfolk, Va., July 26.—Firing and general maneuvers to demonstrate the ability of the guns of Fort Monroe in target work at night practice and ability to resist an enemy approaching from sea at night, continued from last midnight until 3 A. M. today. Powerful searchlights were used at the fort in finding the anchored targets placed some distance out in lower Chesapeake Bay. Early Sunday morning the "enemy" consisting of several large navy tugs and a mine planter will attempt to slip into Hampton Roads through the Virginia Capes and proceed with mine laying without detection by the guns at Monroe.

The searchlight from Fort Monroe during last night's target firing was probably the most brilliant ever witnessed from the fort.

YOUNG WOMAN SUICIDES

Out of Employment and Unable to Obtain Work

Chicago, July 26.—Letters found in a clump of bushes near where the body of a young woman was recovered from Lake Michigan last night, convinced the police tonight that he had committed suicide because of her failure to obtain employment.

The victim was supposed to be Miss E. Lee, of Elmo, Wis., although she has not been positively identified. The pistol which brought her death, was found on the beach. The weapon was traced and was found to have been sold to Miss Lee, who gave her residence as Elmo, Wis. Two letters which explained that the woman had been out of employment and had been unable to procure work bore no wording to indicate the city from which they had been sent.

COBB BATTING 400

Unofficial Figures to Yesterday Show Him Tied With Jackson

Chicago, July 26.—Ty Cobb has tied Joe Jackson for the lead among the American League batters. Unofficial figures for this week to today give the Cleveland slugger and the star Detroit man an average of .400 each, Jackson for 89 games and Cobb for 66.

Earl Yingling, the Brooklyn pitcher, leads the National Leaguers with .393 for 22 games.

Forty-eight stolen bases are now credited to Milan, of Washington. Marcans, of Cincinnati, leads the National League in stolen bases with 31.

New lot rubber sole tan oxfords just received. Hewlett & Price.
(advertisement.)

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective January 5, 1913. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 96, ‡ 8:40 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 13:20 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M.	No. 97, ‡ 1:15 A.M.
No. 51, * 5:35 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars Between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 98, *12:30 A.M.
No. 94, ‡ 5:50 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 95, ‡ 6:25 P.M.
No. 48, * 8:20 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49, * 6:15 P.M.
No. 53, * 8:45 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52, * 3:05 P.M.
No. 55, * 3:15 P.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia.	No. 54, * 1:40 P.M.
No. 63, * 3:25 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations.	No. 63, *12:30 P.M.
No. 59, ‡ 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville, Sanford and Intermediate Stations.	No. 60, ‡10:15 A.M.
No. 43, * 4:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41, *12:05 A.M.
No. 57, ‡ 7:30 P.M.	Chadbourn, Conway and Intermediate Stations.	No. 58, ‡ 8:15 A.M.

* Daily. ‡ Daily except Sunday. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 100.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK AND GEORGETOWN, S. C.

NEW YORK TO WILMINGTON.
Steamer "Cherokee," Fri., July 11, 1913.
Steamer "Navahoe," Fri., July 18, 1913.

WILMINGTON TO NEW YORK.
Steamer "Navahoe," Sat., July 12, 1913.
Steamer "Cherokee," Sat., July 19, 1913.

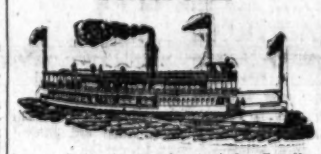
WILMINGTON TO GEORGETOWN.
Steamer "Cherokee," Mon., July 14, 1913.
Steamer "Navahoe," Mon., July 21, 1913.

Both Ships Carry Passengers.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.
C. J. BECKER, Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
H. G. SMALLBONES, Commercial Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36, N. R., New York.

STEAMER WILMINGTON SCHEDULE.



Leaves Daily (except Sunday) for Carolina Beach Pier, Southport and Fort Caswell, at 9 A. M.

Leaves Fort Caswell for Wilmington at 12:00 M. Leaves Southport, 12:15 P. M.

Leaves Wilmington for Carolina Beach Pier at 2:35 P. M., and leaves Pier, on return, at 6:00 P. M.

SUNDAY SCHEDULE:
Leaves Wilmington for Carolina Beach Pier at 9:00 A. M., 2:30 and 7:30 P. M.
Leaves Southport for Wilmington, at 11:30 A. M. and 4:45 P. M. Leaves Carolina Beach Pier, at 12:45, 6:00 and 8:30 P. M.
my30-tf J. B. FOX, Agent.

THE NOVELTY OF THE SEASON

Pandora Reception Box

"It Has Taken the Town by Storm"

In order to better acquaint our customers with this delightful assortment, made by National Biscuit Company, we shall present a

PANDORA RECEPTION BOX

to the person who guesses the number of packages of

UNEEDA BISCUITS

displayed in our window.

We invite everybody to visit our store and get acquainted with us and the many inviting things we sell.

Holmes & Atkinson

"THE QUALITY GROCERS"
Watch our Windows. Watch our Ads.

ENTRY NO. 9132.

I hereby enter and lay claim to the following land in Cape Fear Township—640 acres. Located on the East side of the Wilmington and Weldon R. R., South side of Prince George Creek, each side of Pumpkin Kiln Branch, adjoining Richard Morsden's 1,000 acre tract, John Hugh's two patents for 320 acres each, one dated 22 day of Nov., 1771, No. 310, and other bearing date Nov. 22, 1771, No. 311.

Also adjoining the Charles Burton tract, for 253¾ acres, Allen B. Jones, John Hamilton (150-acre pat nt), and Isaac F. Mines, and others, containing 640 acres, more or less. J. D. SIDBURY.

Dated July 2nd, 1913.
Entered and filed July 2nd, 1913.
JOHN HAAR,
Reg. of Deeds and Acting Entry Taker.
jy3-30days

Dr. Leland Creese Dr. Lillian Creese

CREESE & CREESE.

CHIROPRACTIC PHYSICIANS AND NERVE SPECIALISTS

All forms of Disease Successfully Handled —00 per cent. relieved—by our method. Women's and Children's Diseases a Specialty.

Consultation Free.

32-33 Garrell Bldg. 'Phone: 988
RESIDENCE 'PHONE 1961

NOTICE

$25.00 Reward will be paid for evidence to convict any person or corporation who sets fire that burns any of my lands in this or any other county in this State. D. L. GORE.
120 N. Water Street, Wilmington, North Carolina.

SEABOARD

Air Line Railway

Schedule Effective April 27th, 1913.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON:

No. 19—5 A. M., arrive Hamlet, 9:00 A. M. Leave Hamlet, 9:20 A. M.; arrive Charlotte, 12:10 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains Nos. 4 for Raleigh, Norfolk, Richmond and All Points North, and with No. 1 for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and all points South. At Monroe, with train No. 29, for Atlanta.

DAILY SLEEPER ON NO. 19 TRAIN FOR CHARLOTTE. OPEN FOR OCCUPANCY AT 10 O'CLOCK P. M.

No. 13—3:05 P. M.; arrive Hamlet, 7:35 P. M.; leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 11:00 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa. Also Norfolk, Richmond and All Points North. Pullman chair car between Wilmington and Charlotte.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON.

No. 14—12:30 P. M., from Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 20—12:10 A. M., from Charlotte and intermediate points.

For further information, call on or telephone

F. A. FETTER, C. A., 'Phone 178, Orton Hotel.
JOS. R. COOKE, City Ticket Agent.
M. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent. Raleigh, N. C.

TO THE BEACH!

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

IN EFFECT MAY 31, 1913.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave Wilmington:	Leave Beach:
6:30 A.M.	6:05 A.M.
and every half hour thereafter until	7:10 A.M.
10:00 P.M.	7:45 A.M.
11:00 P.M. and every half hour	
12:00 P.M. thereafter until	
6:15 P.M.	11:45 P.M.

Express Trains stop only at Wrightsville and at Stations on the Beach.

FREIGHT.

Leave Wilmington:	Leave Beach:
6:00 A.M.	7:15 A.M.
9:30 A.M.	12:15 P.M.
3:30 P.M.	6:15 P.M.
7:00 P.M.	8:15 P.M.

Freight Depot open daily except Sunday, from 9:00 A. M. until 1:00 P. M., and from 2:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M.

FREIGHT DEPOT TELEPHONE: NO. 98.

NOTE—Unpacked Ice will be handled only on the 6:00 A. M. trip.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Wilmington:	Leave Beach:
7:00 A.M.	7:15 A.M.
8:30 A.M.	7:45 A.M.
and every half hour thereafter until	9:15 A.M.
10:00 P.M. and every half hour	
11:00 P.M. thereafter until	
12:00 P.M.	11:45 P.M.

Express Trains stop only at Wrightsville and at Stations on the Beach.

FREIGHT.

11:00 A.M. 13:15 P.M.
Freight Depot open from 10:00 A. M. to 11:00 A. M.

FREIGHT DEPOT TELEPHONE: NO. 98.

TELEPHONE 667 for Information about train movements and matters connected with the Railway Department.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rails

Schedule in Effect May 12, 1912.

Lv. Norfolk	8:30 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a.m.	10:40 p.m.
Lv. Durham	7:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:40 p.m.	2:30 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	6:25 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	6:55 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	7:30 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:32 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars, N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. REVILL, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
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Licensed Accountants and Auditors, Room 405 Southern Bldg. Wilmington, N. C.

Audits. Accounting Systems.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

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FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; 50 cents for one month, served by carriers in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable, and all communications should be addressed to,

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Sunday, July 27, 1913.

What this country needs is not easier money but money that will stick after you've got it.

If, as Professor Moore, of Liverpool, says, crime is a sign of progress, we are some progressive over here in the States.

"McReynolds Would Dissolve 'Phone Monopoly." So would we; and all other monopolies. But "would" ain't the word.

Tariff, Mulhall, Mexico; Mulhall, Mexico, tariff-gor-r! The editorial page of the heated season looks like a syndicate "mat."

That old New England blue law that said married people had to live together or go to jail, might help modern divorce conditions.

We sometimes half suspect that the patriotic demands for protection of American citizens in Mexico spring from certain investments in Mexican mines.

The "vacillating Wilson method," in Mexican affairs, if vacillating it be, was the "vacillating Taft method" before Mr. Wilson was elected. Taft set the pace.

The "beerless beach" seems at last to have come into its own. Five carloads of Atlanta week-end visitors on Friday is not so bad, even if they were all "women and children."

English women must be different. We can't imagine American women cutting up like the militants who have destroyed five hundred thousand dollars' worth of property in four months.

Electricity, steam and gas have been trying to convince Raleigh that each can pump the city water cheaper than the other. Before negotiations are closed they ought to let the windmill fellow have his say.

"People who read only the sporting section are not the ones from whom Congressmen are selected."—Gate City (Va.) Herald. Still it wouldn't be wise for a Congressman to underrate the importance of the game.

The general opinion seems to be that the parcel post is traveling too fast to be sidetracked, flagged or stopped. The railroads and express companies lost out when they let the thing get by them in the first place.

People who are all the time "deploring the tendency toward sensationalism in modern jouranlism" might very well be cultivating a tendency for work or doing something else that would take up their deploring time.

Paying convicts a daily wage for the support of their families is only fair and right, but the Kansas Legislature didn't help matters much when it allowed ten cents a day. It might send the children to the movies if they took turn about.

"Secretary Daniels will have none of the red flag, but there were times when he thought very well of the red shirt."—Greensboro News. The difference between them is that whereas the red shirt stood for order and good government, the red flag doesn't.

If peace overtures fail it is proposed to let the greasers have all the shootin' irons they want. That will be one way of stopping the war. Give 'em enough powder and ball and they will eventually shoot peace into each other. That, at least, is our Philippine policy.

Many checks forwarded to the State Department in payment of automobile tax have been returned with the endorsement, "not sufficient funds." All of which means that the average "joy rider" is not so flushed as the outward appearances would seem to indicate.

"Japanese constitute forty-one per cent of the population of Hawaii. A sweet morsel for the jingoes."—Richmond Virginian. For our part, they could constitute one hundred and forty-one per cent. What we want is some of that sweet morsel fried chicken Senator Tillman has been cornering in Washington.

"NICHOLAS WORTH"

Since several of the statesmen were informed that Walter Hines Page, ambassador to England, wrote a book, and that it is named "Nicholas Worth," and that it said mean things about the South, they have bought copies and started in to catch up with literary progress in their own country. We confess very readily to a dislike of Ambassador Page because his criticisms of the State and the South have contained more jeers and sneers, in our opinion, than one has a right to expect from a native North Carolinian, but at the same time it betokens rather dense prejudice to overlook the fact that Page has pictured some things as they were. For instance, the following:

"The Southern youth at that time in particular had what I shall call the oratorical habit of mind. We thought in rotund, even grandiose, phrases. Rousing speech came more naturally than accuracy of statement. A somewhat exaggerated manner and a tendency to sweeping generalizations were easy to us. You can yet trace this quality in the minds and the speech of the great majority of Southern men of my generation, especially men in public life. It came from an undue development of their emotional nature and a lack of extract training—the result of a system of life and of study that was mediaeval."

Senator Bacon, we are told, balked and kicked mightily when he read that characterization of public men. Well, Senator Bacon may not be of the school of public men pictured; of late years numbers of men have come to the front in politics who cannot be included in the characterization; but there is no use denying that it fits the old school which still has plenty of representatives in the South. It hasn't been so long and doubtless it still obtains in some schools, that boys were taught to roll flowery periods forth in their training for the rostrum, and when they wrote, to throw in all the colored adjectives in the dictionary. Facts were sacrificed to fancy. The ornate in speech and composition was practiced very extensively. In the live school of today simplicity and incisiveness are taught and practiced. "Brass tacks" are preferred to climaxes built on many flowers of speech.

As for the public men—the old-time demagogical politician, he reveled in flights. He turned his emotions loose and they soared away with the emotions of the crowd right in behind them. Facts? they were incidental, and if need be, could be dispensed with entirely. How many times have we been told that we were the finest people God ever created, when in the whole country there might not have been a foot of decent public road? Who hasn't been "God-blessed" by a tearful, husky-voiced orator until he felt as if wings were sprouting all over him, in the very little old school house where children were half taught ninety days in three hundred and sixty-five? What were palpitating facts about the living present when the speaker got out the Civil War and fought it from one end to the other with "God bless these dear old gray-haired veterans, God bless these dear sweet women, God bless these bright-eyed little children— thuh noblest peepul that ever drawed the breath of life!" We have suffered all those things time and again, and did they help us? We sustained a generation of gentlemen like that, and it was not until quietly speaking, fact-ladened, logical men came along, of the Simmons type, that we left off a part of the emotion and talked business. We do believe that we are the best people on earth, but we also know that until we have built roads and extended education and developed resources and have got our eyes wide open to the needs and opportunities of the hour, we are far behind other people who were doing all these things while we reveled in politics and emotion. Progress in North Carolina has come as we have broken the crust of political prejudice, banished intolerance, torn the scales from our eyes and looked about and compared ourselves and our State with other peoples and other States; and the Nicholas Worths, much as we detest them, have had something to do with our progress from "a system of life and study that was mediaeval" to practical, twentieth century activities.

PAY THE TEACHERS.

"I want to see the teachers of North Carolina effective leaders in the communities in which they live," said President Foust, of the Normal College at Greensboro, at the end of the Summer school. The teachers should be effective leaders, and they have the opportunity to do vast good outside of their school rooms, in the every day life of the people of their communities, but until we pay them as much as a negro laborer can get, it is rather too much to ask them to work in the school house and out of it too. Teachers are going home from the Summer school, carrying new ideas and new methods and are filled with large ambition to throw themselves into their work, which they love with exceeding great love, else they wouldn't stick to such a thankless job; but when they consider that after all their wearying labors, they will end up four or six months with an income of $120 or $150 or $200, they have every reason in the world to grow discouraged. We are increasing salaries throughout the whole scheme of government; everybody is making more money than formerly; it is a poor sort of a day laborer who can't make his $1, or $1.50 or more a day at the commonest sort of unskilled labor; but the teacher, the person on whom depends the future of the masses of children in North Carolina is scrimping along on a salary that is not sufficient to pay living expenses unless unto it is added some other line of work that will bring in some cash. The average teacher is more than good enough for the average school, and whenever we hear any complaint about our educational progress, we think first of the man and woman who are doing the work on mighty meagre salary. It is a disgrace to North Carolina that we do not pay the teachers more money.

SAVINGS ACCOUNT AND THE B. AND L.

Enumerating the agencies and influences that go into the making of good citizens and good communities, you will find that the two most potent are the savings account and the building and loan association. They both make a man independent and the owning of a home anchors a man to the soil and gives him a feeling of proprietorship in the community. To be frank, a fellow isn't worth much to himself or to his community until he does get the savings account habit and tackles the building and loan with the high purpose of buying a home. Beyond the accumulation of substance there is character-forming elements in the effort to lay away a nest egg and secure a place that a man can call his own. Wilmington offers every young man enticing opportunities and facilities to take up the march toward independence and happiness. Saving is just a habit, the same as spending is. It doesn't entail hardship, always. It doesn't mean privation, necessarily. Like religion, it never was designed to make our pleasures less—real pleasures. On the other hand, it means the most lasting and substantial of pleasures. A man with a snug sum to back him, is free to expand. He isn't afraid to look his boss in the eye, he doesn't have to "take" things that otherwise he does take and pay for in humiliation which takes manhood out of him. He is free to attempt a career. With a home of his own, he becomes interested in the betterment of his community, interested in subjects of government, and the upshot of it is he becomes a valuable factor in community life. A city full of savings accounters and home owners is a good place to be in. There are many here; there should be more and there is no reason why there shouldn't be more of the tribe, because the city is blessed with strong banks eager for savings accounts and building and loan associations that are sound and progressive, and hungry for more home hunters.

"Speaker" Ed Justice is coming to Southport to make a speech. In spite of promises for a safe and sane campaign, not too early, not too heated, the presumption will not down that Southport, the gateway of the Carolinas, is a mighty good place to begin and the "crest of the Blue Ridge" is a mighty good place to end a sweeping campaign of all Carolina.

The editors did themselves credit in placing their chief honor on Editor Poe, of the Progressive Farmer. He has a reputation that is National and in honoring him the Press Association did itself honor. The election of our own Editor Cowan as vice president was a worthily bestowed compliment on a mighty good fellow and an accomplished newspaper man.

High Point catches the Southern violating the Sunday law against hauling non-perishable freight, and taxes it $500. That is one way the discriminations against the State can be evened up. Do the railroads want that? The incident is indicative of the possibilities of a railroad war.

CURRENT COMMENT.

After the editors get back to work they can tell us whether it was really better at Asheville than it would have been at Wrightsville, assuming those reports were true.—Greensboro News.

The Wilmington Star: "We agree with our Dunn correspondent that it seems a pity to oust a deputy marshal who has served 20 years, and who has raided an averaget of 200 stills a year, to make room for a green hand." There are no doubt times when the hand of partisan politics should be stayed. We should call the case referred to an exhibition of uncivil service.—Greensboro News.

The city abattoir is now complete and in full operation. Its cost is found to be something like $30,000, but the game is certainly worth the candle. Raleigh's old system of buchering and handling of meats was very far from modern. The people who butcher and those who buy find that the abattoir and the methods it offers for the right handling of meats mean a great deal in a business way and in safe meats. We will no longer see uncovered meats coming through the streets; killed without supervision, and brought in from places near and far. The butchers are very keen in their appreciation of the abattoir as they ought to be.—Raleigh Times.

Several things stood in the way of life for Mrs. Emma Corduan, a poor woman of Newark. In the first place, she is said to have been subject to hemorrhages. Then, when neighbors found her bleeding to death, the physician who was summoned did not know whether he was to be paid or not and did not see her. Later another doctor officially detailed for such cases was called, but he had the wrong number and so failed to reach her bedside. Finally the police were appealed to, but when they asked the City Hospital to send an ambulance they were told that there must be a physician's certificate to guard against contagion. Thus no help came, and thus a human being bled to death without attention. A wonderful machine is our social system, adjusted to every conceivable situation and kept running at immense cost, but sometimes it works as clumsily as an ox-cart and with much less certainty.—New York World.

There is now a train between Rutherfordton and Raleigh, which leaves Rutherfordton about 7 in the morning; Charlotte at 10:10 and Hamlet about 1 P. M. Returning from Raleigh, it reaches Hamlet about noon; Charlotte at 2:45, and Rutherfordton at 7. From Hamlet to Wilmington is a four-hour run. But, convenient through travel is between Charlotte and Hamlet, it is not possible between Charlotte and Wilmington without rising before daylight or remaining up very late. The remedy is to start a train from Hamlet to Wilmington on the arrival of the train from Charlotte at 1 P. M. Another new train, leaving Wilmington in the morning at 8 and reaching Hamlet at 12, would enable its passengers to reach Charlotte at 2:45. If the patronage justifies or would justify this additional service between Wilmington and Hamlet, as we believe, the Seaboard could not do a better thing.—Charlotte Observer.

I should like to ask why on earth there is all this talk about women dressing indecently. The papers are filled with talk of slit skirts and the like until it has made every man, I should think, parade the streets on the lookout for something indecent. I am on Broadway every day, and I have seen only two women in some months whom I should dream of criticising. What is the harm in the slit skirt? At the most it only shows one's foot to the shot top, sometimes an inch more, and no one would have thought anything about it if the papers hadn't taken it up and made something wrong of it. No one ever saw a prettier and more modest picture than "September Morn", but now since we are told that it's indecent, we look at it and try our best to find suggestiveness and vulgarity in a picture of innocence. Women are talked about, it seems to me, as we would discuss cattle. Thank God we can't read the minds of some of these lecherous men who eye us as we pass, but I can assure you their looks and stares are insults enough. They seem to think they have a perfect right to look us over, and they must be quite disappointed at not finding us dressed as indecently as the papers promised. However, their thoughts can supply the rest of the picture in their mind. Then please, oh, please stop this eternal discussion! Men's immoral ideas are quite far enough advanced without any help from the newspapers.—Cor. New York World.

PELLAGRA SPREADING.

Incurable Disease is Invading New Territory.

Washington, July 26.—Pellagra, for which physicians have found no cure, is spreading beyond the zone to which it previously has been confined and is invading new territory, according to officials of the United States public health service, who base their belief upon statistics on the prevalence of the disease in Arkansas, Oklahoma and Texas, from 1907 to 1912, which were made public today.

Reports from these three States, bordering on the area in which pellagra has most extensively existed in this country, shows, says Surgeon C. H. Lavinder, "the prevalence of the disease to no inconsiderable degree."

"This suggests rather strongly," he adds, "that pellagra is increasing in the area in which it was prevalent, and invading new territory. Further inquiry is needed to determine this with any degree of accuracy." The figures indicated an increase in the disease during 1912. The total number of cases in Oklahoma during the six years was 472, with a death rate per hundred of 54.91; in Texas 2,628 cases, death rate 46.61, and in Arkansas 945, death rate 41.90. The figures for Arkansas for 1912 were incomplete.

Today's report, which supplemented a previous pellagra report giving statistics for other States is of peculiar interest at this time in connection with the bill of Representative Johnson, of South Carolina, for a large appropriation for the erection of a hospital at Spartanburg, S. C., for the study of pellagra. The public health service has been urged to support the bill.

Pellagra Commission.

Spartanburg, S. C., July 26.—The Thompson-McFadden pellagra commission received a cablegram today from Dr. Louis Sambon, of the London School of Tropical Medicine, announcing that he would visit Spartanburg next month to study the pellagra situation.

Dr. Sambon is a pathologist of international reputation and was the first investigator to advance the theory that pellagra is caused by the bite of an insect. Entomologists of the United States Department of Agriculture have been engaged here for some time in investigating Dr. Sambon's theory.

WILL ADD GYMNASIUM.

Fayetteville Light Infantry Takes Out B. & L. Stock.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Fayetteville, N. C., July 26.—The Fayetteville Independent Light Infantry is making plans to add gymnasium equipment and a bowling alley to its armory, the Gray company, or reserve corps of the ancient command taking the first steps in this direction last night, when it decided to take out ten shares of building and loan stock as a basis for financing the improvements.

The company is preparing for its annual encampment at Ocean View, Va., where it goes each Summer to celebrate its anniversary. The F. I. L. I. was organized August 23, 1793, and during the 120 years that have followed the organization has been kept intact. It has fought in four wars, the War of 1812, the Mexican War, the War Between the States, and the Spanish-American War.

Frank Jones, a native of Fayetteville, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Jones, died recently at his home in Dorchester, Ga., where he was a prominent lumber man. Mr. Jones was stricken with paralysis while taking a shower bath. While he leaves no immediate relatives here, two brothers and a sister survive him, these being C. R. Jones, of Washington, D. C., and L. H. D. Jones, of Dorchester, and Mrs. Philip Jones, of Paris France.

DEADLOCK STILL ON.

In Dispute Between Virginia and West Virginia Interest on Big Debt.

Washington, July 26.—A deadlock between the West Virginia and Virginia debt commissions, which have been in session here two days in an effort to agree on the amount of interest West Virginia should pay to Virginia on the $7,182,607 judgment awarded by the Supreme Court to Virginia as West Virginia's part of the public debt of the original State, tonight caused an adjournment until August 12th.

Further deliberations today after their unsuccessful effort to come to some kind of an understanding yesterday, when they sat from early morning until late at night, failed to break the deadlock. The commissioners realized the futility of remaining in Washington longer at this time after West Virginia refused to agree to the demands of Virginia, and thinking it might expedite matters by taking an adjournment until a later time, August 12th was decided upon. The Virginia commissioners demanded that West Virginia pay $14,000,000 interest on the judgment awarded by the Supreme Court. The question of interest is the only point now at issue.

Mrs. Frank Pearson.

Will sing at afternoon and night concerts at Lumina today.

(advertisement.)

Real Values In Merchandise

It may be of interest to you to know.

Extreme care has been used in selecting the merchandise for this establishment.

The values here are especially good.

"Tents" for the children's playhouse, heavy canvas tent, nicely made; special for this week, only $5.00

Hammocks.

Palmer's Arawana Perfection; special next week at 98c, $1.50, $1.98, $2.98, $2.48 and $4.50.

Matting Art Squares.

9x12 Japanese matting art squares, beautiful patterns and colors $5 value; special $3.48

Heavy China matting, yard wide, 30c values; special next week at .....25c yard

33 1-3 OFF, think of IT, 1-3 off on all Men's and Boys' Straw Hats. Some special good values to be had in the sky price now.

Children's Wash Suits.

The regular 69c wash suits to close out now at 48c

Satin stripe Crepe Poplin, 28 inches wide, regular 25c values, all the popular shades this week; special at 15c

White Ratine, 40 inches wide at 50c

Metal Polish for all kinds of Brass, Silver or Nickleware, the best polish on the market A-1.

Fruit Jars, Jelly Glasses, Ice Tea Glasses and Pitchers. Bath Suits, Shoes and Caps.

75c for 20c!

By special arrangement with the publishers we offer you, for a little while only, a full year's subscription to The Woman's Magazine and any New Idea Pattern, for 30c in all.

Think of it: 12 numbers of the best Fashion and all-round family magazine (regularly 75c a year) for 20c when you buy a 10c pattern. You get the magazine for one whole year for only 20c!

Come to the store today. Remember, this offer is good for a limited time only.

$1.00 Hats at....25c
$1.50 and $2.50 Hats at....50c

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE
The FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CARFARE

All Trimmed Hats at Great Reductions.

The Farmer's Prosperity

During the past ten years the Farmers of the country have come into their own. They have grown somewhat larger crops by intensive methods, but the real reason of their prosperity is that they have handled their affairs more carefully and have become Business Men as well as Farmers.

A prime requisite in the proper handling of a Farmer's business is a checking account at the Bank. No merchant would try to conduct his business without a checking account, and no Farmer should try to do so.

The Southern National Bank

WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA.

THREW HOT GREASE IN FACE.

Negro Man Badly Burned by Fellow Workman at Logging Camp.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., July 26.—Floyd Wood, colored, came here from the logging woods two miles from Caswell on the Jones county line, yesterday, and exhibited a frightfully burned face at the sheriff's office. An officer last night went to the lumber camp to arrest William Herring, a wagoner.

Wood's story was that he and Herring, together with half a dozen other negroes, occupy a cabin in the camp, and that he aroused the ire of Herring by arriving ahead of him after the day's work Thursday and getting possession of the single stove in the place to cook his supper. On a previous occasion Herring, much the larger man of the two, had resented similar action by Wood and had thrown the latter's supper, in the course of cooking, from the stove, necessitating a trip to the commissary for more rations. Thursday night when Herring arrived and found Wood preparing his meal on the stove, he snatched up a frying pan and threw its contents, a pint or more of sizzling grease, into his face. The man will probably lose his left eye, and is horribly burned about the chest, arms and face.

MYSTIC SHRINERS.

Hold Notable Ceremonial Session and Celebration at Norfolk.

Norfolk, Va., July 26.—Mystic Shriners from Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore, Richmond Raleigh and Charlotte N. C., Trenton and Newark, N. J., joined Khedive Temple of Norfolk in a notable ceremonial session and celebration here today. One thousand Shriners participated. Rain interfered somewhat with the festivities of the day.

Cool bargains in ladies' tan low shoes at Hewlett & Price's.

(advertisement.)

Drawn by "Penny" Ross

Now Watch It Sparkle!

A BUBBLING, effervescing glass of Armour's Grape Juice, charged from a syphon bottle, has a "go" and sparkle that doubles its naturally refreshing qualities when days are hot.

Delightfully cooling plain, too, because it is the pure, undiluted, unsweetened juice of the finest Concord grapes, retaining all the rich, natural flavor.

For sale at fountains, buffets and clubs, grocers' and druggists', by the case and by the bottle.

If your dealer cannot supply you, we will forward you, express prepaid, a trial dozen pints for $3. Quarts, $5.50. Phone our local Branch House or write Armour and Company, Chicago.

Drop us a postal and we will send you a new book of grape juice recipes—a great help in entertaining. FREE by return mail—just send us your name.

(360)

Armour's Grape Juice Bottled Where the Best Grapes Grow

DEALERS—For quick delivery of Armour's Grape Juice, 'Phone 85, or 709-J.——G. B. Fenley, Manager, Wilmington Branch House, Armour & Company.

SUPERIOR COURT ADJOURNS

Judge Rountree Holds That Sheriff is on Duty All the Time—Neely Fined $25 and Costs and Appeals.

Judge Rountree's first term of Superior Court as the presiding officer adjourned sine die at 12:05 o'clock yesterday afternoon. It was a special term and ran for two weeks for the trial of criminal cases only. The term was made necessary on account of the large number of defendants in jail and the long period between the regular terms brought about in the re-districting of the State.

Every jail case was disposed of except a few in which the defendants asked for continuance on account of absence of witnesses, and a great many other important cases were heard during the term.

As was to have been expected Judge Rountree measured up fully to the requirements of the position; his work as presiding officer of the term gave his friends additional evidence of the fact that New Hanover has furnished the judiciary a jurist who is bound to distinguish himself as one of the ablest on the bench in this State. All judges are supposed to be fair and impartial, as well as learned in the law, and as a rule they are, but Judge Rountree seemed to have been just a little more than fair to all sides, if such a thing were possible. He gave more general satisfaction to all sides than any judge presiding in Wilmington in a long time and this, too, at his first term of court. Another noteworthy thing about the court was the fact that everything moved along with the utmost precision and also with the greatest dispatch possible, considering the season of the year. The judiciary has in Hon. George Rountree a judge who is able and as fearless as he is able, a man who understands human nature as well as learned in the science of the law, a man who will reflect credit upon the bench and upon the State.

One of the last acts of Judge Rountree at the special term was to decide in favor of the defendant in a case brought by Sheriff S. P. Cowan against himself for carrying a concealed weapon while on an automobile ride with a party of friends. The purpose Sheriff Cowan had in bringing the action was to get a ruling of court determining the question that had been raised as to when the sheriff or his officers are on duty. Members of the local bar with whom he conferred told the sheriff that there was grave doubt as to the right of the sheriff or an officer appointed by him to carry a pistol except when going to make a known arrest or having a process to be served. Judge Rountree was also consulted by the sheriff and he said the question had never been passed on by the Supreme Court and was an important one.

So in order to get the question before the courts for a ruling, Sheriff Cowan caused himself to be indicted. The Recorder found him guilty and an appeal was taken to Superior Court. Judge Rountree said he wanted two young members of the bar to study up on the question at issue and appear for Sheriff Cowan at the hearing before him as the point involved was a most interesting one and would afford the attorneys some splendid practice. He designated Louis J. Poisson and Kenneth O. Burgwin, Esqs., to present the case from Sheriff Cowan's point of view. They did it and how well is told in the result, for prior to the argument of counsel Judge Rountree rather leaned to the view that the sheriff and his officers were on duty only when having a paper to serve or an arrest to make. County Solicitor Geo. L. Peschau presented the view of the State in his usual very able manner. Judge Rountree called all three attorneys by name and gave them a word of praise for the very able manner in which they had presented the case from their respective sides.

After the evidence was offered by the defense to show that Sheriff Cowan had carried his pistol while out on an automobile ride in this county with a party of friends, argument of counsel began, Mr. Burgwin speaking first. He read a number of cases construing modern laws on the subject of a sheriff's duty and argued by analogy that the sheriff is always on duty by virtue of his office.

County Solicitor Peschau, for the State contended that the sheriff was on duty only when he had some known arrest to make or process to serve and cited cases of a United States marshal, mail carrier and game warden who had been found guilty of carrying a concealed weapon when not in the actual performance of some act in connection with their respective positions.

Louis J. Poisson, Esq., who is one of the ablest of the younger members of the bar, made the closing argument for the defense. His argument was based mainly on the common law. He presented the view that the duties of a sheriff are three-fold: judicial, ministerial and conservator of the peace. The first is his attendance upon court; the second, his serving papers and matters of that nature; the third, taking the initiative in quelling disturbances and other ways of preserving the peace. Mr. Poisson argued that under the common law the sheriff in this case might be guilty of carrying a concealed weapon were his duties confined to the first two—judicial and ministerial. But as a peace officer he is always on duty and is prepared and ready to guard the public peace.

The sheriff, he argued, is given discretion by virtue of his office and the burden is on the State to show a breach of discretion to such extent that he is not prepared to protect the public peace.

Judge Rountree then rendered his decision to the effect that the evidence was not sufficient to show a breach of discretion and that he would adjudge on the facts, nothing else appearing, that a sheriff is always on duty as a peace officer. The State gave notice of an appeal to Supreme Court.

J. B. Neely, a young white man, who was found guilty by a jury late Friday afternoon of violating the prohibition law by selling "No Tax", was yesterday fined $25 and costs. Motions to set aside the verdict and for a new trial, were overruled. The defense gave notice of an appeal to Supreme Court, where it is proposed to test the constitutionality of the near-beer bill of 1911.

The cash bond of Robt. Sneed, charged with gambling, was reduced to $100. There were no jury trials yesterday.

Funeral of Little Child

The funeral of James Alexander, the seven-month-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Montgomery, who died early Friday morning, was held yesterday morning at 9 o'clock from the residence, No. 1103 South Eighth street, conducted by Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor of Fifth Street Methodist church. The interment was in Bellevue cemetery.

PEARSALL MEMORIAL CHURCH

First Service at New Edifice in East Wilmington Will be Held This Afternoon—Initial Sermon by Dr. McClure.

The first service in Pearsall Memorial Presbyterian church, located three miles east of Wilmington, will be held this afternoon at 4 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. This church was only recently completed and is a mission under the care of the congregation of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. During the month of August while Dr. McClure is away on his vacation, services will be held at the church by Rev. H. W. Koelling, assistant pastor of St. Andrew's.

Dr. McClure began preaching in East Wilmington 20 years ago in a school house located near the new church, and the membership of the mission established by him at that time gradually grew to the point where it was necessary to have a church. The funds for building the church were furnished by Mr. Oscar Pearsall. The members, assisted by friends are now furnishing the church, and it will be dedicated in the early Fall when Dr. McClure returns from his vacation.

Beginning next Sunday there will be Sunday School in the church every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. There will be no Sunday School this morning, as it is desired that Dr. McClure conduct the first service because of the faithful work that he has done in building up the church. The new edifice is a neat brick structure fitted up in modern style.

DIED AT WARSAW, N. C.

Mrs. L. W. Hodges Passes After Lingering Illness—Funeral.

Friends in Wilmington have learned with sorrow of the death of Mrs. L. W. Hodges, which occurred at the family home in Warsaw on Tuesday morning at 6:30 o'clock after an illness of more than a year during which time she seemed to be improving until three months ago she began to grow weaker, answering the summons finally at the time named. Mrs. Hodges was born near Richlands, Onslow county, May 22nd, 1844, and was, therefore in the 70th year of her age. She was Miss Mary H. Mills before marriage and was married to Mr. L. W. Hodges September 27th 1864, since which time she had resided at Warsaw. She leaves to mourn her death her husband: one son, Mr. Mills H. Hodges, of Warsaw; a sister, Mrs. Annie M. Noble, of this city, and a half-brother Mr. John Williams, of Richlands, N. C.

Mrs. Hodges was a woman of sterling character, a devout member of Warsaw Methodist church, and was a great religious and charity worker, loved and honored by all who knew her as a Christian woman and a devoted wife and mother.

MRS. J. M. HOLLAND DEAD.

Passed Away Yesterday at Residence on North Fourth Street.

Friends will regret to learn of the death of Mrs. Mary E. Holland, wife of Mr. J. M. Holland, which occurred at 4:50 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the family home, No. 1123 North Fourth street. Mrs. Holland was a devoted member of St. Matthew's English Lutheran church and was held in the highest esteem by all in the range of her acquaintance. She is survived by her husband and four children, who have the tenderest sympathy of a host of friends. They are Mrs. Annie Hudson, Mrs. Katie Woodcock, Mrs. Lillian Schutters and Mr. Walter Holland. She is also survived by one brother, Mr. W. W. Wright. The funeral will be conducted at 4 o'clock Monday afternoon from the residence, and at 4:30 o'clock from St. Matthew's Lutheran church, conducted by the Rev. G. W. McClanahan. The interment will be in Bellevue cemetery.

SMOKER WEDNESDAY NIGHT

Local Carpenters to Have Jollification Meeting—All Invited.

A smoker will be given by Local Union, No. 477, Carpenters and Joiners of America, Wednesday evening of this week, beginning at 8 o'clock, and the affair will be open to all carpenters union or non-union, resident or non-resident, all being most cordially invited to attend the jollification.

Five-minute speeches will be made by some of the members of the various locals connected with the Wilmington Trades Council. Refreshments will be served and a good time is promised all who attend. The committee asks that it be remembered that it is free to all and also that there are no strings to it. The following compose the committee: L. B. Jones, chairman; J. R. Brown, treasurer; T. L. Joyner, Carl Page, secretaries.

FUNERAL OF MRS. DUKE.

Services Held at Residence of Daughter Yesterday Morning.

The funeral of Mrs. Emma Duke, who died early Friday morning at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. W. W. Christian, No. 405 Campbell street, was held yesterday morning at 11 o'clock at the residence, conducted by Rev. W. L. Rexford, pastor of Bladen Street Methodist church, assisted by Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. The services were attended by many friends and relatives and there were beautiful floral designs. The interment was at Bellevue cemetery.

The following gentlemen acted as pall-bearers: Messrs. B. A. Merritt, S. O. Frink, W. G. Craig, D. D. Benton, S. J. Ellis and W. M. Creasy.

Police Outing Next Month.

Much interest has been shown by friends of members of the department in the announcement that the annual outing of the police department will be held at Wrightsville Beach on Wednesday, August 6th. The indications are that one of the largest crowds of the season will be on the island the day of the outing of the city's "finest". A feature of the day will be the square dancing on the Lumina ball room floor. A number of other features will likely be arranged. The committee in charge is composed of Sergeants E. J. Grimsley and H. W. Howell and Patrolman J. S. Lane.

Don't strain your eyes. If you find your eyes bother you a little when you read, it is much easier to attend to them immediately. If you neglect them you will repent later. Eyes examined free. Dr. Vineberg, Masonic Temple. (advertisement.)

Have your eyes tested by Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. You will save time and money. (advertisement.)

WILL RECEIVE SUGGESTIONS

Board of Education to Hold Special Meeting Tomorrow Afternoon—Plans Held Up Waiting the Sale of Bonds

Chairman J. O. Carr yesterday called a special meeting of the County Board of Education for tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock in the office of the superintendent of public instruction at the Court House, primarily, for the purpose of hearing any suggestions from the patrons of the schools with reference to building sites or any other matter of improvement of school property that may occur to those interested in the cause of education in the county.

The Board of Education has had plans sketched for two new school buildings in the city—one in the northern and the other in the southern part of town, and negotiations have been in progress for suitable sites. Chairman Carr stated yesterday that the board has gone about as far as it can go until it is known whether or not the $75,000 worth of school bonds advertised for sale will be disposed of on August 18th, the date set for opening the bids for both the road and school bonds. The condition of the bond market makes it very uncertain whether or not a sufficient bid will be received. Many cities and towns of the country have had a hard time in disposing of their 4 and 4 1-2 per cent bonds. Baltimore, for instance, has been selling 4 1-2 per cent bonds at 90.

Chairman Carr has sent out to a great many bond dealers data relative to the bond issue election and other information that bond buyers usually require before making bids and a number of replies have been received. They indicate, however, that unless the bond market improves before the date for the bids to be opened that there will not be many, if any, bidders for the issue at 4 1-2 per cent. The bonds cannot be sold for less than par, which is provided in the act, but the rate of interest they are to draw is fixed by the County Commissioners. It is believed that in the event no bids are received for the bonds at 4 1-2 per cent interest they could be disposed of locally at 5 per cent, but hardly at 4 1-2 per cent.

As stated the Board of Education cannot proceed with the plans for new buildings until it has assurance that the bonds will be disposed of.

CHURCH NOTICES.

Announcements of Wilmington Pastors for Services Today.

St. Matthew's Ev. Lutheran church, Rev. G. W. McClanahan, pastor—Service at 11 A. M., subject, "Lost Opportunities." Vesper service at 8 o'clock. Young People's service at 7:15 P. M. Wednesday evening service at 8 o'clock.

St. James' Episcopal church, Rev. Dr. W. H. Milton, rector—Morning prayer and sermon at 11 o'clock. A cordial welcome to all.

St. John's Episcopal church, Third and Red Cross streets, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector—Holy communion 7:30 A. M. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 o'clock. Evening prayer at 5:30 o'clock. Seats free and all cordially invited.

Brooklyn Baptist church, Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor—Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Morning subject, "Garrison Duty." Night subject, "Gates of Hell." Sunday school at 4:30 P. M. J. M. Bullard, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday night. B. Y. P. U. Thursday night and Teachers' meeting Friday night. A cordial welcome to all services.

Bladen Street Methodist church, Fifth and Bladen streets—Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by the pastor, Rev. W. L. Rexford. Sunday school at 3:30 P. M., J. B. Taylor, superintendent. Men's prayer meeting at 10 A. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 8 o'clock. To all services the public is cordially invited.

Grace Methodist church, corner Fourth and Grace streets, Rev. J. D. Bundy, pastor—Usual preaching services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Subject for morning service: "The Blessedness of the Christian." Subject at night service: "The Place of the Conscience in Human Destiny." Sunday school at 9:45 A. M., Mr. M. F. Allen, superintendent. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Epworth League Friday evening at 8 o'clock. The public cordially invited to all these services.

First Baptist church, corner Fifth and Market streets, Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster, pastor—Worship at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Subject at morning service: "Follow Me and I Will Make you." Subject at evening service: "Help Thou Mine Unbelief." Sunday school at 9:45 A. M.

WILMINGTON'S NEW STATION.

New Facility Will be Heralded With Satisfaction by Public.

From the "Rail and Crosstie Notes" of yesterday's Columbia State, the following of interest in Wilmington is taken:

"W. A. Gore, of Hamlet, superintendent of the North Carolina division of Seaboard Air Line Railway, when in Columbia several days ago on business, said that since April 27th, 89 per cent of the trains on his division were operated 'on time.' This is a splendid record. Mr. Gore has one of the largest divisions on the entire line.

"The new union station at Wilmington, N. C., will accommodate the 28 passenger trains of the Atlantic Coast Line, Seaboard Air Line and Wilmington, Brunswick & Southern, that enter and leave Wilmington daily, and the new facility will be heralded with satisfaction by the traveling public, especially so during the Summer months when large crowds visit the nearby resorts from all parts of the South. In erecting the new station the Coast Line took advantage of the pressing need for additional office space, and will utilize a portion of the building for their general offices, in addition to their several large structures devoted to this use. The station is complete in every detail, and will compare favorably with similar accommodations in much larger cities. The cost of the building was $325,000."

Will be Married This Week

Friends of the couple will be interested in the announcement of the approaching marriage of Mrs. Julia Bonham, of this city, and Mr. J. M. Bowden, which will take place at 5 o'clock Thursday afternoon at the home of the bride-elect's sister, Mrs. Mary Cox, No. 813 North Third street. Rev. W. L. Rexford, pastor of Bladen Street Methodist church, will officiate. The couple will leave on the evening train for Ashton, where they will visit relatives.

At the Beach Today.

Concerts at hotels; concerts at Lumina 11:00 A. M., 3:30 and 8:30 P. M. Surf bathing. (advertisement)

ANNUAL REPORT ORPHANAGE

Work Done by the Methodist Home for Children at Raleigh During Year—Statement of Superintendent Cole

The Methodist people and others interested in orphanage work will find the following report of Superintendent J. N. Cole, of the Methodist Orphanage in Raleigh, of interest:

Some years ago a child in England was bereft of father and mother and near kindred, and was left homeless and penniless in the great world. A distant relative, years before, had crossed to America and had settled in a remote frontier Western State. This child was sent, unattended and alone, across the wide leagues of the Atlantic and across vast stretches of the American continent to that remote frontier home. In all her travels she received every kindly attention and lacked for nothing. On the great steamer, in the crowded railway coach, along the trail of the pioneer and among the rough-riders of the plains, all men had a care for the child.

What was it that lifted this child out of her lot of loneliness and of desolation and made her the object of universal concern? It was the touch of the Christ upon the heart of humanity—it was the homage that the world paid to the Christ. For this child wore on her sleeve a card that told the story of her orphanhood with these words added, "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these, ye have done it unto me."

It was the Christ that took the orphan child to his arms and commended it to the care of his church—it was He that said, "Whosoever shall give to drink unto one of these little ones a cup of cold water shall in no wise lose his reward;" and it was He that taught men that the "pure and undefiled religion before God and the Father is this, to visit the fatherless and widows in their affliction, and to keep himself unspotted from the world."

And the world has been won to this teaching of the Christ; the world believes that genuine Christianity means the unspotted life and the unselfish life. Even wicked men that make no effort at virtue believe that virtue ought to mark the life of the Christian and that good works ought to be the badge of his profession.

And wherever you find this type of Christianity, the world loves it. And as to the care of the orphan, so beautiful is the teaching of Christ that sometimes even the men of the world join with the friends of Jesus in giving help to the orphan. Jesus touched the universal heart when he turned the thought of men to the orphan child and commanded them to succor and defend it.

For among all the objects of our pity and of our compassion, there are none that are so utterly pitiable and defenseless as the orphan child. When we consider the fact of the helplessness of childhood—that the child is unprotected and inexperienced and is absolutely without the knowledge of evil and is therefore unsuspecting of evil men, and when we consider the fact that he is in an evil world and that there is peril along every path in which he may walk, and when we consider the fact that the counsel and protection of parenthood has been taken from the orphan child, then we see how great is the exposure of the orphan to peril and to the destructive forces of society, and how real is the appeal that the lot of the orphan makes to the compassion of mankind.

The beggar at your door, the scarred veteran on his crutch in all his deep need knows at least the laws of self-protection, but the child knows nothing.

It is with profound gratitude to God that I contemplate the wide extent of the friendship that He has given the cause o fthe orphan in the hearts of the people of North Carolina, and that He has planted the Methodist Orphanage at Raleigh in the love and favor of a large constituency. For far and near our institution has not lacked for friends since its foundations were laid by the brave and forward-looking Jenkins.

The past year has been a year of strength and of comfort and of happiness.

We have had no deaths, we have had no scourge, we have had no serious sickness. For several weeks we were under quarantine because of two cases of scarlet fever. We've had several delicate and difficult surgical operations, and some general sickness of a mild sort, but our physician friends have served us with unwearied faithfulness just as though we had been rich, and always without charge.

We have now present in the institution 99 girls and 83 boys. During the year we have received 53 children and have sent away 12, ten of these returning to their people. Two finished with us, a girl entering college and a boy taking employment on a farm.

I am glad to report that the domestic and household work of the institution has been about all that we could wish as to cleanliness and healthful ness and comfort. I know of no workers more faithful and more efficient than those that are serving our children out here.

Our children have made reasonable progress in school and show that they have been under efficient and careful instruction. Their religious life is a daily concern to every worker here, and I am glad to believe that the blessing of heaven is upon all their labor.

Since our last meeting the following bequests have been made to the institution:

A bequest of $51.75 from the estate of Mrs. Sophia Hammond, of Chatham county; a bequest from the late John T. Pullen in value not yet determined; a bequest from the late Walter Womble, of Oklahoma, and a bequest of $1,000 from the late Brother D. E. McKinne, of Princeton, N. C.

Thus step by step the Lord is leading us and giving us friends that are helping the institution to come into that larger life and into that wider field that she is destined under God to fill in the coming years.

The expense account of the institution shows the following expenditures for the year, June, 1912 to June, 1913:

Salaries, $5,778.43; sundries (dry goods, clothing, shoes, books, stationery, postage, drugs, laundry, traveling expense and other sundries), $2,611.41; provisions, $4,962.95; light, $317.64; water, $427.78; fuel, $1,461.96; Page building, $921.19; land purchase, $2,200; insurance, $710.25; Jackson building, $11,001.92; boys' old building, $3,429.38; girls' building, $3,073.67; annuity, $300.

By adding the first six items above, we get the full cost per child for maintenance and education in our institution for one year, which is $15,554.17 for 165 children, the average enrollment, which is $93.66 per child, which is $7.80 per month.

The products from our farm and donations in kind from some of our friends and the fine economy of our workers have made these figures possible. In this expense exhibit, the cost of running the farm is charged to the provision account, and what comes off the farm goes to reduce our purchases for provisions.

Our expense account shows the large expenditures that we have made for repairs and for permanent improvements and for furnishings and for new buildings. The second girls' building is going up and will be the exact reproduction of the Jackson building. These things have laid a great cost upon the institution, and we look with assurance to our friends to "get under" with us and carry us forward to larger capacity for service.

We can never contemplate the work for orphan children that has been done in our State without thankfulness to God, and we can never dismiss the subject from our thought without thinking of the work still to be done. For the field is large, and it is white with opportunity. We have only touched the border of this great orphan world. There are vast regions that we have not yet entered. There are unnumbered children homeless and defenseless standing out in the night waiting for the hand of some friend of the Christ to open to them the gates of light. It is for us who have started well to go further into this darkness and to bring the day of redemption where there has been hopeless night. Here is the field for vast armies of workers and for vast offerings of gold.

$3.50 and $4.00 ladies' low tan shoes $2.48 at Hewlett & Price's. (advertisement.)

The Bank Account

—Is the first step toward success and fortune

—Protects your family in emergencies.

—Educates your children.

—Makes you independent.

—Gives you a standing in the community.

—Is a valuable aid in any enterprise undertaken anywhere by anybody under any conditions.

—If You do not have a bank account, let us suggest that you start one with us

The PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK

Front and Princess Streets

Teach the Children to Save!

Take out a pass book in your child's name and let them add to the account by saving the pennies.

We want your account, no matter how small.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

110 Princess Street

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy"

THE BIGGEST BARGAINS

Yet Offered During This Red Tag Sale!

Four More Days of Bargain Feast

Our Big, Cool, Comfortable Store makes Shopping here a pleasure—plenty of room—prompt and efficient service, and reliable merchandise, backed by the POLVOGT GUARANTEE of "Quality" makes this store the most profitable shopping place in our city. Make POLVOGT'S Your Store. You will appreciate our Service more every time you visit us.

OPPORTUNITIES TO SAVE IN SILKS.

Black Silk Messaline, 36 inches wide; our regular $1.00 number; Tag Price, yard 78c

Colored Foulard Silks, a large assortment of colors to select from, 27 and 36 inches wide; regular 75c quality; Tag Price, yard 43c

Black Peau de Soie Silk, 36 inches wide; standard quality; regular $1.25 quality; Tag Price, yard 98c

20-inch colored stripe Messaline Silk; our 65c quality; Tag Price, yard 39c

75c quality 36-inch wide Colored Ratine, silk finish; pink, old rose, light blue, Copenhagen and white; Tag Price, yard 59c

27-inch Colored Ratine; full line of colors to select from; Tag Price, yard 23c

Colored Nolly Voile and Striped Ratine; regular 25c quality; Tag Price, yard 15c

36-inch solid colors in French Voiles; nile green, reseda brown, black, and white; Tag Price, yard 25c

TEMPTING PRICES ON DINING ROOM LINENS.

60-inch Mercerized Table Damask; 65c quality; Tag Price, yard 42c

60-inch Mercerized Table Damask; 35c quality; Tag Price, yard 25c

72-inch Linen Table Damask; $1.00 quality; Tag Price, yard 89c

72-inch Linen Table Damask; $1.25 quality; Tag Price, yard 98c

18x18 Linen Napkins; $1.50 quality; Tag Price, doz $1.29

22x22 Linen Napkins; $2.00 quality; Tag Price, doz $1.69

22x22 Linen Napkins; $3.00 quality; Tag Price, doz $2.25

SHEETS AND PILLOW CASES.

42x36 Superior Pillow Cases, plain; our regular 15c quality; Tag Price 10c

45x36 Special Pillow Cases, plain; regular 20c quality; Tag Price 15c

45x36 Popular Pillow Cases, plain; regular 18c quality; Tag Price 12c

45x36 Famous Mohawk Pillow Cases; regular 25c quality; Tag Price 20c

45x36 Hemstitched Pillow Cases; regular 25c quality; Tag Price 18c

81x90 Mohawk Sheets; regular $1.00 quality; Tag Price 79c

90x90 Mohawk Sheets; regular $1.10 quality; Tag Price 89c

81x90 Lenox Sheets; regular 85c quality; Tag Price 69c

72x90 Sheets; dandy; regular 65c quality; Tag Price 42c

81x90 Hemstitched Mohawk Sheets, $1.00 quality; Tag Price 89c

90x90 Hemstitched Mohawk Sheets; regular $1.25 quality; Tag Price 98c

Everything at Reduced Prices in Our Ready-to-Wear Section for This Sale. Every Garment Must be Sold—Tremendous Reductions!

$1.25 House Dresses, Chambray and Percales; Tag Price 95c

$1.75 and $2.00 Chambray Dresses, blue and tan; Tag Price $1.19

Crepe Kimonas, all colors; Tag Price 95c

Lawn House Dresses, $1.00 quality; Tag Price 59c

$4.00 Rain Coats; Tag Price $3.29

$1.50 quality Voile Shirt Waists; Tag Price $1.19

Big reduction in Silk Kimonas; Prices range as follows ..... $3, $3.50, $4, $5 and $7

Big reductions in our entire line of Voile and Ratine Dresses for this Great Tag Sale.

Big cut in our Entire Line of White Serge Coat Suits, for this Sale. Prices, a suit are as follows ..... $12.50, $15, $18 and $20

One-half Off on our Entire Line of Spring Coat Suits:—

$20.00 Coat Suits; Tag Price $10.00

$22.50 Coat Suits; Tag Price 11.25

$25.00 Coat Suits; Tag Price 12.50

$30.00 Coat Suits; Tag Price 15.00

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

Wilmington's Shopping Center.

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

At the evening service at the First Baptist church today, Messrs. McColl and Neur will sing a duet.

* * *

Mrs. Frank E. Brooks, of St. Matthews, S. C., is the guest of Mrs. Herbert H. Ford on Chesnut street.

* * *

Mr. Jos. S. Mitchell, of Florence, came over yesterday to spend the week-end at Wrightsville Beach.

* * *

Miss Christine Baker, of Gaffney, S. C., is visiting Miss Carrie Newkirk, No. 416 South Sixth street.

* * *

Miss Florence Hawkins has returned from the State Normal and Industrial College at Greensboro, where she attended school the past year.

* * *

Yesterday's Raleigh News and Observer: "Mrs. G. H. Dew and Miss Rosa Forbes, of Wilmington, were in Raleigh yesterday."

* * *

Mr. A. W. Fetter, wife and children, of Greensboro, N. C., are the guests of Mr. Fetter's brother, Mr. F. A. Fetter, at his home in Carolina Heights.

* * *

Mrs. T. A. Means, of Atlanta, Ga., is the guest of her uncle, Mr. A. H. Morris, who, friends will regret to learn, has been very ill for three weeks.

* * *

Miss Madge Williamson, a very attractive young lady of Clinton, N. C., returned to her home yesterday, after spending several days with Miss Lollie Mathews at Carolina Place.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Hodges and children accompanied by Mrs. Hodges' sister, Miss Rachel Berger, left yesterday afternoon for Green Mountain, where they will spend several days.

* * *

Friends will be glad to learn that the condition of Maurice, the 16-year-old son of Mayor and Mrs. Parker Quince Moore, is much improved, and that the prospects for his early recovery are bright.

* * *

The Clyde Line steamer Navahoe sailed at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon for New York City with the following passengers: A. Lindquist, T. C. Shahan, Arthur Page, A. Stevens, A.L. Woodart, Miss Mary Rhew, Miss Ellie Sinclair.

* * *

Yesterday afternoon's Fayetteville Observer: "Miss Nellie Cook, of Wilmington, left here yesterday for Montreat, after spending Wednesday with her brothers, the Messrs. Cook, of this city. Mrs. Emma Owen, her sister, accompanied her."

* * *

Burgaw, N. C., July 26.—An entertainment will be given in the Court House here by the children on Monday night, July 28th, for the benefit of the bell fund of the Episcopal church. After the entertainment refreshments will be served on the Court House square.

* * *

Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, and his family will leave Thursday night for Linden, Warren county, Va., where they will spend the month of August with Rev. Dr. W. McC. White and family in their bungalow. Dr. White is pastor of the First Presbyterian church, Raleigh.

* * *

Announcements containing the following pleasing announcement have been received by friends in this section of the State: "Mr. Henry Beatty announces the approaching marriage of his sister, Margaret Hunter Beatty to Mr. Norman James Herring, on Wednesday afternoon, the third of September, at half after four o'clock South River Presbyterian church, Tomahawk, N. C."

* * *

A delightful tacky party was given Friday evening at the home of Miss Hattie Grafflin in honor of Miss Eddie Avery, of Dover, N. C. During the evening many games were played, after which refreshments were served. The prizes were won by Miss Ethel Jenkins and Mr. Clyde King. Among those in attendance were Misses Hattie Grafflin, Rachel Grafflin, Eddie Avery, Gaynell Nixon, Marie Nixon, Ethel Jenkins; Messrs. Christopher Grafflin, Charlie Nixon, Roy King, Clyde King, George Bland, Carey Murrell Robert Snakenberg, Murray Grant, Ernest Pittman and Freeman Pittman. The chaperones were Mrs. Hattie Grafflin and Mrs. Swindell Murray.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—J. McRae Dalton, of Winston-Salem, is spending the day in the city.

—Friends of Mr. R. N. Murphy will regret to know he is critically ill of typhoid fever at the residence of his mother-in-law, Mrs. J. A. Boykin, No. 514 Princess street.

—Mr. O. B. Darden, of Freemont; Mr. W. G. Sheppard, of Farmville, and Mr. J. Edward McCleas, of Durham, re guests at the home of Mr. B. H. Houston, at 313 Grace street.

—Included in the arrivals at the Southern Hotel yesterday were W. D. Morgan, Salisbury; S. J. Galloway, Hamlet; R. C. Williams, Magnolia; S. H. Mallen, Fremont; R. F. Mears and W. P. Allen, Ivanhoe; J. C. Mercer, Elizabethtown; J. N. Boone, Newport; Miss Bessie Smith, Southport; B. T. Atkins, Rosindale; W. F. Sandilin, Council.

—Mrs. Margaret L. Vaughn, 146 Hall avenue, Washington, Pa., after spending since April 2nd, at Scott's Hill, N. C., has returned to her home, having fully recovered from a nervous breakdown over three years ago. Mrs. Vaughn was left so she could not walk without assistance and at length lost her voice. After consulting the best specialists without benefit, she was entirely restored to health by the magnificent climate at Scott's Hill and is enthusiastic over her visit to this delightful place on the Carolina coast.

DIED FAR FROM HOME

Mr. D. P. Quinn, of Hartford, Conn., Passed After Long Illness

Mr. DeWitt P. Quinn, a printer employed for some time by the Wilmington Stamp & Printing Company, passed away at Harper's Sanitarium Friday night at 10 o'clock, after a long illness of typhoid fever. The body, accompanied by Mrs. Quinn, was taken to Hartford, Conn., last night on the 6:45 train. A committee from the local Typographical Union of which Mr. Quinn was a member, escorted the remains to the station last night.

Mr. Quinn came to Wilmington from Norfolk, Va., where he had previously worked. Both he and his wife were employed at the plant of the Wilmington Stamp & Printing Company, and lived at No. 110 Dock street. He was 46 years of age.

Carolina Beach—15 Cents.

To the Pier and Return. Steamer Wilmington leaves at 7:30 tonight.

(advertisement.)

LOCAL DOTS.

—On account of attorneys being busy in Superior Court there was no Recorder's court yesterday. All cases were ordered continued until Monday.

—The colored people of St. Luke's church will operate an excursion tomorrow on the steamer Wilmington to Southport, two trips, at 9 and 2:30 o'clock.

—The fire department was called out yesterday morning about 10 o'clock to extinguish a small blaze on the second floor of Mr. H. L. Fennell's garage on North Second street. There was little damage done.

—Yesterday's Columbia, S. C., State: "Miss Mayme Myers Rudd, of Burgaw, N. C., and M. P. Rampey, of Columbia, were married Thursday afternoon at the parsonage of the Main Street Methodist church by the pastor, the Rev. Thos. G. Herbert."

—Attention of automobilists is called to the notice by Chief of Police N. J. Williams that State numbers must be registered with the city clerk and treasurer at once. This is important as officers on the street have instructions to arrest all violators of this ordinance.

ATLANTIC PANAMA EXPO.

Proposed Exposition to be Held on East Coast in 1916.

If the dreams of Dr. Russell Bellamy materialize, the proposed Atlantic Panama Exposition on the Atlantic coast in 1916 would rank with the most renowned events of similar character that have been held in this country. It is proposed to hold it after the California celebration. Fifty citizens of the city have been appointed a committee to ascertain its feasibility, and if they give it approval, 100 delegates from the State will be appointed to co-operate with the city, and cinch the exposition for Wilmington, on sites declared ideal, on the shores of the Cape Fear and the ocean. New York people have shown interest in the plans, including several of the best known exposition experts.

Electricity, hygiene, agriculture and horticulture will be features.

That an Eastern exposition celebrating the completion of the Panama canal should be held is admitted. Midway between the great Atlantic ports and Panama, on the direct route to the canal, nearer the paths of ocean traffic than any other coast, it is declared that in this vicinity is the ideal spot for the big show. The attractiveness of the idea is not debated. The ability of the city and State to swing such an enterprise far enough to enlist sufficient financial support is the question. The financial plan includes the flotation of bonds of small denominations, which would admit a certain number of people to the exposition, thus securing funds and at the same time interesting many people in the exposition. Decisive action is expected in no great while, determining the relation this city will have to the proposition.

FUNERAL OF MR. CAPPS

Services and Interment at Masonboro Baptist Church Yesterday

The funeral of Mr. A. D. Capps, who died at his home at Masonboro Sound Friday morning, was held yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Masonboro Baptist church, conducted by the pastor, Rev. James Harrell. The interment was at the church. The church was filled with a large number of friends and relatives of the bereaved family. The pallbearers were as follows: Messrs. Eli Sullivan, J. P. Herring, W. H. Lumsden, R. J. Hedrick, Morris Alfred and Oscar Buck.

SUCCESS ATTENDS REVIVAL.

More Than Three Score Join Church at Dunn—Rev. F. B. King.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Dunn, N. C., July 26.—For the past 15 days Rev. F. B. King, of Raleigh, has been assisting the pastor of the Baptist church, Rev. James Long, in a series of meetings here. The Baptist people are strong in numbers in this town and many thought it unwise to begin a meeting just at this time, but Mr. King came and threw himself into the meeting and asked the people to stand with him. The members of the church responded nobly and did faithful work during the meeting. At the close of the service last night a number of gray haired men and younger men and women gave themselves over to the work of the Kingdom, and offered their names for church membership. Sixty-four joined the church during the meeting, and a number of others professed Christ and will join other churches.

One thing remarkable about the work here has been the large number of heads of families that have joined the church. A majority of the 64 have been men and women, a number being classed as older people. Mr. King is an intensive worker. He plans his campaigns and carries them out with system and good judgment. He has been greatly blessed in his work and the keynote of his success is the personal effort put forth in his meetings. He is devoted to his work and pleads with earnestness and power for the better life. His after meetings held from time to time during the series were a great factor in causing the membership of the church to realize a higher sense of their Christian duty. This called forth action on the part of the Christians and this action directed by such consecrated men as the pastor and Mr. King, accounts for the big success of the meeting. Mr. King is a Home Board evangelist, and he left here today to assist Rev. J. A. Campbell in a meeting at Spring Branch church, near Dunn. His coming to Dunn will always be remembered because of the good work he did.

SHOT HIMSELF.

Rash Act Result of Domestic Troubles.

Kansas City, Mo., July 26.—Douglas Hertz, of Kansas City, whose wife disappeared from a hotel in St. Louis last Thursday, shot and dangerously wounded himself as a result of a telephone conversation with her here tonight. Mrs. Hertz was located at her home of a friend. Hertz entered a saloon and telephoned his wife from there. After a long conversation he stepped away from the telephone and shot himself. Hertz is a graduate of Cambridge University, and it is said his father is a member of the British Parliament. Hertz said his father was worth $5,000,000. Hertz has had two brides in the last ten weeks. His first wife, Miss Madeline Lawless, of Strong City, Kas., was killed in a motor car accident near Saffordville, Kas., while they were on their honeymoon trip. Eight weeks later he married Miss Mamie Roy, of this city. The second wife disappeared from their home in St. Louis Thursday. She refused tonight to explain why she had left her husband.

Will Relieve Nervous Depression and Low Spirits.

The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS chill Tonic, arouses the liver, drives out Malaria and builds up the system. A sure Appetizer and aid to digestion. 50c.

(Advertisement.)

Wrightsville Beach

Tuesday's Raleigh News and Observer: "Mr. and Mrs. Frank Simpson left yesterday for a visit to Wrightsville Beach."

Included in those registered at the Honever Inn yesterday were Mrs. P. K. Bryan, Scott's Hill; W. P. Shearer and J. H. Langham, Philadelphia.

Fishing was a popular sport yesterday afternoon, and a great many went down from Wilmington for an afternoon of pleasure with hook and line. Good catches are reported.

Mrs. Robt. C. Thompson, of Charleston, W. Va., arrived Friday to spend three or four weeks with her son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Maffitt, at their cottage on the beach.

Mr. Joyce Gibbons, of Lexington, Ky., and Miss Carrie Bryan Sloan, of Garland, are spending the week-end with Mr. Richard Westbrook and Miss Elizabeth Westbrook at their home on the Sound.

Misses Ruth Dixon and Madie Johnson and Mrs. Fannie Bostick, of Atlanta, who spent 10 days at the Seashore Hotel, returned Friday to their homes. Miss Dixon is a sister of Mrs. Benjamin Jones, of Wilmington.

A splendid exhibition of fireworks will be given at Lumina Monday night by the Tidewater Power Company. The display will begin at 9:30 o'clock, and will be the most expensive and elaborate that has been handled at the resort this season.

Yesterday's Durham Herald: "H. L. Ferguson, union ticket agent, left yesterday afternoon for Wilmington, where he will spend the remainder of the week with friends. Mr. Ferguson expects to spend the greater part of his time at Wrightsville Beach."

The surf bathing yesterday afternoon was the finest of the Summer, and hundreds from the beach and from Wilmington availed themselves of the opportunity to take a dip. It was perhaps the largest crowd of the Summer, and the bath houses were taxed to their utmost capacity.

Among those registered at the Oceanic Hotel yesterday were Chas. A. Cagle, Forala, Fla.; Mrs. E. E. Esdick and Mrs. N. P. Wade, Pulaski, Tenn.; Elliott Springs and Leroy Springs, Lancaster, S. C.; C. A. Trussell, Atlanta; C. E. McKee, Kansas City; P. G. Dooman, Atlanta; J. A. Buchanan, Atlanta.

A dancing class has been started at the Oceanic Hotel by Miss Vivian Moncure, of Raleigh, who will teach all the newer modes of dancing. As there are a great number of people on the beach who have expressed themselves as desiring to learn the new steps it is expected that Miss Moncure will have a large class.

Yesterday's Wilson Times: "Mr. and Mrs. Osmond W. Johns left today for Wrightsville Beach, where they will spend several days.——Mrs. W. D. Hackney, and daughters, Misses Martha and Sudie, have returned from Wrightsville Beach, Miss Louise Blue, of Aberdeen, who was with them at Wrightsville, returned to her home. She will be the guests of the Misses Hackney next week."

Following is the musical programme which will be given by the orchestra at the Oceanic Hotel today from 12:30 to 2:30 o'clock:

Medley March—"Some Boy" ..... Stamper and Buck

Waltz—"You and You," from "Die Fledermaus" ..... Joh. Strauss

Serenade d' Amour ..... Von Blon

Misere from "Il Trovatore" (by request) ..... Verdi

Morceau Characteristic—"A Dream of Spring" ..... Flath

Selection from "Alma, Where Do You Live?" ..... Briquet

Scene Arabe—"Under the Palm Trees" ..... Haack

Finale—"Good-bye Boys" .. Von Tilzer

Mrs. Frank Pearson, the well known Atlanta singer, will complete her engagement for the Summer at Lumina with her appearance at the concerts this afternoon and evening. Mrs. Pearson is quite a favorite with many who attend the Lumina concerts and doubtless hundreds will go down from the city today to hear her sing. This afternoon she will sing by request, "In the Garden of My Heart" and tonight she will sing "With You in Eternity." Among the orchestral numbers on the programme deserving special mention are: "Characteristic," "The Baby Parade," Arthur Pryor; Egyptian Ballot Suite Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, A. Luigini; Overture, "Semiramide," Rossini; Grand selections from "Tanhauser," Richard Wagner; quartette from "Rigoletto," G. Verdi. The afternoon concert begins at 3:30 o'clock and the evening concert at 8:30.

Included in the arrivals at the Seashore Hotel yesterday were Mrs. C. J. Watkins and Mrs. George Pegram, Farnsdale, Ala.; Mrs. E. W. Petturst, Selma, Ala.; Misses Rebecca Walker, Margaret P. Stevens and Minnie P. Walker, Charlotte; Mrs. A. H. De Vaughn, Augusta; Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Efird, Miss Nell Suggs and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Efird, Albemarle; M. L. Correll, Lumberton; Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Dickson and Miss Agnes Dickson, Douglas, Ga.; Miss Bessie Powell, Lake Waccamaw; Miss Jane Powell, Whiteville; Mrs. John Grantham, Miss Annabell Grantham and Ludric Grantham, Goldsboro; Fleta Taylor, LaGrange; H. K. Rees and P. W. D. Jones, Charlotte; J. W. Riley, Atlanta; M. C. Woods, Marion, S. C.; C. B. Riddick, Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Harper and Mrs. L. R. Harper, Commerce, Ga.; C. C. Hill, Darlington, S. C.; Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Bethea, Dillon, S. C.; Misses Nellie, Katy and Minnie Hill, Marietta, Ga.; J. S. Lyell, Kings Bluff; W. J. Huggins, Nichols, S. C.; T. B. Johnson, Barnwell; Mr. and Mrs. L. Cunningham and Miss L. Alma Cunningham, Dillon, S. C.

ORDAIN AND INSTALL PASTOR

Rev. W. W. Morton Takes Charge at Whiteville and Chadbourn

Rev. W. W. Morton, a recent graduate of the Union Theological Seminary, of Richmond, Va., was ordained and installed as pastor of the Chadbourn Presbyterian church Thursday night, and on Friday night he was installed as pastor of the Whiteville Presbyterian church. On each Fifth Sunday he will preach at Boardman. Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, Rev. J. M. Plowden and Rev. A. J. Howell, of Wilmington, and Ruling Elder J. F. Dunn, of Whiteville, were the ordination committee which had charge of the ordination and installation services. The Wilmington pastors returned to the city late Friday night.

At the Beach Today.

Concerts at hotels; concerts at Lumina 11:00 A. M., 3:30 and 8:30 P. M. Surf bathing. (advertisement.)

THE AMERICAN SUNDAY.

Commercialized Sport Has No Place in It—Sunday Baseball.

Anent the discussion of a "wide open" Sunday, and in connection with a recent article on the subject of Sunday legislation and court decisions, the following may be of interest, written by W. W. T. Duncan, of New Rochelle, N. Y., to the New York Tribune, in reply to a previous communication relative to an injunction prohibiting a game of Sunday baseball:

Permit a word of reply to your correspondent, Mr. James F. Morton, Jr., regarding the relation of Sunday baseball to the union of Church and State. Church and State are separated in this country in order that Christian morality and Christian ideals may be the more thoroughly promoted. While the law recognizes no religious sect it does most positively recognize Christian ethics and is most distinctively a Christian nation. Justice David J. Brewer, of the United States Supreme Court, said in his Yale lectures in 1907: "This is a Christian nation. The dominant thought and purpose of the nation accord with the great principles taught by the Founder of Christianity. Its first settlements were made in its name, and while every one is welcome, whether a believer in Christianity or in any other religion, or in no religion, yet the principles of Christianity are the foundations of our social and political life." He says further that the Republic is "as truly a Christian nation as is England with its established church, or as is Turkey a Mahometan nation. * * * Indeed the very fact that it has no established church makes one of its highest credentials to the title of a Christian nation." Other authorities in abundance may be quoted to the same effect.

Now, the American Sunday is a Christian institution which the law seeks to protect. That law as interpreted by the courts places no ban on private sports and has no word to say against playing baseball on Sunday any more than playing lawn tennis. It is not the playing of ball, but the witnessing of an exhibition game of ball where large crowds assemble and money is paid to witness the exhibition. This the law declares tends to make the day like other days of the week when regular business is transacted and commercialized sport is carried on. Hence it excludes these features. That such an exclusion is not antiquated nor out of harmony with the views of the people is shown by the fact that the strongest kind of protest has gone up from the people when business interests have bombarded the Legislature in the attempt to repeal the law in the interests of commercialism. Commercialized Sunday sport always begets Sunday labor.

It is evident then, that Mr. Morton has mistaken the principles which underlie the whole question. His entire reference to personal religious observance of Sunday is altogether irrelevant. The questions of church attendance, observance of Lent, Biblical quotations, do not touch the case at all. It is entirely a question of the protection of the American Sunday, which is a Christian institution expressive of the ideals and ethics of a Christian nation. Church and State are separated in order that no particular sect of Christians shall receive governmental support at the expense of another Christian sect. The legal prohibition of the sale of meat on Friday would be unjust discrimination in favor of the Roman Catholic sect just as the recognition of the Methodist Episcopal church as the State church would be unjust discrimination in favor of the Methodist sect. That is entirely distinct in kind from the legal protection of the Christian institution of Sunday which fosters the ideals and morals of the common Christianity of the country which all Christian sects unite to promote.

Mr. Morton forgets that no man is required by law to do anything personally religious whatever. He may never darken the doors of a church and may live the life of a perfect heathen; he may play baseball or tennis or golf to his heart's content. But when he assembles hundreds of people to witness his favorite sport, collects hundreds of dollars from them, stimulates them to noisy demonstration, he is not engaged in private recreation, but is taking the national institution of Sunday for personal enterprises, and at this point the law rightfully steps in and tells him what he may and what he may not do.

LONGEST BERRY SEASON

The 1913 Strawberry Crop Extended Farther Than Ever Before

The Carolina Fruit and Truckers' Journal of this week says:

"It will be interesting to many of our readers and the public at large to know that the last shipment of strawberries from this section went out from Rose Hill on July 8th, although the last carload shipment moved out June 17th, from the same place.

"The first shipment by express went forward on March 23rd, from Whiteville, and with the last shipment moving out July 8th, records the longest shipping season on record in the strawberry district of North Carolina. The carload movement began on April 4th, and ending with June 17th gave the growers a carload movement of two months and a half and an express movement of three months.

"During this time 960 carloads moved out from stations along the different divisions of the Atlantic Coast Line under refrigeration, with 76 cars over the Seaboard Air Line, making a total of 1,036 cars under refrigeration, and 280 cars represented by the 62,468 crates by express foots up a grand total for the season of 1,316 cars for the entire territory, against 1,523 for the previous season of 1912. Of this amount the W. C. & A. division or Chadbourn section, shipped 631 cars under refrigeration, while the W. & W. division shipped 329 in car lot quantities under refrigeration and 54,519 crates by express, while the Chadbourn section or W., C. & A. division shipped 3,824 crates by express.

"As to the general average of prices it is rather difficult to obtain. At some points the growers say they averaged at least $3 per crate the season through. At other points $2.50 is put down as a fair average, while at still other stations we have had the prices averaging $2.75. We think, however, from the best information we have been able to obtain at many of the shipping points from responsible growers, that the average price for strawberries will be about $2.75 per crate. More berries went out on consignment this year than last by fully 50 per cent. Many of those who consigned their berries this year say they will never sell another berry on the platform, while there are others who say they will sell hereafter rather than consign and thus it goes.

"The large number of shipping points that are never visited by buyers makes it certain that the consignment business must necessarily increase in the future. Of course there are advantages in platform sales as well as the consignment policy, but we believe in the end that the latter insures better fruit and as the quality and grade of the fruit is improved, the prices must necessarily grade higher in proportion. It is an open secret that fruit put up for platform sales is never as carefully graded or packed as berries put up for consignment. Possibly it is the result of this fact that consigned berries sell better and unusually command higher prices than those bought on the platform and shipped out by jobbers.

"It is too early as yet to venture an intelligent prediction as to the increase in strawberry acreage another year for the growers are practically agreed that September, October and November are the months best suited to setting plants in the territory to insure a good stand. In a subsequent issue this feature will be elaborately treated in these columns after all the new plants shall have been set for the season of 1914. As a matter of fact, many growers now set their fresh plants in the early Spring during February and March, claiming that they get a better stand than if they had set out in the Fall months."

WITH THE MOVIES

A doubly strong farce comedy of clever and eccentric situations is "Billy McGrath on Broadway," Essanay, to be shown Monday afternoon and night at the Grand. Billy longs for the footlights, and daringly sweeps forward with a company for which he puts up the cash. The actresses strike, and Billy can get no more players. He hits upon a plan with an improvised company, including the scrub woman and the janitor and wings forward to success in a screamingly funny manner. "His House in Order, or the Widower's Quest," Vitagraph, is a comedy drama telling pleasingly of a widower's looking over the hills and far away for a wife, when he could have saved time by looking nearer home. "Along the Nile," Edison, is a devidedly instractive as well as interesting educational film. The Grand is always cool and comfortable, with the admission price day and night only five cents.

At the Bijou.

Monday the Bijou will begin a new week of splendid pictures with one of the biggest offerings ever made in Wilmington—a monster three-reel Vitagraph, "The Snare of Fate", which is dramatically strong and graphic in action. Of course, this will be the feature and there will be one or more other films to lend variety and charm to the general offering.

The big three-reel Vitagraph is the story of love and finance. The son of a capitalist falls in love with a beautiful young girl whose parents are anxious for the match to bolster the dwindling fortunes of themselves. The son eventually finds his father for a rival and upon this ground rock is builded a story of compelling interest and strong dramatic action. It should be seen to be appreciated as no synopsis is adequate to unfold the general theme.

The Bijou is comfortable and cozy regardless of the weather and the management is especially desirous that all Bijou patrons see this wonderfully big bill for the new week.

NEW WIRELESS STATION

Orders Given for Work of Construction to Begin

Panama, July 26.—The United States Navy Department today authorized the Panama Canal Commission to begin the construction of a power house operating building and employes' quarters for the Darien wireless telegraph station. When completed the Darien station will be the most perfect in this part of the world.

THOUSANDS OF CATTLE.

Taken from Mexicans to be Sold in the United States.

Douglas, Ariz., July 26.—Thousands of cattle, taken from the ranches of Gen. Luis Terrazas and other prominent Mexicans will be brought from Chihuahua and sold in the United States by officials of the constitutionalists, according to advices received here today.

Rochester, N. Y., July 26.—A dispatch from Bath says that Frank Burnside, flying in a biplane, today broke Lincoln Beachy's American altitude record of 11,680 feet made in Chicago two years ago, by attaining a height of 12,950 feet.

The Veiled Prophet

MELEAN

Clairvoyant and Psychic Palmist.

STRANGE POWERS

I was born with a remarkable power—a power not meant to gratify the idle curious, but to direct, advise and help those who are in trouble and suspense, concerning the every day affairs of life. MY WORK SPEAKS FOR ITSELF.

While I have the endorsements of hundreds of the most noted men and women of America, I deem them of little value, since I stand alone upon the merits of my work. Any person who can believe their own eyes and ears cannot help but know that my work is of the highest order of genuine clairvoyance.

If you have trouble or difficulties of any kind, come to me and have a quiet chat, confidentially. I will tell you what can be done. I assist you in all walks of life. Don't be despondent, worry or feel bad, when you only have to call.

Now, as a business adviser, I stand pre-eminent. I will tell you more about your own business than you know yourself. If you are not doing well, and want to do better, call.

If, at the end of the year, you are no better off than when it started, there is a cause for that. You don't want to trouble yourself in old age, and did not save anything, or could not. See me now, to prevent that horrible poverty.

You don't want to be single. Happy marriage and a pleasant home is what you want. I arrange that for you, speedily.

Have you domestic difficulties? Is your wife, husband or sweetheart untrue? Do others share the love that rightfully belongs to you? If so, don't hesitate. Call quick, before too late.

Are you seeking separation, divorce, or have you other legal troubles, or want to get advice on the subject? I am the person to consult.

If you speculate or invest, I can lead you to prosperity.

Have you had luck, or an evil influence over you? I remove that at once.

I advise you as to your future welfare, tell you what to do and what not to do. Many of my clients have gained fame and wealth through my guidance.

Full and Complete Life Readings, $1.

106 N. Fourth St.

DAVID'S DAVID'S DAVID'S

Our Semi-Annual Manhattan Shirt and Underwear Sale!

BEGINS THURSDAY, JULY 31st.

PRICES

$1.50 Shirts @	$1.20
$1.75 Shirts @	1.35
$2.00 Shirts @	1.45
$2.50 Shirts @	1.95
$3.00 Shirts @	2.25
$3.50 Shirts @	2.65
$4.00 Shirts @	2.85
$1.00 Underwear @	75c
$1.50 Underwear @	$1.00
$2.00 Underwear @	$1.35

"Delpark" and "Gotham" Underweaf at Same Reduction.

Our Semi-Annual Sale of Suits, Etc., is still on at prices as advertised.

The A. David Company

Keep Hot! Keep Cool!

THERMOS BOTTLES

REDUCED PRICES

$1.50 Quality Reduced to $1.25

$2.50 Quality Reduced to $2.00

$3.50 Quality Reduced to $3.00

Working Men's Lunch Kits

Complete with Thermos Bottle, Price $2.00

CLOSED. OPEN.

A Warm Meal for Workmen—A Neat and Serviceable Article.

Thermos Carafes

Prices, $5.00 and $6.00

Carafe Stands, nickel plated with 2 Crystal Glass Goblets

$2.50.....Reduced from $3.75

Thermos Food Jars. $1.25

Thermos Nested Cups and Case 75c.....Formerly $1.00

$1.00 ..... Formerly $1.25

Complete line. Come and see them.

N. JACOBI Hardware Co.

10 and 12 South Front St.

:o:

Pony Contest Now Going On!

Every Cash Purchase or Account Paid entitles you to One Vote for Each Cent.

"MURA-LIKE"

The only perfect Flat Oil Paint for Interior Use. Sanitary and Durable.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS:

Atlantic Paint and Varnish Works

21 MARKET STREET.

PEACE INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG WOMEN

An ideal Christian Home School. Preparatory and Collegiate courses. Art, Expression, Physical Culture, Pedagogy, Business, etc. Conservatory of Music. High standard maintained by large staff of experienced, college-trained instructors. Takes only 100 boarders and teaches the individual. Unsurpassed health record. Brick buildings. Steam heat. Excellent table. Good gymnasium. Park-like campus. Concerts, lectures, tennis, basket-ball. Write for our catalog before selecting the college for your daughter.

GEORGE J. RAMSEY, M. A. L. L. D., President, Raleigh, N. C.

Financial and Commercial

OUTLOOK IN COTTON MARKET

Predictions Indicate That the Drought in the Southwest Will be Broken Tomorrow—Heavy Selling of the Staple

New York, July 26.—It was the opinion in cotton market circles here today that by Monday the drought in the Southwest, particularly in Central and Southeast Texas, would be thoroughly broken. A low barometer prevailed throughout the Central West promoting showery conditions and the official forecast indicated unsettled weather over most of Texas and Oklahoma tomorrow.

With this in mind room traders became heavy sellers of cotton and after opening steady at a decline of one to five points, the market worked off constantly until at the close which was steady at a net decline of seven to 14 points, about the lowest levels of the present downward movement was reached. The fact that most authorities agree that the Texas crop has not been damaged beyond repair gave assurances that the expected rains if heavy and general enough, would restore the magnificent crop outlook in that State. A number of private advices received during the day were generally favorable, although calling attention to the need of rain in the Southwest.

General improvement in conditions over Georgia, Alabama and Mississippi during the past month was noted in the crop report of a local trade paper while a prominent house here issued a crop condition figure of 83, against 83.3 July 25th. A Southern crop expert wired that west of the river the crop will average better than last year although general rain is needed over a large area. Some of the cotton covered late yesterday on fears that the predicted rains might not materialize was put out again today on every fresh assurance of rains in Texas. Aside from a little trade demand and occasion scattered covering there was little support at any time during the forenoon.

Spot cotton, quiet. Middling uplands, 11.95; middling gulf, 12.20; no sales.

Cotton futures closed steady.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
July	11.79	11.83	11.71	11.76
Aug	11.59	11.61	11.50	11.52
Sept		11.36	11.31	11.31
Oct	11.27	11.27	11.18	11.20
Nov				11.13
Dec	11.21	11.22	11.12	11.13
Jan	11.13	11.13	11.06	11.06
Feb				11.06
Mar	11.22	11.23	11.13	11.14
May	11.27	11.25	11.19	11.20

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Easy, 12.00; net receipts, 784; gross receipts, 784; sales, 600; stock, 32,536; coastwise, 2,314.

New Orleans—Quiet, 12.00; net receipts, 936; gross receipts, 1,036; sales, 92; stock, 28,275; continent, 4,428; coastwise, 776.

Mobile—Quiet, 11¾; net receipts, 1; gross receipts, 1; stock, 2,700.

Savannah—Quiet, 12.00; net receipts, 750; gross receipts, 750; stock, 21,489.

Charleston—Nominal; net receipts, 60; gross receipts, 60; stock, 1,897.

Wilmington—Nominal; net receipts, 36; gross receipts, 36; stock, 10,202.

Norfolk—Quiet, 12⅝; net receipts, 261; gross receipts, 261; sales, 21; stock, 14,348; coastwise, 947.

Baltimore—Nominal, 12⅜; stock, 4,130.

New York—Quiet, 11.95; gross receipts, 1,901; stock, 34,041; continent, 675; coastwise, 830.

Boston—Quiet, 11.95; net receipts, 38; gross receipts, 674; stock, 7,061.

Philadelphia—Quiet, 12.20; gross receipts, 134; sales, 1,023; stock, 5,708.

Texas City—Stock, 2,108.

Jacksonville—Stock, 485.

Total today, at all ports—Net, 2,867; continent, 4,803; stock, 165,995.

Consolidated, at all ports—Net, 2,867; continent, 4,803.

Total since Sept. 1, at all ports—Net, 6,772,889; Great Britain, 3,481,158; France, 650,520; continent, 3,469,123; Japan, 384,251; Mexico, 14,944.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Quiet, 11 15-16; net receipts, 210; gross receipts, 210; shipments, 1,191; stock, 32,156.

Augusta—Steady, 12⅛; net receipts, 52; gross receipts, 52; shipments, 180; sales, 40; stock, 11,939.

Memphis—Quiet, 12¼; net receipts, 179; gross receipts, 271; shipments, 1,337; sales, 125; stock, 18,914.

St. Louis—Quiet, 12 5-16; gross receipts, 197; shipments, 317; stock, 13,724.

Cincinnati—Net receipts, 191; gross receipts, 191; shipments, 312; sales, 400; stock, 24,397.

Little Rock—Quiet, 12.00; net receipts, 4; gross receipts, 4; shipments, 46; stock, 12,101.

Greenville—Quiet, 11⅞.

Total today—Net receipts, 636; gross receipts, 925; shipments, 3,383; sales, 565; stock, 113,231.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, July 26.—Spot cotton dull and easier; middling fair 7.19; good middling 6.87; middling 6.59; low middling 6.39; good ordinary 5.91; ordinary 5.57. Sales 6,000, including 3,600 American and 1,000 for speculation and export. Receipts 2,000; no American.

Futures closed easy. July 6.33; July and August 6.33; August and September 6.25 1-2; September and October 6.14 1-2; October and November 6.10; November and December 6.05; December and January 6.05; January and February 6.05 1-2; February and March 6.07; March and April 6.08; April and May 6.09; May and June 6.10 1-2; June and July 6.10 1-2.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, July 26.—Money on call nominal; no loans. Time loans easier, 60 days 3 1-2 to 4 per cent; 90 days 4 1-2 to 5; six months 5 3-4 to 6. Prime mercantile paper 6 per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.8335 for 60 day bills and at 4.8685 for demand. Commercial bills 4.83. Bar silver 59 1-8. Mexican dollars 47. Government bonds irregular. Railroad bonds steady.

ANSWER THAW'S PETITION

Hearing Expected in Orphan's Court Shortly

Pittsburgh, July 26.—Counsel for the Fidelity Title & Trust Company filed an answer in Orphan's court today to the petition of Harry K. Thaw, which asks that the trust company be directed to pay him $30,000 from the income and funds he avers the company is holding in trust for him. It is expected a hearing on the petition and the reply will be held in the Orphan's court shortly.

THE SHORTEST SESSION.

House Adjourns After Four-Minute Session.

Washington, July 26.—The shortest session of the House on record adjourned four minutes after it began today to avoid continuance of the Republican filibuster for a discussion of the Diggs-Caminetti white slave case, after midnight.

IN THE WORLD OF FINANCE

Action of Week's Stock Market Shows Increased Confidence—Banks Loan Money More Readily—Situation.

New York, July 26.—The action of the week's stock market indicated the maintenance of increased confidence. This was partly due to the further necessities of bearish traders, who persisted in putting out fresh lines on advances, only to be obliged to buy again as the rise proceeded. Buying for foreign account was a feature of the week's events and this had a sentimental effect in strengthening the market.

The declining tendency of discount rates abroad, however, was arrested. The great central banks, especially the Bank of France and the Imperial Bank of Germany, continued their policy of upbuilding and conserving gold holdings, as though in expectation of further strain.

There was relaxation of the New York money market, banks showing more willingness to put out time loans for the shorter periods, up to 90 days. In consequence with this there was improvement in the bond market and some notable price reoveries in low grade bonds. The announcement of a proposed large issue of New Haven convertible bonds resulted in an abrupt fall in price of the outstanding 6s to the lowest price ever recorded. The stock also receded to about its previous low level. United States government bonds broke into new low ground. The analogy of foreign government bond prices does not encourage a hope of prices at par for United States bonds divested of the circulation privilege, even with the interest rate increased from 2 to 3 per cent.

The question of increase of wages to Eastern railroad trainmen possesses an interest to security holders beyond the immediate solution of the arbitration problem. That an award will carry some increases is generally expected. There is a belief also, that such an outcome might help the contention of the railroads for higher freight rates. Higher charges, it is believed, would not lessen the volume of traffic. Much of the return would find its way back into increased outlay, both for wages and up-keep.

It is also argued that the improvement of the railroads' credit would help the sale of bonds and the pushing of new enterprises, with an impulse to a wide variety of industries.

Steel trade advices report a better sentiment caused by the stock market revival. Orders for pig iron were placed at price concessions. Republic Steel's good half year strengthened the promisefor United States Steel's showing.

Possibility of ultimate good to corporations having interests in Mexico was inferred from the new policy outlined by the government. Impairment of the corn crop was recognized from the hot wave, but not enough to destroy hopes of a profitable harvest. The growth of the idle freight car surplus at this time in contrast with last year's decreasing tendency marks the divergent course of trade atcivity this year from last.

THE CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat Prices Lifted After a Show of Weakness—Crop Reports.

Chicago, July 26.—Buying that started with one of the largest houses in the trade lifted wheat today after a show of weakness at the outset. Black rust reports from Minnesota tended to aid the bulls. The market closed steady, at a net advance of ¼@¾ to ¾@⅞.

Corn finished with a gain of 1¼ to 1⅜@1½c.

Oats, up ⅜ to 1¼.

Provisions, ranging from 2½ off to an upturn of 12½c.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, new, 86¾@87; No. 2, hard, 87@87½; No. 2, hard, old, 88¾@89; No. 1, Northern, 92@93; No. 2, do., 90@92; No. 2, Spring, 90@91; velvet chaff, 88@92; durum, 84@90.

Corn—No. 2, 63@63¼; No. 2, white, 64@64½; No. 2, yellow, 63@63¼.

Oats—Standard, new, 40¼; old, 40¼@41.

Wheat—July, 85¾; September, 86¼@86¾; December, 90¼.

Corn—July, 62; September, 62¾@62¼; December, 59¾.

Oats—July, 39¾; September, 40¼@40¾; December, 42¼.

Pork—July, 22.05; September, 21.42½; January, 19.05.

Lard—July, 11.67½; September, 11.77½@11.80; October, 11.82@11.85; January, 10.02½.

Ribs—July, 11.70; September, 11.82½; October, 11.57½; January, 10.02½.

COTTON REVIEW

Great Irregularity Shown in Fluctuations During the Past Week.

New Orleans, July 26.—The cotton market displayed great irregularity in its fluctuations this week, chiefly as the result of the liquidation of the July position. The net results of the week's trading were at a loss of 43 to 59 points. The high prices were made on Monday and Tuesday and the low prices on Saturday. At the highest the trading months were 24 points over to three points under last week's close; at the lowest they were 44 to 59 points under. The range was 41 to 83 points.

The main feature of the week was the trading in July. The month was sold heavily by longs. Selling spread to August and the new crop months but July bore the brunt of the pressure losing about three-quarters of a cent a pound in two sessions. A little hedge selling and a very little short selling accompanied the liquidation. At the end of the week, it was generally considered that no more operations of consequence in the old crop months were possible.

The new crops were adversely affected by rains. At the end of the week Texas and Oklahoma claimed to have sections that needed moisture but nearly all other States appeared to have received sufficient precipitation. Very little interest was taken in the pending report on condition by the government.

In the spot department prices lost 7-16 of a cent, middling closing at 12c, against 12 7-16 last week and 13 1-4 this week last year. Sales on the spot amounted to 851 bales, against 508 last week, and 746 this week last year. Sales to arrive amounted to 1,056 bales, against 192 last week and 454 this week last year.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

New York, July 26.—The statement of the actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that they hold $28,157,700 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is an increase of $7,885,500 from last week.

Butte, Mont., July 27.—The Northern Pacific North Coast Limited was held up 15 miles east of Butte, shortly after midnight.

STOCK UNDERTONE IRREGULAR

A Brief Market Session With Trading Characteristic of Mid-Summer Trading—Operations Professional.

New York, July 26.—Trading in stocks during today's brief market session was characteristic of the mid-Summer season. The undertone was irregular and at first mainly downward, the only striking exception being the Hill group, these stocks responding to favorable crop advices. Lehigh Valley and minor railroads and specialities also contributed slightly to the constructive side, while Canadian Pacific, Louisville & Nashville and "Soo" were weakest of the standard railway shares. In the special group American Express yielded five points and made another new low record.

Operations were professional and narrow. General news was without direct bearing upon market conditions, except for the heaviness of the London market, due, it was declared, to fears of another outpouring of new securities. The outstanding feature of the London market was a decline of practically four points in National Railway of Mexico first preferred.

Washington advices again dealt with proposed congressional investigation of the New York Central's refunding project and of a general halt by the Interstate Commerce Commission in freight rate advances.

The general bond market was quiet and steady. United States coupon 3s advanced 1-2c on call, but otherwise were from 1 to 2 points lower on the week. Total sales, par value, $701,000. Total sales were 92,500 shares.

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Amalgamated Copper	69½
American Agricultural	46⅝
American Beet Sugar	25⅝
American Can	33
American Can, pfd	93¾
American Car and Foundry	44½
American Cotton Oil	47½
American Ice Securities	23
American Linseed	8⅝
American Locomotive	31¼
Amer. Smelting and Ref	63
Amer. Smelting and Ref., pfd	99⅝
Amer. Sugar Ref	110
Amer. Tel and Tel	127¼
Amer. Tobacco	220
Anaconda Mining Co	35⅛
Atchison	98⅝
Atchison, pfd	97⅞
Atlantic Coast Line	119
Baltimore and Ahio	98
Bethehem Steel	32⅝
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	88¾
Canadian Pacific	217
Central Leather	24⅛
Chesapeake and Ohio	53⅜
Chicago Great Western	13
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	105¾
Chicago and North Western	128⅝
Colorado Fuel and Iron	31½
Consolidated Gas	132
Corn Products	10⅝
Delaware and Hudson	156
Denver and Rio Grande	18
Denver and Rio Grande, pfd	29⅝
Distillers' Securities	13½
Erie	26½
Erie, 1st pfd	41⅝
Erie, 2nd pfd	33½
General Electric	140
Great Northern, pfd	123⅝
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	55⅝
Illinois Central	113½
Interborough-Met	15⅝
Interborough-Met., pfd	59
Inter-Harvester	108
Inter-Marine, pfd	14⅜
International Paper	9¼
International Pump	6½
Kansas City Southern	37½
Laclede Gas	9
Lehigh Valley	150½
Louisville and Nashville	132⅞
Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie	126
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	22¼
Missouri Pacific	32⅝
National Biscuit	118
National Lead	48
Nat. Rys. of Mexico, 2nd pfd	10¾
New York Central	98½
New York, Ont. and Western	29
Norfolk and Western	105¾
North American	69½
Northern Pacific	109⅝
Pacific Mail	20¾
Pennsylvania	113⅜
People's Gas	113⅛
Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis	80
Pittsburg Coal	18¾
Pressed Steel Car	21⅜
Pullman Palace Car	153
Reading	161⅝
Republic Iron and Steel	24⅜
Republic Iron and Steel, pfd	85
Rock Island Co.	17⅜
Rock Island Co., pfd	29⅜
St. Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd	6½
Seaboard Air Line	17½
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	41
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	26
Southern Pacific	103¼
Southern Railway	23⅝
Southern Railway, pfd	78
Tennessee Copper	30
Texas and Pacific	15⅝
Union Pacific	149⅜
Union Pacific, pfd	84
United States Realty	59⅝
United States Rubber	60
United States Steel	58½
United States Steel, pfd	107
Utah Copper	47⅞
Virginia Carolina Chemical	20
Wabash	2⅝
Wabash, pfd	6⅜
Western Maryland	40
Western Union	64⅛
Westinghouse Electric	62½
Wheeling and Lake Erie	5

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, July 26.—Flour quiet.

Wheat—Easy; No. 2 red 94 to 94 1-4; No. 1 Northern Duluth 98 1-2.

Corn—Firm; export 71 nominal.

Hides, Petroleum, and Wool—Steady.

Leather—Firm.

Rice and Molasses—Quiet.

Sugar—Raw firm; Muscovado 3.07; Centrifugal 96 test 3.57; refined steady.

Butter—Steady, unchanged.

Cheese—Easy, unchanged.

Coffee—Spot steady; No. 7 Rio 9 1-4; No. 4 Santos 11 7-8. Mild—Quiet; Cordova 13 to 16 1-2.

Potatoes—Easy; Southern new 1.72 to 2.00.

Cabbages—Steady.

Freights and Peanuts—Unchanged.

Cotton Seed Oil—Was very feverish with quick changes on only moderate transactions. Trading was confined mostly to the new crop months and sentiment was divided. Closing prices were three points lower to two higher. Prime crude nominal; prime Summer yellow 9.50 to 10.00; July and August 9.50; September 9.48; October 8.20; November 6.92; December 6.69; January 6.68; February 6.65; prime Winter yellow 9.75 bid; prime Summer white 9.80 bid.

THE NAVAL STORES MARKET.

New York, July 26.—Turpentine—Steady. Rosin—Quiet.

Savannah, July 26.—Turpentine, firm, at 35⅝; sales, 607; receipts, 980; shipments, 12; stock, 26,534.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 923; receipts, 1,880; shipments, 300; stocks, 159,257. Quote: A, B, 4.00; C, D, 4.05; E, 4.10; F, 4.15 to 4.17½; G, 4.15 to 4.17½; H, 4.20; I, 4.25; K, 4.30; M, 4.50; N, 5.45; W G, 6.35; W W, 6.50.

THE DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, July 26.—Dry goods markets are steady. Men's wear lines will be opened on Monday for Spring 1914 in a large way. Yarn markets are a little more active.

MARINE.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Schooners.

Schr. Benjamin F. Poole, 1,099 tons, Williams, Port Redding, N. J., Maffitt & Wood.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, July 26.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE — Steady, at 34¾ cents per gallon.

ROSIN—Steady, $3.80 per barrel.

TAR—Firm, at $2.20 per barrel; in casks 05c. per gallon.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm, $3.00 per barrel for hard; $3.00 per berrel for dip, and $2.00 per barrel for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 42; rosin, $6.00; tar, $2.10; crude turpentine, firm, at $3.25@$4.50 to $4.50.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine	14
Rosin	100
Tar	1
Crude Turpentine	13

Receipts same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 89 casks; rosin, 197 barrels; tar, 3 barrels; crude turpentine, 5 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Spot cotton, nominal.

Receipts, 36. Same day last year, 1.

Total receipts since September 1, 441,650 bales.

Total receipts, same time last year, 508,700 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, July 26.)

CORN—1.65 to 1.72½ per sack.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, new crop, 50c to 75c per bu. Sweet potatoes yams, .75 to .90.

PEAS—Dull. White, $2.00@$2.25 to $2.40; cow peas, $1.50 to $1.75 per bu.

BEEF—Native, dressed, 8c.

PORK—9 to 11c.

WOOL—Burry, 11c to 15c. per lb.; free of burs, 15c. per lb.

HIDES—Green, 10c. per lb.; dry, 17c. per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, 20 to 21c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 15c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm, 27@28c. per lb.

TALLOW—Firm, 4½@5c. per lb.

POULTRY — Chickens, good demand. Grown, 45@50c.; Spring chickens, 12½@35c. per head.

EGGS—Dull, 18@19c.

SHEEP—Old sheep, 75c to $2.50 per head. Lambs, $1.00 to $3.00 per head.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Wilmington, N. C., July 26.

Atlantic Coast Line—34 bales cotton; 4 barrels tar; 13 barrels crude turpentine.

Clyde Line—2 bales cotton.

Str. Whitlock—7 casks spirits turpentine; 50 barrels rosin.

Schr. Annie B.—5 casks spirits turpentine; 23 barrels rosin.

Schr. Chauncey T.—2 casks spirits turpentine; 27 barrels rosin.

Total—36 bales cotton; 14 casks spirits turpentine; 100 barrels rosin; 4 barrels tar; 13 barrels crude turpentine.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, N. C., July 26.

Market—Firm.

North Carolinas—Farmers' stock prime hand-picked, 75c.; machine-picked, 70c.

Spanish—Prime hand-picked, $1.50; machine-picked, $1.40.

Virginias—Prime hand-picked, 88c.; machine-picked, 80c.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, McCabe & Co.)

Petersburg, Va., July 25th. Spanish—Farmers' Spanish, $1.65 per bushel; No. 1, Shelled Spanish, 10c. per lb.; No. 2, Shelled Spanish, 7½c. per lb.

Virginias—Farmers' stock, Jumbo, 4c. per lb.; Fancy Hand-Picked, 3¾c. to 4c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3½c. to 3¾c. per lb.; Prime, 3½c. per lb.; Machine Picked, 3½c. to 3¼c. per lb.; Shelling Stock, 3c. per lb.

IN THE DRY GOODS MARKETS.

Summer Vacations of Work People Restricting the Output.

New York, July 26.—Cotton goods markets are quiet but genrally firm. Trading is confined very largely to deliveries the next few months, and fancy cotton goods trading is confined to high novelties. Road salesmen are expecting to book considerable new forward business as the crop harvesting period approaches. Stocks continue at a very low point.

The Summer vacations of work people are tending to restrict the output and selling agencies report a lack of seasonable accumulation of spot goods. This is doing much to hold prices steady. Prints are quiet in narrow widths. Percales are being sold well for future delivery. Bleached cottons are behind in delivery owing to the pressure for spot merchandise. Ginghams are quiet. Duck rules steady and unchanged. Denims are sold ahead for the next two months. Tickings are sold closely till September 15th. Jobbers are doing a moderate business and after the retail inventories are completed next week, they look for an active inquiry from retailers.

Prices are as follows: Print cloths 28 inch 64x64s 3 3-4c; 64x60s, 3 1-2; 38 1-2 inch 64x64s 5c; standard sheetings, Southern 7 3-4; tickings 8 ounce 13 1-4; denims 9 ounce 14; standard staple prints 5 1-2; standard staple ginghams 6 3-4; dress ginghams 9 1-4.

ATROCIOUS CRIME.

Three Negroes Pursue and Kill White Man in Oklahoma.

Pauls Valley, Okla., July 26.—Officers and citizens are combing the country in the vicinity of Hennepin, Okla., where four negroes killed a white man in an atrocious manner Friday night. The victim was A. G. Airington, who was selling watermelons at a negro picnic. He became involved in a dispute with four of his customers regarding payment for a melon. They threatened him and he ran. After pursuing him for a quarter of a mile Airington was caught. Three of the negroes held him while a fourth drew a razor and servered his head from his body. They threw the body to one side of the road and fled.

SERVE SENTENCE AT HOME

Convicted Bank President Will Not Go to Atlanta Penitentiary

Washington, July 26.—President Wilson has decided to permit Newton A. Carlisle, former president of the National Bank of Newberry, S. C., convicted of misapplying its funds, to serve his sentence of one year and a day in the Newberry jail instead of at the Atlanta penitentiary. The prisioner is an aged man and in ill-health. The President will permit the transfer so that Carlisle may be close to his family and friends. His five-year sentence was recently commuted by the President to a year and a day.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY.

Woman Shoots Husband Then Takes Her Own Life.

Tampa, Fla., July 26.—After tying her husband securely in bed where he lay asleep, Mrs. Avelina Rodriguez, a young Cuban woman, fired four bullets from a pistol into his head and body here today, killing him instantly. She then untied the dead body, stretched herself beside it and fired the remainking bullet into her own heart. The police found the pair dead beside each other, the pistol grasped in Mrs. Rodriguez hand.

Evidence gathered by the police indicates that the couple had frequent quarrels.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.

July 27, 1913.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 79 degrees; at 8 P. M., 76 degrees; maximum, 86 degrees; minimum, 72 degrees; mean, 79 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .08; rainfall for the month, to date, 5.24.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 6.3 feet.

Weather Prediction.

For North Carolina—Local thunder showers Sunday and Monday.

The Port Calendar—July 27.

Sun rises	5:20 A. M.
Sun sets	7:17 P. M.
Day's length	13 hrs. 57 mins.

Tides.	High water. A.M.	High water. P.M.	Low water. A.M.	Low water. P.M.
Wilmington	4:22	5:00	11:32	12:00
Southport	1:22	1:16	8:05	7:53
Masonboro Inlet	1:11	1:05	7:45	7:33

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

July 26, 1913.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Temperature: Lowest last night.	Precipitation, 8 P. M.
Abilene	pt cldy	80	66	.06
Asheville	cloudy	76	66	.0
Atlanta	cloudy	84	70	.50
Augusta	cloudy	88	72	1.28
Birmingham	pt cldy	88	70	.0
Boston	clear	82	60	.0
Charleston	cloudy	88	76	.0
Charlotte	cloudy	82	70	.06
Chicago	clear	86	66	.0
Galveston	clear	86	80	.0
Jacksonville	clear	90	74	.06
Memphis	cloudy	88	72	.0
Mobile	cloudy	84	74	.01
Montgomery	cloudy	88	70	.0
New Orleans	cloudy	86	76	.08
New York	clear	78	66	.0
Oklahoma	cloudy	92	70	.0
Palestine	pt cldy	96	74	.0
Pittsburg	clear	84	60	.0
Raleigh	clear	78	70	.08
Savannah	cloudy	92	74	.0
Shreveport	clear	94	74	.01
St. Louis	clear	92	72	.0
Washington	clear	84	58	.0

WILL FAVOR NOMINATIONS

Committee Agrees to Confirm Selection of Ambassadors

Washington, July 26.—Nominations of James Gerard, of New York, for ambassador to Germany; Frederick C. Penfield, of Pennsylvania, for ambassador to Austria, and Charles S. Hartman, of Montana, for minister to Ecuador, will be favorably reported by the Senate Foreign Relations committee.

The committee also agreed to report for confirmation the nomination of Joseph E. Willard of Virginia, as minister to Spain.

CHARLTON IN GOOD HEALTH.

Awaiting Extradition to Italy on the Charge of Wife Murder.

New York, July 26.—Porter Charlton, who was recently said to be seriously ill in the jail of Hudson county, New Jersey, where he is awaiting extradition to Italy for trial on a charge of wife murder, is in good health. Charlton today denied the report of his illness by mailing to his friends photographs which he has had taken of himself in the jail during the past week. He appears from them to be almost robust.

ESQUIVEL O'BREGDON RESIGNS

Mexican Minister of Finance Not in Accord With Huerta Regime

Mexico City, July 26.—Esquivel O'Bregdon, Mexican minister of finance, today resigned from office. It is reported that he is not in full accord with the Huerta administration.

It was Senor O'Bregdon who recently conducted the negotiations with American and European bankers for a $50,000,000 government loan.

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Tuition, Board and Fees for ten months' session from $126 to $191.

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5 Cents

DAY OR NIGHT

THREE PICTURES TOMORROW—RIGHT OFF THE REEL.

"BILLY McGRATH ON BROADWAY"

"HIS HOUSE IN ORDER, OR THE "WIDOW'S QUEST"

"ALONG THE NILE."

Vitagraph Feature—Three Reels, "The Snare of Fate." Beautiful Love Story.

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MONDAY.

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Will cure your Rheumatism Neuralgia, Headaches, Cramps, Colic, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts and Burns, Old Sores, Stings of Insects Etc. Antiseptic Anodyne, used internally and externally. Price 25c.

The Beasley Disc is a farming tool every truck grower and farmer in this section should own. It is cheap and durable. It can be attached to any make of cultivator.

We are Sales Agents for East Carolina and have sub-agents in all sections. If your nearest merchant does not handle, write us.

WM. E. SPRINGER & COMPANY

$1.00—$1.00—$1.00—$1.00—$1.00—$1.00

$1.00 Shoe Sale!

Starts Saturday, July 12th.

500 pairs of Women's, Misses' and Children's Oxfords and Pumps. Remnants of Broken lines, ranging in price from $1.50 to $4.00.

Don't wait until your size is gone. Just put a Dollar in your purse and Come to Us.

Sale lasts until every pair is sold.

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24 NORTH FRONT.

$1.00—$1.00—$1.00—$1.00—$1.00—$1.00

AUTOIL

Manufactured from best Pennsylvania Crude.

Darlington, S. C., July 9, 1913

Cape Fear Oil Co.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Gentlemen:

Referring to your invoice of Feb. 28th, Auto Oil. We have tried other oil here but that gave more universal satisfaction, and we would ask that you ship us a thirty gallon barrel of this same kind of oil for our auto and truck.

Yours truly,
The Coca Cola Bottling Co.

"ASK THOSE WHO USE IT"

A Polar Bear PLATE ICE COMPANY

Could give expert testimony as to the truth of the claims set forth for the superiority of PLATE ICE.

He would say that it seemed more like "home sweet home" than anything he had seen "Down South."

Admiral Peary never found anything colder in all his travels.

'Phones 695—696. 5—7—9 Orange St.

Special Sale of Talcum Powder

A 15c package of Talcum will give you a bonus of 50 votes.
A 25c package of Talcum will give you a bonus of 100 votes.
A 35c package of Talcum will give you a bonus of 150 votes.

FREE FREE FREE FREE FREE FREE FREE

The one handing in the LARGEST NUMBER OF VOTES on AUGUST 5th, will be given a handsome 42-piece DINNER SET, absolutely FREE of charge.

You know what these dinner sets are worth, so get busy.

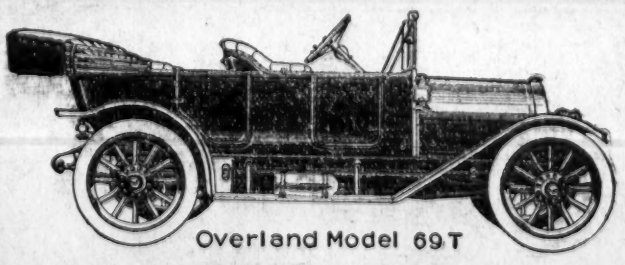
Remember, too, that this extra bonus of a dinner set does not affect your standing in the Automobile contest. It is simply an extra inducement for you to get busy and keep busy.

Watch our ads all the time. They will interest you because we are going to give away other dinner sets and other EXTRAS

REMEMBER THE TALCUM POWDER PROPOSITION, AND THE 5TH OF AUGUST.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.

WILMINGTON, N. C.



Overland Model 69T

JOHN W. HEWLETT ---- AUTOS FOR HIRE

Telephone 879

Service Guaranteed — Day or Night

SAILORS LAND AT SHANGHAI

(Concluded from Page One.)

dampened the ardor of the people of the province of Fo Kien, who sympathized strongly with the Chinese rebel government but now seem inclined to remain passive.

War is generally deprecated, but there is a small minority of the more youthful and hot-headed element which clamors for redress of its grievances.

When some of the troops were withdrawn from this city Sunday a detachment of Japanese marines was ordered ashore. In the foreign colonies here, the general opinion prevails that the landing of these marines was unnecessary.

A strict censorship has been imposed on outgoing telegrams as well as upon the newspapers.

The five-colored Republican flag continues to float over the municipal government offices, but the flagstaffs over the forts are bare. Many of the Christian missionaries have been recalled from the interior districts owing to the possibility of outbreaks.

Rear Admiral Criticised.

Peking, July 26.—The refusal of Rear Admiral Reginald F. Nicholson, commander-in-chief of the American Asiatic fleet to send American marines to Ku Ling is generally criticised in non-military circles here, although the German and British admirals are reported to agree with Admiral Nicholson.

The only danger at Ku Ling arises, seemingly, from outlaws and dispersed soldiers, attempting to loot. The American admiral has offered to escort foreigners to the rivers, but refuses to detach a small guard.

Fu Chow Fallen.

St. Petersburg, July 26.—A dispatch from Shanghai says it is officially announced there that the city of Fu Chow has fallen into the hands of the Northern forces and the garrisons of the forts at Wu Sung also have joined them.

Urgent Appeals for Aid.

Hankow, July 26.—Urgent appeals were received today from the foreigners resident in Ku Ling for a naval guard. There are over 2,000 of them there, mostly women and children. The authorities have not yet taken any action.

The Northern forces, according to a dispatch from Ku Ling, started a general advance yesterday and the rebels retreated before them in confusion. A column of Northern soldiers crossed the Yang Tse Kiang and captured Oliphant Island, from which position they began shelling the Pu Kow forts.

RUSSIAN PROPOSAL FAILS

(Continued from Page One.)

armistice now being discussed at Nish is concluded.

Reports of Massacre.

Paris, July 26.—A telegram from Saloniki printed in the Paris edition of the New York Herald, says the Greek army occupied Xanthi Saturday and that all the inhabitants, including Americans and Englishmen, are believed to have been massacred by the Bulgarians. Seventy foreigners are said to have been put to death.

Twenty thousand Greek and many Mussulmans and Jews are reported to have perished in the town, which afterwards was pillaged by the retreating Bulgars. No confirmation of the reported massacre has been received from any other sources.

YOUNG MEN PROMOTED.

Two Fayetteville Boys Receive Merited Recognition.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Fayetteville, N. C., July 26.—Their friends here are pleased at the promotion that has recently come to two young Fayetteville men in other places. Lieut. William C. Owen, of U. S. S. Decatur, has been advanced to a lieutenant of the first grade from a lieutenant of the junior grade. Lieut. Owen was recently put in command of the Decatur during the illness of its regular commander. Mr. George G. Myrover, Jr., who less than a year ago, went to Tampa, Fla., to become assistant union ticket agent there, will on August 1st go with the Seaboard Air Line to be the Seaboard's city ticket agent in that tourist center.

S. H. Hobbs high up in the councils of the Farmers' Union and considered the best farmer in Sampson county, addressed the Cumberland County Union at its annual dinner at Eastover Thursday. Mr. Hobbs' address was, of course, eminently practical. The dinner was bountifully provided that even the unusually big crowd present could not exhaust the supplies. The affair was in every respect one of the most successful and most benefitting that has ever been held.

PETITION TO NAVY SECRETARY.

Committee Wants Men Represented on Wage Board.

Vallejo, Cal., July 25.—A committee representing enlisted men employed at Mare Island navy yard presented a petition to Secretary of the Navy Daniels today asking that the men be given representation on the wage board. Secretary Daniels told the committeemen the wage question was a difficult one, and added that efforts were being made by the department to work out a satisfactory solution.

Secretary Daniels conferred with the men after making an inspection of the yard. Another request from the men was for abolition of the premium system, devised to measure compensation according to individual efficiency.

Secretary Daniels said the requests would be taken up by the department on his return to Washington.

In an address at Vallejo the Secretary urged his civilian hearers to show greater consideration socially for enlisted men, and to be willing to receive them in their homes.

FREE RIFLE RANGE.

Adjutant General Sale Proffers Use of Grounds to Government.

Norfolk, Va., July 26.—Adjutant General W. W. Sale, of the Virginia Volunteer Militia, has offered to the United States government free use of the new Virginia State rifle range at Virginia Beach for the marine corps and navy. Officers of the government today made an inspection of the rifle range and it is believed that the State's offer will be accepted. This will give the marine corps and navy at this station a most accessible point for rifle range target practice work. Up to this time naval squads have had to be sent to distant points for this work.

New York, July 26.—J. H. Hustis, of Boston, vice-president of the Boston and Albany railroad will become president of the New Haven railroad as soon as Howard Elliott, Mr. Mellen's head of the system, becomes chairman of the board.

Cool bargains in ladies' tan low shoes at Hewlett & Price's.
(advertisement.)

RUSSIAN PROPOSAL FAILS

(Continued from Page One.)

about future plans. He would go back on the steamer sailing next Thursday if the President desires, he said, but he has received no intimation on this point. It was reported on good authority that one of the recommendations presented to Secretary Bryan was that the American embassy at Mexico City should be continued in charge of Nelson O'Shaunessy, the first secretary, and the resignation of Ambassador Wilson accepted. His resignation with those of other diplomats has been in President Wilson's hands since the Taft administration ended.

Del Valle Played Sleuth.

It was learned later tonight that Del Valle not only had been on board the same ship and train by which Ambassador Wilson had come to Washington, but stopped at the some hotel in New York, followed him on the street cars there and observed the men with whom the ambassador talked.

Del Valle, it also was said, was the man from whom Secretary Bryan received a recommendation that the American embassy be kept in charge of a secretary for the present and Ambassador Wilson's resignation be accepted.

Del Valle declined tonight to discuss any of these points, but said he was about through with his mission. He said he was a lawyer and had no interests in Mexico. He added that he would be here a few days longer conferring with Secretary Bryan, and would in the meantime pay his respects to President Wilson.

Romero Denies Reports.

Manuel Perez Romero, confidential agent of the constitutionalists in Washington, and brother of Mrs. Francisco I. Madero, tonight denied statements purporting to have been made in New York by Ambassador Wilson that Mrs. Madero had published letters that were forgeries and that the Madero family was maintaining a paid bureau in the United States for the purpose of giving publicity to false statements respecting conditions in Mexico. He declared that Mrs. Madero had published no such letters nor caused them to be published, and that the Madero family had made no contributions for maintaining a publicity bureau.

Constitutionalist headquarters here gave out a copy of telegram sent today to President Wilson by Gen. Francisco Villa, rebel commander at Ascension, Chihuahua, declaring that the anti-American demonstration in Mexico City did not express the real feeling of the Mexican people toward the United States. He appealed to the President to lift the embargo on arms and permit the constitutionalists to obtain munitions of war on an equality with the Huerta government.

Rurales Battalion Deserted.

Nogales, Ariz., July 26.—Gen. Alfaro Obregon, the constitutionalist leader, who is at Nogales, Sonora, recovering from a recent operation, exhibited today a telegram from the front that announced the desertion of a battalion of rurales from Gen. Ojeda's forces.

The rurales were reported to have been pursued by Federals with whom they engaged in a short battle before joining the constitutionalists.

Obregon said he endorsed the statement of Governor Maytorena, of Sonora, that the constitutionalists would refuse to engage in any peace negotiations in which the Huerta government was represented.

NEW TREND IN INQUIRY.

Officials Probing Origin of Fatal Binghamton Factory Fire.

Binghamton, N. Y., July 26.—A new trend may be given the inquiry into the cause of the fatal fire in the factory of the Binghamton Clothing Company, by the evidence offered by Mrs. William Whitney, one of the employees, who declared she called attention to the unusual heat in the building at 1 o'clock, smelled smoke at 2 o'clock, and called the attention of the girls to it. Flames were discovered at 2:30. This would sustain the theory that the fire started in a large number of rags stored in the basement.

The search for the bodies has ended, the last being found outside the ruins, beneath a fallen wall, crushed and burned so as to be unrecognizable. The insurance companies have agreed to pay life policies without demanding identification of fire victims, and the Binghamton Clothing Company announces it will resume work at once. All of the injured now in the hospital are expected to live.

The fire escape on the rear wall of the factory was the feature of the testimony at the coroner's inquest today. A young man employe testified that he helped several girls down the escape, and that others might have escaped if their feet had not been wedged in the stair treads, which were composed of two iron rungs.

Arrangements for the public funeral tomorrow for the unidentified dead were completed this evening. There will be twenty-one caskets, ten of the bodies having been identified and claimed for private funerals.

Major J. J. Irving will preside at the funeral services. Prayers will be offered by clergymen representing various religious organizations. There not being enough hearses in the city to carry so many caskets at once, a trolley funeral car will take the bodies to Spring Forest cemetery, where a beautiful plot has been set aside for their burial.

GEO. WASHINGTON PINCHED.

Tried to Chop Down a Cherry Tree, But a Negro.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., July 26.—George Washington is the name of a negro man who ran amuck last night in Tower Hill road, this city, and seriously injured Shade Feilds, also colored, using a pocket knife and an axe in his assault on Feilds. The men, Washington about 50 years of age, and Feilds 25, had a dispute over a woman in a suburban store, and before the bystanders could prevent it the older man stabbed the other in the back. The wound was deep and had it been an inch higher would have penetrated a lung. After leaving the knife in his assailant's back the namesake of the father of his country seized an axe and struck Feilds on the arm with it, inflicting another bad wound. Policemen arrested Washington and had to carry Feilds home. He is expected to recover, but his assailant is being held to await the result of his condition.

Mrs. Frank Pearson.
Will sing at afternoon and night concerts at Lumina today.
(advertisement.)

FOR SALE—Delivery wagons offered at reduction, simply to introduce them. Our factory in the heart of the timber section, with low freight rates to Southern points. Write today for illustrations and prices.
ROCK HILL BUGGY COMPANY,
Rock Hill, S. C.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, but a small charge for strictly Messenger Service; calls will be made, or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams; bills rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union." But for advertisements, always call the Star Office, No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

FOR RENT—Three or four rooms and bath for light housekeeping, on car line; very desirable. Address "C. C.," care Star. jy27-1t*

FOR SALE—A complete line of steam pumps, new and second hand, at just the prices to suit money squeezers. Also engines, boilers, pulleys, shafting, and a complete line of saw mill and woodworking machinery. Machinery Yard, Lingo City, Wilmington Iron Works. jy27-1t

FOR SALE—The hay, flour and grain damaged by fire when my warehouse was burned. James I. Metts. jy27-1t

LARGE FURNISHED ROOM, ten blocks from post office, three blocks from Union Station. Privilege bath and telephone. "C. L. M.," care Star. jy27-1t*

SALESMAN — For general mercantile trade in North Carolina, to sell new proposition of merit. Vacancy, August 1st. Attractive commission contract. $35 weekly for expenses. Miles F. Bixler Co., 198-30 Carlin Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio. jy27-1t*

FOR RENT—Four furnished rooms for light housekeeping for August and September. All modern conveniences. Apply to 512 Ann street, or call 'phone 1291-J. jy27-1t*

WANTED—20 or 30 bushels of cow peas, Yellow Clay or Wonderful. A. J. Hanby, Box 155, Wilmington, N. C. jy27-1t*

MEN AND WOMEN — Get government jobs; $65 to $150 month. Steady work. Common education sufficient. Thousands of appointments coming. Write for free list of positions. Franklin Institute, Dept. 279-F, Rochester, N. Y. jy27;au3,10,17,24,31;se7,14-8t*

SALESMAN—Experienced in any line to sell general trade in North Carolina. Unexcelled specialty proposition. Commission contract, $35.00 weekly for expenses. Vacancy August 1st. Continental Jewelry Co., 297-30 Continental Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio. jy27-1t*

FOR RENT—Apartment in Cape Fear; Southern exposure. See M. C. Darby & Co. jy27-1t

FOR RENT—Two stalls, storage facilities, teams, in clean, central stable. Also for feed and small consideration; good horse; specially attractive to one working city trade. "Horse," care Star. jy27-1f

WILL EXCHANGE — Thorough knowledge credits, detail office work, direction of salesmen, backed by over fifteen years experience, for consistent salary. Employed, but can come at once. "H. I. W.," care Star. jy27-1f

WILL SELL two houses on North Third street, between Bladen and Harnett, for a price that will yield purchaser 12 per cent on money invested. Wilder & Metts, Agents. jy27-1t

FOR SALE—Two of the best lots at Winter Park. One located on the turnpike, the other on the trolley line. Will sell one or both. This is a bargain, for some one. J. G. Wright & Son. jy27-1t

BEAUTIFUL CORNER lot in southern section of city, overlooking Greenfield Park, can be bought on easy terms. Can arrange loan for building. 'Phone James & James, Insurance and Real Estate, Orton Hotel Bldg. 'Phone 163. jy27-1t

ADVERTISER wants 3 to 5 rooms or small house, furnished, in city, with improvements. State location and price. "Cottage," care Star. jy27-2t*

SEVERAL GOOD Building Lots on Chestnut street, between 16th and 17th. Can arrange terms. See James & James, 'Phone 163; Orton Hotel Bldg. jy27-1t*

FOR RENT—One nicely furnished room with electric lights and bath. Gentlemen preferred. One-half block from car line. Apply 514 South Second street. jy27-1t*

A FEW HUNDRED dollars, balance in building and loan, will secure two small houses, well located. 'Phone 163, James & James, Orton Hotel Bldg. jy27-1t

REMOVAL NOTICE—I wish to announce to the public that I am now located in my new, modernly equipped fire-proof garage on the corner of Fifth and Wright streets, and am better able to serve my friends and patrons than ever before. All auto repair work guaranteed. Day 'phone 582; night, 1237-J. Leo Little. jy27-6t

FOR RENT — Apartment at 314 South Fifth street; first floor; six rooms and bath. Immediate occupancy. For information, call 'phone 105, or apply at 319 Market street. jy27-1t*

FOR RENT—Best built and most conveniently arranged apartment in the city, will be ready for occupancy in about 30 days. Must be seen to be appreciated. Have also beautiful residence consisting of 20 large rooms. Call and see C. P. B. Sabler, 23 South Second street. jy27-1t*

FOR SALE—Two shares capital stock of the Wilmington Stamp and Printing Co., for immediate sale below par. Address Box 632, City. jy27-1t*

ACTIVE OR SILENT partner wanted to take half interest with me in a big enterprise good for $10,000.00 profits annually; $2,000 to $5,000 capital required. Address "Sterling," care Star. jy27-1t*

$250.00 TO $100.00 per month salary guaranteed to twenty or more active salesmen in Wilmington and other territory in the Carolinas; $200 cash required as a deposit, which will be fully secured, and a 6 or 12 months contract made with each agent. Address "Edison," care Star. jy27-1t*

FOR RENT—Three furnished rooms, upstairs, with all modern conveniences. Close in; rents reasonable. 119 Orange street. 'Phone 1767-J. jy27-1t*

SAVE YOUR SAFETY Razor blades and get them sharpened at the Baxter Tobacco Co., Wilmington, N. C. Special attention to mail orders. We pay postage one way. Gillettes, 25c per doz.; Duplex, 50c per doz.; single edge, 25c per doz.; Star, 25c each. Work guaranteed. jy27-1t*

FOR SALE—E. M. F. touring car, same as new. Fully equipped. New tires and top. A check for $350.00 will take it. Address "E. M. F.," care Star. jy27-1t

FOR SALE—Velox bicycle, good as new. Only been in use about one month. Will sell cheap to quick purchaser. Apply 310 Walnut street. jy27-1t*

NICE ROOMS and Board in private family, for couples or young men. One block from car line. 'Phone 147-W, or call at 422 South Fifth. jy27-1t*

BACKED BY MEN of ability and seven and a half years of progressive and conservative management, without a single loss, The People's Building and Loan Association announces the opening of its 25rd series of stock, and solicits you as a stockholder. Think of and remember the day, Saturday, August the 2nd. We want you with us, because you will help the Association and still more, yourself. Many homes have been built, and many Doctors' bills have been paid with money saved in this Association, that would have otherwise been thrown away. Reserve stock at once. Shares, 25 cents each; worth one hundred dollars at maturity. For particulars, inquire at Foster's Real Estate Agency, 112 Princess street. W. E. Perdew, President; D. R. Foster, secretary and Treasurer. jy27-6t

WANTED—Energetic young lady desires permanent position immediately as cashier or clerical work. Just moved here from North, where I taught school three years. Address "V. M. M.," care Star. jy27-1t*

CHAUFFEUR—Colored man wishes position; private or public. Can drive and repair car. References. No. 206 Dock street. jy27-1t*

TEACHER WANTED—To teach a special district school (about sixteen pupils.) One who is able to prepare boys for college and also to teach primary department. Address A. O. Trust, East Arcadia, N. C. jy27-1t

WANTED—Girl for nurse. One with reference, willing to travel. Apply Station 2, Beach. M. W. Estill. jy27-1t*

FOR RENT—Six-room cottage, Market street, in good location and in fine order. See M. C. Darby & Co. jy27-1t

WANTED AT ONCE—By young lady stenographer of considerable experience, position either permanent or temporary. Can use dictaphone. Can give best of references. Injay place preferred. Address Box 815, City. jy27-1t*

THE BELLAMY GROCERY and Produce Co. have some of that choice lot of North Carolina hams, sides and shoulders not sold. Call Monday and make your selection. We have just received a shipment of the celebrated Beech-Nut brand of sliced bacon, beef, jellies, peanut butter, marmalades, Virgin olive oil and pure cider vinegar. Also Fox River butter, B. & B. coffee and other fancy groceries. Call 'phone 835, and we will deliver goods immediately. jy27-1t

WANTED—Dining room waiter. Apply 308 North Front street. jy27-3t*

FOR SALE—My new home in Carolina Heights, account leaving city. All modern conveniences; terms to suit purchaser. Apply F. A. Fetter. jy27-1t

CAROLINA HEIGHTS RESIDENCE—Most desirable residence in Wilmington's favorite suburb for sale on account of owner's leaving city. All modern conveniences and terms to suit purchaser. Apply F. A. Fetter. jy27-1t

DESIRABLE STORE, No. 20 Market street, for rent. Possession given at once. Has freight elevator, and is in good order. Suitable for Grocery Store, Drug Store or Dry Goods Store. Terms, apply to James Owen Reilly, Real Estate and Insurance. jy27-3t

FOR RENT—16 South Seventh; house suitable for two families. Modern in every particular. See M. C. Darby & Co. jy27-1t

YOUNG MAN—Be a barber. I teach you quickly, cheaply, thoroughly and furnish tools. I give you actual shop work and you keep half the receipts. Write me for catalogue. A. B. Mohler, Pres. Mohler College, Atlanta, Ga. jy27-3t*

FOR RENT—No. 8 Grace street; two-story; store below. See M. C. Darby & Co. jy27-1t

POSITION WANTED—As saw mill superintendent. Have had twenty-five years experience in building, surveying and operating. Reference, Onslow Lumber Co., H. E. Thrower, Jacksonville, N. C. jy27-6t*

FOR RENT—New cottage, modern; five rooms, $20 per month. See M. C. Darby & Co. jy27-1t

A COMPETENT male stenographer desires position at once. Have had six years experience in the stenographic line. Address "Stenographer," care Star. jy27-1t*

BEST TRUCK FARM in New Hanover county for sale. On hard road, one mile of car line, containing 106 acres. Will sell for $40 an acre and arrange terms. Wilder & Metts. jy27-1t

FOR SALE at a bargain, Underwood typewriter, latest model; practically new. Take a look at it, and you will purchase. Box 272, Wilmington, N. C. jy27-2t

IF YOU ARE in the market for a typewriter, talk it over with us before you purchase. Remington, Monarch, and Smith Premier; we sell them all. Remington Typewriter Co., 'Phone 878, Wilmington, N. C. jy27-2t

FOR RENT—Housekeeping apartment, southern exposure; four rooms, bath; ground floor, on corner. Fifteen dollars, at once. 320 South Fourth street. 'Phone 558-W. jy27-1t

FOR SALE—Southwest corner of Seventeenth and Dock streets, five big lots, for less than $5,000.00. Apply quick, as this property must be sold. Wilder & Metts, Agents. jy27-1t

BEACH EXTENSION—We have one of the most choice lots on this resort, for $350.00. J. G. Wright & Son. jy27-1t

MOHR'S PRESSING CLUB, 317 North Front street. Suit pressed, 40c.; membership, $1.00 per month. Ladies' coat suits pressed, 50c. 'Phone 1173. John Mohr, Mgr. jy27-1t*

$500.00 CASH, balance on easy payments (rents will take care of them) will buy two new houses in good section of city. J. G. Wright & Son. jy27-1t

FIVE ROOM COTTAGE, on car line; good condition; electric lights and sewerage. Price, $1,050.00. Only small amount of cash required. Wilder & Metts, Agents. jy27-1t

FOR SALE—One of the best and most desirable cottages on Wrightsville Beach. Cottage is new and thoroughly modern. For price and terms, see J. G. Wright & Son. jy27-1t

IF YOUR ROOF is leaking, send for us. Expert workmanship, by experienced workmen. Wilmington Slate-Metal Roofing Co., 14 South Second street, W. B. Klander, Mgr. jy27,30-2t*

FOR RENT—Owners staying at beach, light housekeeping apartment. Also to rent, furnished rooms in fine location, on Third street. Call 'phone 1313. jy26-4t*

WANTED — Two or three furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Must be close in. Address "J. W. W.," care Star. jy26-2t*

SALESMAN or mill agent calling on retail trade in Wilmington or nearby territory, to sell large line cotton fabrics on commission for mill direct. Prefer one who has other lines. Give references. Address "T. T. E.," care Star. jy26-2t*

CAPABLE, conscientious, working housekeeper of education and refinement, desires situation in widower's home. Address, giving all particulars, "Housekeeper," care Star. jy26-2t*

WANTED—Girl for nurse; one with reference. Apply Station 2, Beach. M. W. Estill. jy26-1t*

LOST—At Currie, N. C., or Wrightsville Beach, or between Currie and Wrightsville, gold fob locket bearing inscription: "In Appreciation from Employes. Xmas, 1610." Reward for return to A. B. Croom, Jr., Burgaw, N. C. jy26-1t

FOR RENT—Nine room residence at 501 North Sixth street, as a whole or part. Modern conveniences. Newly painted. Apply M. Schnibben, 401 North Seventh street. jy25-6t*

WILMINGTON MAIL CARRIERS, Postal Clerks, wanted; $65 to $100 month. Vacations; examinations coming. Common education sufficient. Sample questions free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 276-F, Rochester, N. Y. jy19sa,su-18t*

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE wanted. No canvassing or soliciting required. Good income assured. Address National Co-operative Realty Co., V-744 Marden Bldg., Washington, D. C. jy6;su4t*

WILMINGTON MAIL CARRIERS and clerks average $80. I conduced Government examinations. Can help you pass. Trial examination free. Write Ozment, 48-D, St. Louis, Mo. jy6su6t*

REWARD will be paid to man or woman who finds a better investment for the salaried man or wage earner than Building and Loan stock. What investment will pay better than 25c. each week, $100 paid you at maturity? This association has been earning money for its members for nearly a quarter of a century! It is no experiment with us. We make the money for you. We invite you to look over our books, see who our members are, and ask them; we will stand by their verdict. The 48th series opens Saturday, Aug. 2nd. Remember, you can open an account for only 25 cents per week. Subscribe now. Stock limited. North Carolina Home Building Association, C. W. Yates, president; J. Weil, vice-president; J. H. Taylor, Jr., secretary and treasurer; Jno. D. Bellamy, attorney; office at J. O. Reilly's, 118 Princess street. jy24,22,27-3t

BE A DETECTIVE—Big pay. Easy work. Travel. We show you. Write for free particulars explaining everything. Write today. Frederick Wagner, 1243 Lexington avenue, New York. my11su20t

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS are easy to get. My free booklet, Y-1319, tells how. Write today—now. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C. jy2,6,9,13,16,20,23,27,30-9t

TWENTY SHARES of American National Bank stock for sale. Submit offers to Box 77, Wilmington, N. C. jy24-4t*

GO TO THE DuBois Laboratory, when in need of a chemist. Analysis of any description. Prompt report; prices reasonable. 308 N. Ninth street, Wilmington, N. C. jy22-6t*

YE LEE'S CALIFORNIA LAUNDRY, 315 North Front street. 'Phone 1076. Work called for one morning and delivered the next evening, by calling 'phone 1076. Work done in best style. Buttons sewed on. Je25-1mo

DELICIOUS ICE CREAM today. Let us have your orders early. A. G. Warren Ice Cream Co.; 'Phone 485. jy25-1f

WILL SELL CHEAP for cash, complete outfit, pony, surry, small cart, plow and harness. Apply C. S. Lewis, Winter Park, N. C. jy25-3t*

UNREDEEMED — One karat diamond, value $250; unredeemed price, $150; at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop, 16 So. Front street. jy25-1f

WILL SELL LOW for cash, one 15 H. P. International gas engine and one Meadows mill, 30-inch burr. All practically new and in good condition. T. F. Justice, Verona, N. C. jy24-15t*

WANTED—Salesmen for high grade line ciders and vinegars. Exclusive or side line. Liberal commissions with weekly settlements. Fine opening for good man. References required. Burr Mfg. Co., Richmond, Va. jy24;26,27,30*

WANTED—In office of fertilizer manufacturing concern in Charleston, S. C., a young man experienced in this line of work, capable and industrious. Address, giving full references, stating experience, age and salary expected, Box 841, Charleston, S. C. jy23-5t

WANTED—To rent, a five or six room cottage, centrally located. Possession at once or before September 1st. P. O. Box 487. jy24-4t*

SWEET MILK for sale, delivered by 7:30 A. M. Love Grove Dairy Co. Telephone 1611, Martin Schnibbin, Mgr. jy25-6t*

WE KEEP IT ALL—Fresh meats, fruits, vegetables and fancy groceries. Very best cream cheese in city. Cantaloupes and fresh figs every day. Sliced bacon, raw and boiled hams. See our supply. We have the goods at all times. Large, cool, well-ventilated store. Palace Market, 108 S. Front street; telephone 72. jy23-1f

NOTICE—We can arrange to let you have money on easy terms on real estate. See Greer & Greer, Law Office, Second and Princess street, over Tidewater Trust Co. jy6-1mo

Parisian Ivory

The popularity of this ware is ever increasing, and its refined appearance appeals to all. We engrave without charge and fill in with enamel to match your boudoir furnishings.

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JEWELER
104 No. Front Street

Peters' Arab Horse Feed!

—Cheaper than Oats
—Is balanced just right
—Keeps summer and winter
—Facts are convincing
—Use no other
—Write for Booklet
—Prices are Right.

D. L. GORE COMPANY
Exclusive Agents.

SPECIALTIES

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The Most Popular Trade-Mark in the World!
IS IT YOURS?

You will never get ahead in this world unless you save money. That's sure.

If you can't save much, save a little. Deposit your savings with us and watch them grow. In just a little while you will have a good, substantial bank account.

One dollar will open a savings account here—we'll pay 4 per cent interest on your money, too.

Don't wait until tomorrow or next week—start the account TODAY.

American National Bank
of Wilmington, N. C.

A. D. BROWN
"The Store of Quality"
NEW DRESS GOODS!

Corded Ratine
Silk Ratine
Plain Ratine
Silk Corduroy
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We are showing a complete line Silk, Chamoisette and Suede, both long and short lengths.

HALF PRICE.
All Bathing Suits, White Skirts, Shirt Waists and Dresses Half Price for Cash.
Agents for "American Lady" Corsets, "Black Cat" Hosiery and Butterick Patterns.

TO CONSUMERS

If you want White, Nutritious Flour, that will make Bread and Biscuit to please you every day and Sunday, too, ask Your Grocer for

And if he hasn't got it, Insist Upon his Getting It for you.
J. W. BROOKS
Wholesale Distributor. Wilmington, N. C.

Removal Notice

WE WISH TO ANNOUNCE TO OUR FRIENDS AND PATRONS THAT ME HAVE MOVED INTO OUR NEW HOME ON THE CORNER OF FRONT AND MARKET STREETS, WHERE WE WILL BE PLEASED TO SERVE THEM IN THE FUTURE.

Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.
4 PER CENT. ON DEPOSITS.

RICE! - RICE!

1,100 Pounds Rice at 2 1-2 cents per pound.
1,900 Pounds Rice at 3 cents per pound.
2,100 Pounds Rice at 3 1-2 cents per pound.
2,800 Pounds Rice at 4 cents per pound.
2,900 Pounds Rice at 4 1-2 cents per pound.
3,700 Pounds Rice at 5 cents per pound.
1,400 Pounds Rice at 5 1-2 cents per pound.
2,200 Pounds Rice at 6 cents per pound.
1,300 Pounds Rice at 6 1-2 cents per pound.

W. B. COOPER
Wilmington, N. C.

THE DELIGHT THAT PEARLY WHITE TEETH

cause is more frequent than many people suppose. Usually it is talked about in a quiet way, but you can always notice the distinct pleasure it gives to see attractive teeth.

When they present beauty of form and regularity, they usually serve their main purpose—thorough mastication. To restore both beauty as well as naturalness is easily done when they are not severely neglected.

It's economy in many ways to keep your real teeth.

One reason the pleasure of my operations is as enduring as teeth—the smallest details are given the attention that wins the confidence of critical people.

It's economy for you to call today.

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3,000 feet 8-inch Sewer Pipe will be offered at Attractive Figures. Call and examine.

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SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

FOUNDED A.D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 14

VOL. XCII—NO. 109. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 27, 1913. WHOLE NUMBER 13,387.

ANTI COTTON FUTURE BILL

Argument That to Abolish Hedging Would Injure Business and That the Farmer Himself Would Suffer—It Would Lower Price.

The following letter is sent out by Mr. H. B. Neal, of Atlanta, Ga., and sets forth the argument of those who oppose the Clark amendment to the tariff bill which would tax cotton futures contracts:

The Clarke amendment imposes a tax of 1-10 of a cent a pound on all cotton future contracts. This is equivalent to 50 cents per bale, or $50 per contract of 100 bales, which is prohibitive, would destroy the functions of the New York and New Orleans Cotton Exchanges, and practically close them up, and transfer the making of a cotton market to foreign countries, where two-thirds of America's cotton crop is consumed, and the price of our staple would be made at Liverpool, England, and Bremen, Germany.

The Clarke amendment prohibits hedging or placing cotton future orders even in foreign markets without the tax of $50 per contract, leaving the Americans at that much of a disadvantage under their foreign competitors.

Many people throughout the South who understand what a hardship the passage of such a law would mean on the South and its greatest industry, have protested to the Senators of their respective States in Washington, also to Senator F. M. Simmons, of North Carolina, who is chairman of the Senate Finance Committee and to Hon. Oscar W. Underwood, of Alabama, who is chairman of the House Ways and Means committee, asking them to use their influence against the Clarke amendment; but there are some who decline to enter a protest, and we have seen telegrams and letters from mills stating that they would not protest, because if the Clarke amendment went through they felt they could buy their cotton cheaper than under the present system of competition. This shows where the benefit would be derived by present proposed legislation.

We have been advised that protests against the Clarke amendment going from merchants, bankers, cotton merchants, cotton factors, exporters, etc., who use the market most extensively as an insurance medium and a protection in their business, were of little or no effect, and that the voice of the farmer was needed in this instance.

Our honorable Senators and Representatives in Washington should realize that the cotton markets and cotton exchanges are not used as a rule for hedging by the planter, except where he is a very large producer, but the market quotations through the exchanges afford a basis of price from hour to hour and day to day, which is a benefit for the small as well as the large producer alike, and without this basis of price the small farmer could not sell respectively his three, five, ten or twenty bales of cotton, except at the arbitrary price of the local buyer in the small town or the large city.

The planter who raises the small number of bales each year has no need for a market except for him to guage the value of his staple, and to help him know what the general price is over the country, and what his neighbors are selling for and what the value of his own production is at the time. But the cotton exchanges of America have their very valuable functions and play an important part as a basis of protection and insurance to those who are buying the few number of bales from each farmer, until the aggregate of the day's purchases, in a busy season, will reach 100 or 500, or probably 1,000 bales.

The small merchant, the cotton buyer, or the exporter who accumulates his cotton in this way, is able to sell contracts on the New York or New Orleans exchanges against his holdings of spot cotton, until he is able to effect a sale, either to the American spinner, who uses on an average about one-third of our crop, or to the foreign spinner, who uses about two-thirds of the American crop.

If this local cotton merchant or factor could not protect himself against spot cotton which he is buying, when he did not have an order for that cotton, he would be obliged to offer lower prices to the farmer than he could afford to pay when he knows he can get effective insurance against loss by hedging with contracts.

The same thing applies to the mill man who makes contracts ahead for the output of his mill. He sells a bill of goods here and another bill elsewhere; he has not got the cotton to fill these orders, but insures himself by buying contracts on the different exchanges until he can secure the grades of cotton necessary with which to fill his orders. When he secures this cotton, he sells out the contracts which he had bought. The market has protected him, thus the exchanges are used largely for the legitimate protection against natural loss, and serves as an insurance.

While, of course, there is some speculation, it is this speculation which broadens and makes the ready market at all times. The speculator is the skirmish line of battle which rather feels and fixes a price. The speculator will take chances that a man handling the actual commodity would hesitate to take; therefore, the broadness of the markets is helped by the speculator so that large amounts of transactions, in the shape of hedges, can be effected without wide fluctuations; but if this speculation is entirely eliminated the fluctuations must necessarily be very wide; therefore, while some say the protest should come from the planter, the planter is not the man who directly uses the market, though he benefits by it in a general way more than anyone interested in the American cotton industry, and he should realize that the cotton exchanges are his friends.

The adoption of the Clarke amendment would destroy all usefulness of the American cotton exchanges and transfer the cotton markets of the world to foreign countries. It would so restrict business in America that there would be no general distribution of hourly quotations throughout every small town and hamlet, as now exists.

The markets would come from Liverpool and Bremen. The big exporter would have his market quotations by cable, while the small farmer would sell his cotton without knowing the facts and the state of the market, which he now gets through active competition at regular intervals, be it through speculation or through hedging, but it is a fact that the American exchanges are the basis for this information. Destroy them and the American cotton producer is in the dark and at a disadvantage.

We hope the farmer realizes that it is a fact that with the adoption of the Clarke amendment there would be a fixed tax of 50 cents a bale for hedging contracts, and when the local cotton buyer makes the farmer an offer for his cotton on the wagon his bid price would be low enough to enable him to hedge his contract and pay this 50 cents a bale, or it would be low enough to justify him in taking the chance and speculating on the market fluctuations of the next day; so the farmer after all would have to bear the burden of this tax.

In other words, the tax of 50 cents per bale or $50 per contract reduces the value of cotton as an asset and as a collateral with the bank, because protection in all lines of business has become a necessity. Banks recognize the functions of the exchanges for hedging, and as capital is timid, it is the first to recognize any safeguard that can be put about it.

If the heads and officials of the Farmers' Union could realize what this legislation, if passed, means, and would try to look at it purely from a business standpoint, we feel sure they would oppose the Clarke amendment, and try to introduce some bill that would perpetuate the exchanges and encourage competition that makes a broader, protecting market for cotton. There is speculation in every commodity, security and class of business which is recognized throughout the world, but speculation is not gambling.

Germany abolished cotton future trading some years ago, but finding that her people in this particular industry were at a great disadvantage, by having no local market, they have recently re-established cotton future trading in Bremen, where the exchange has been opened.

Professor Henry C. Emery, who has been chairman of the Tariff Board in the Treasury Department, Washington, dealt at length with this foreign situation in his report on the subject of "Commercial Insurance Against Necessary Business Risks Through the Use of the Commodity Exchanges."

"ORDERS IS ORDERS"

How a Big Leaguer Was Called Down for Disobeying Them

In the August American Magazine Hugh S. Fullerton writes an article entitled "The Making of a Big Leaguer." It is a true story of the development of one of the greatest ball players in the United States as told by the player himself to Mr. Fullerton. Early in his career this player encountered many difficulties and setbacks. Following is an account of one of the most trying experiences of his life:

"We were playing a hard game against St. Louis when my chance came. I was squirming uncomfortably on the bench, longing to get into the game. The score was tied, a runner was on second, one out, and our second baseman coming to bat, and he had been helpless against the Brown's pitcher. 'Get in there and hit,' said the manager, nodding to me. I leaped for a bat.

"'Feel him out—take a strike,' said the manager as I found the bat.

"I ran to the plate, quivering with excitement. The first ball was a fast one, waist high across the center of the plate. I hit it between right and center for three bases, scored a run and, a minute later, scored the winning run on a long fly out, and came to the bench glowing with joy.

"'That'll cost you twenty dollars,' snarled the manager, 'and I'd make it twenty more if you had it coming.'

"Hurt and amazed I sat down, and when the inning ended started to run to the field. He called me back and sent a catcher to play second base. It was not until we were dressing that I understood he had punished me for hitting the ball instead of waiting, as ordered.

"He never referred to it again, nor did he enforce the fine; but the sting was left and the lesson ignored. He sent me into three other games to hit, then sent me to a big minor league club, giving me and seven hundred and fifty dollars for a left-handed pitcher.

"Humiliated and with 'injustice' rankling, I started to drink, and fell in with the fast crowd on the new team. I held the job, although aware all the time the club was not getting my best efforts. Nor was I saving money as I had planned to do, and had only a few hundred to tide me over the Winter. A barnstorming trip with the team kept me away until nearly November, although father had hinted in one letter that I was needed at home.

"I fully expected to be drafted or purchased by some big league club that Winter and was kept busy explaining and dodging explanations to the folks at home. In fact, I believe that is why I turned in and worked hard on the farm, merely to keep from explaining to friends why the major leagues were not seeking me. This was the hardest period of my career, and when the lists were out and I remained the property of a minor league club with none of the big ones wanting me, it hurt."

FACTORIES TO RAW MATERIAL

No Live Community Should Send Out Its Products Unfinished

(Manufactuers' Record.)

No live community has any business sending its raw material away to be manufactured and to be shipped back in a finished state to the place of its origin is the broad proposition of the Morning Star, of Wilmington, N. C., which points to the plant in its neighborhood of the Acme Tea Chest Co., as an illustration of the advantages in the opposite policy. It says that gum logs used to be skinned at Wilmington, shipped in cargo lots to Glasgow, Scotland, and made into veneer for tea chests. After a while the thought dawned that the veneer ought to be made in Wilmington, and so the factory came. Bringing the factory to the raw material is a process under way in the South with ever-increasing momentum. While there has never been a time in the history of modern textile industry when Southern cotton mills did not turn out cloth, much of the output, even a quarter of a century ago, was yarns which were sent to other parts of the country for further handling. But between 1880 and 1912, with the number of spindles in Southern mills increasing from 6.4 per cent to 38.8 per cent of the total number of spindles in the whole country, and the amount of cotton used by them increasing from 14.8 per cent to more than 50 per cent of the total amount of cotton spun in the country, the loom equipment of Southern mills increased from 6.6 per cent to 35.5 per cent of the total equipment of the country, the increase suggesting not only the multiplicity, but also the multiformity of the South's textile activities of today, which are producing a hundred different lines of goods spun, woven and knit. In 1880 the cottonseed oil industry was in its infancy, less than 500,000 tons of pig iron was made annually and less than 4,000,000,000 feet of lumber was cut in the South, and manufacturing was in its cruder stages of first or second handling of material. Now, of 262 distinct lines of manufacturing in the country, 236 are represented in the South. But, in spite of the diversity of industries thus indicated, and in spite of an increase in 10 years in the value of factory products at the rate of more than 100 per cent, against an increase in the whole country of less than 82 per cent, there are still many opportunities for the expansion in existing undertakings and for the inception of others on such lines as canning and preserving, furniture making, agricultural implements, paper and other products dependent upon the forest; for iron and steel and other metal products, for a greater variety of cotton goods, clay products and for chemicals. A sufficient number of factories have moved to the raw material in the South to demonstrate the wisdom of such a policy and the profit to be derived from it. But they have only made a beginning of the utilization of the raw materials. The $4,000,000,000 worth of goods now produced annually is but a sample of the potential productivity of the South.

BASEBALL IN COURT.

Man Hit by Foul Ball Sues for Damages—Lost His Case.

West Publishing Company's "Cases of Interest" has the following that will interest players and fans:

Upon the coming of the first harbingers of Spring, to review a baseball case should not be amiss. In Crane vs. Kansas City Baseball & Exhibition Co., 153 Southwestern Reporter, 1076, plaintiff sues the owners of a baseball park for certain injuries. Plaintiff attended a game as a spectator and paid for admission to the grand stand. Reserved seats were not sold, and he had the option of seating himself at some place behind the netting or in an unprotected seat. He chose one of the latter, and during the progress of the game was struck by a foul ball and injured. His claim is that defendants were negligent in not screening in the whole grand stand, and that such negligence was the proximate cause of his injury. The Kansas City Court of Appeals holds that defendants were not insurers of the safety of spectators, but were only bound to exercise reasonable care, and that they fully performed that duty when they provided screened seats in the grand stand and gave plaintiff the opportunity of occupying one of those seats. Plaintiff voluntarily chose an unprotected seat and thereby assumed the ordinary risks of such position. The following quoted from the opinion, is of interest as showing the court's conception of a baseball game: "The object of the batter is to 'make a hit,' and to do so he must strike a pitched ball and send it to some point inside the foul lines. The object of the pitcher is to prevent the batter from making a safe hit, and such object is aided by a foul hit, which cannot help and may count against the batter." Judgment went for defendants.

WOMEN CONDUCTORS NOW

Plans for Gigantic 'Bus System Greater Than London's—Married Men Are Better Than the Single Ones.

New York, July 26.—The conductoress, or conductorine, is soon to appear in New York's transportation system, according to plans now under way for an enormous 'bus system, which will even outrival that of London.

Indeed, Manhattan Island will be griddled with motor 'bus lines if the Board of Estimate grants the franchises for some forty routes for which applications are now pending. On some of the lines, which will charge a fare of only five cents, it is already proposed to establish feminine conductors, with more to follow if the experiment proves successful. The forty routes cover practically every district from the Battery to Harlem. Many of them overlap, and for the more profitable streets there is spirited competition. For thirteen years, or since the motor 'bus became a reality, New York's development of this branch of the transportation system has been prevented by clauses in the Transportation Corporation law which virtually restricted the operation of 'buses to the present company. Now, hardly a month since the Legislature, urged by Governor Sulzer's emergency message, amended the act and vested the power to grant 'bus franchises with the Board of Estimate, three new companies are eager to operate in streets hitherto reached only by the taxicab. All of the new companies says they will have 'buses in operation a few months after they are granted franchises. It therefore seems probable that the feminine conductor, or conductoress, will very shortly become a reality here.

Married and Single Men.

That married men are better than single ones is the most remarkable feature of a report of an investigation made by the District Attorney's office, which has just been made public. Out of the 2,857 men convicted last year, only 784 were married, as compared to 2,068 who were unmarried. The one startling exception is in the case of suicide the report showing that among men who attempt to take their own lives the married outnumber the single three to one. A comparison for the last nine years gives 7,670 convictions of married men for all sorts of crimes and 18,406 convictions of unmarried men. The report indicates that there is a gradual increase of crime among young men, the male criminals under the age of 30 years

(Continued on Page 10.)

THE BIG SALE

AT

J. W. H. FUCHS' DEPARTMENT STORE

Introduces the Most Gigantic Price-Reduction Ever Made by this or any other store in Wilmington, on New, Seasonable, High Grade Merchandise. This Sale is undoubtedly the Greatest Bargain Event you have ever attended. A Riot in Prices. A Carnival in Values, and Every Article Truthfully Advertised. You Can't be Happy and Stay at Home. Come, Join the Crowds, and Get Your Share of These Wonderful Bargains.

Monday at 10 o'clock you can buy 10c Dotted Swiss, per yard **5c**

Monday at 4 P. M., you can buy Ladies 35c Muslin Pants, per pair .. **15c**

Tuesday at 10 A. M. you can buy $1.50 White Bed Spreads, each **75c**

Tuesday at 4 P. M., you can buy $1.00 Lace Curtains, per pair **50c**

Merritt's Sale Price on Shoes and Oxfords.

200 pairs of Ladies' and Misses' Fine Shoes and Oxfords, worth $1.25, for ..... .79c
Ladies' $2.00 Shoes and Oxfords ..... .98c
Ladies' and Misses' $2.00 Shoes and Oxfords, in tan, black and gun metal, for $1.19
Ladies' and Misses' $2.25 Shoes and Oxfords, in all the new styles; button or lace; sandals and pumps; all leathers; per pair $1.59
White Canvas Oxfords, in pump or strap sandals; per pair $1.39
Barefoot Sandals ..... 69c and 89c
Ladies' and Misses' $2.75 Shoes and Oxfords $1.98

33 1-2 Per Cent. Reduction on ALL Children's Shoes.

Men's $2.00 Work Shoes $1.24
Cygolf and White House Shoes and Oxfords for Men, $4.50 to $5.00 values, for $3.19
Men's $2.25 Black and Tan Shoes and Oxfords $1.59
Men's $2.50 Shoes and Oxfords, in patent leather, gun metal and vici kid, for $1.98
Men's $3.00 Shoes and Oxfords $2.29
Men's White Oxfords, rubber or leather bottoms; regular $2.00 values, for $1.29

Half Price on Men's and Boys' Fine Straw Hats in Domestic and Imported Makes.

Men's Clothing Department.

Men's $8.00 Linen Suits, unloading price $3.98
$8.00 to $10.00 Crash and Linen Suits for Men, for ... $4.98
Men's "Wrightsville Beach" Suits; regular $10.00 values, for $6.79
Men's $15.00 Suits, in English Mohairs and All-Wool Alpaca; made by the best tailors, with shape-retaining fronts and a perfect fit guaranteed; only $9.98
Men's Odd Coats, for Summer wear, from ... 48c to $2.98
Our line of Men's $10.00, $12.50 and $15.00 Suits cannot be equaled in the city for double their value. They are made from the best all-wool material and by expert tailors, and every one is guaranteed to hold its shape; we guarantee a perfect fit in every Suit. They are made in all the Leading Styles for Spring and Summer wear. Don't fail to see them..... $10.00, $12.50 and $15.00
$16.48 will buy your choice of Any $25.00 to $30.00 Suit in the house; only $16.48

A $10,000 Stock of Fine Dress Goods of All Kinds Will be Closed Out at a Great Sacrifice.

Boys' Clothing Department.

Boys' Norfolk Knickerbocker Suits. College peg top style, is more popular than ever this season. Coat with front and back yoke and box plaits; carefully tailored; close fitting collar and shoulders; high grade lining; pants cut full college peg top style, for $7.39
Medium Gray All-Wool Cassimeres; snappy black and gray diagonal weave; soft, smooth finish; broken invisible novelty stripes. Nothing newer or more pleasing, for $6.89
Blue Serges; extra fine, close weave; all seams reinforced; will not rip; always stylish and in heavy demand; prices..... $4.69 to $8.29
Boys' $4.00 Knee Pants Suits, for $2.29
Boys' $7.00 Suits $4.89
Extra large assortment of Boys' Knickerbocker Knee Pants Suits for $3.19
Boys' Split Hip Knickerbocker Pants, for 42c
Boys' $1.25 Pants 79c
Knickerbocker Pants, Split Hip and Full Peg; to be sold for $1.29
Boys' Knickerbocker Pants; full college peg to and split hips, for $1.98

Half Price and Less on Ladies' and Misses' Fine Coat Suits.

Woolen Coat Suits, made in the new Spring styles; serges, diagonals, whip cords, Bedford cords, eponge. Note the prices: $10.00 Coat Suits $4.48
$15.00 Coat Suits $7.48
$25.00 Coat Suits $12.48
Tan and Blue Linen Coat Suits; $10.00 value $4.98
Ladies' $2.50 Woolen Skirts $1.79
$3.50 All-Wool Skirts $2.79
$6.00 Skirts $3.98

Wash Skirts in White Piques and Corduroys.

$1.50 Skirts 98c
$2.00 Skirts $1.19
Ladies' $1.25 House Dresses 89c
Ladies' $10.00 one-piece Ratine Dresses, made in the newest styles $6.39
Ladies' Messaline Silk Dresses; blue and neat stripes; nicely trimmed in lace; $10.00 value, for $4.98

Wednesday, from 10 to 11 A. M., we will sell Rugs and Art Squares at .... **Half Price**

AGENTS FOR STANDARD PATTERNS—THEY ARE THE BEST. SALE CONDUCTED BY M. J. MERRITT, "DIXIE'S GREATEST BARGAIN GIVER." LOOK FOR LARGE RED SIGN ON FRONT OF STORE. RAILROAD FARE PAID TO PURCHASERS OF $25.00 OR MORE FOR 30 MILES.

Wednesday, at 4 P. M., we will sell for 30 Minutes, 75c Corsets, each **39c**

WOMEN CONDUCTORS NOW

(Continued from Page Nine.)

having increased in number from 1,700 in 1904, to 2,200 in 1912. During the last year many offenders were between the years of 15 and 20. Assault charges show forty under 20 years, and sixty-four from 20 to 30 years. Third degree burglary 213 for younger period and 205 for the older; grand larceny in the second degree, 184 criminals under 20 years, and 258 from 20 to 30; petit larceny, 157 under 20 and 144 from 20 to 30 years; unlawful entry, 34 under 20 years and 22 from 20 to 30 years. The total shows 940 under 20 convicted last year, and 1,278 from 20 to 30. Only 404 offenders from 30 to 40 years were convicted. The statistics for women prisoners show that two-thirds of the women brought to court were under 30 years.

Lowest Price on 'Change.

As another indication of the dreary days which have descended on Wall Street, comes the sale of a seat upon the Stock Exchange for a mere $38,000, the lowest price in thirteen years. In 1900 a seat sold for ,000 less, or $37,500. The record high price for a seat is $96,000, which was paid four years ago, and for the low price is $2,750. This latter price, however, was paid away back in 1871, more than forty years ago, before Wall Street gave any indication of the tremendous development it was subsequently to undergo. Were anything more needed to show Wall Street's plight, it came this week, when for the first time in history the hat was passed on the floor of the exchange. It was passed for a veteran broker who has been left in serious straits by the decline in business during the last six months. A subscription was taken up among the floor members for his benefit, and subscriptions were fairly liberal for dull times. The committee hopes to raise several thousand dollars to tide him over and save his membership. The aged broker clung to his membership, believing the depression would end and that he would be enabled to sell his seat at a price to afford him a comfortable income during the remainder of his days. In past years, his commissions afforded him a substantial livelihood. The last six months he has scarcely been able to meet his living expenses.

Veteran to Discard.

A veteran in New York's marine service on the Hudson river is soon to be retired, and with her will go a craft which has been known and patronized by at least three generations. This is the Hudson river boat Mary Powell, which for fifty years has been traveling up and down the river. During all that time she has logged 1,154,000 miles, practically equal to five trips to the moon. No one knows how many millions of passengers she has carried. Her commander, Captain Anderson, finally decided that a bigger boat was necessary, and the days of the Mary Powell seem to be about at an end. Capt. Anderson's father was the original pilot of the Powell, and in the long experience of father and son the fine old ship—she is not really old, as she has been rebuilt practically three times—never has had a serious accident and never has lost a life. Many distinguished American and foreign folk voyaged on the Hudson in the Powell, with millions of plain people from all over the world.

Old Eggs a Delicacy.

That old eggs are really the best and that no one should scorn the delicate hen fruit because it happens to be a few years of age, or even old enough to vote, is the surprising testimony just rendered by an expert witness in a hearing now going on to determine the status of 400 cans of frozen eggs seized by the government three years ago.

The witness testified that these aged eggs were perfectly wholesome and as evidence told of feeding them to his family and workers in his laboratory without any ill effects. When the health sharps at the hearing seemed incredulous the expert explained that to keep eggs for a few years is really nothing compared to the feats of the Chinese, who preserve them for indefinite periods. He recalled that when Li Hung Chang visited America he brought with him eggs a hundred years old because there were none in this country old enough to suit his palate. While the eggs have been ripening in storage in Jersey City the Federal Courts have been wrestling with the problem of their fitness for food. Judge Gross, of the United States District Court, decided that the government had not proved its case against the eggs. He was reversed by the Circuit Court of Appeals, whose judgment was in turn set aside by the Supreme Court of the United States on the ground that it was without jurisdiction. All that now stands between the eggs and the public is the want of an order of the State Board of Health releasing them from storage. As the latest reports show that the cold storage eggs on hand in the United States amount to over 87,000,000 dozen, this case has attracted particular attention for more reasons than one.

An Odd Vacation.

Of the many odd vacations taken by New Yorkers the most oddly characteristic is believed to be a journey on which not a bath shall be missed and no "roughing it" shall be endured notwithstanding that it will be from Broadway to Fort McKenzie, the last port of call on the Mackenzie river, 200 miles within the Arctic circle. The party will be able to cling to the luxuries of sleeping cars until a transfer to a steamer on the Athabasca river is made and will risk discomfort only at one point where for a stretch of rapids another transfer will be made to York boats, which, being open, may call for umbrellas on a rainy day. The major part of the river journey, however, will be made in steamers of the fur trade up and down the great Mackenzie for a distance of 2,300 miles and this will be only a trifle less comfortable than on a Fall River steamer of the Hudson. The trip was proposed to the astonished cafe patrons of America's most fastidious city as a challenge to the deep seated prejudice against venturing westward, out of range of push buttons and the sparkling vintages which come forth in cobwebbed bottles. The opening of a rail-and-river route to Fort McKenzie fell upon heedless ears until the thought was dispelled that hardship might lurk in the experience and that coffee might be brewed somewhere on the route from a smoky pot over a camp fire and that pine boughs needs must be slept upon instead of soft mattresses and springs. The completion of a railroad, the Canadian Northern, to the Athabasca at the post which for generations was the outfitting point for trappers, but it will be next year before the idea will have percolated far enough for the trip to be undertaken in any numbers. Never before has it been possible to go straight from Gotham to a region promising so great a contrast, notwithstanding that settlement and enterprise is pouring into the region to which the rails were laid.

Domestic Servant Famine.

New York is rapidly approaching a famine of domestic servants. Employment agencies find it impossible to meet the demand for them. It is not so much because women who are willing to work as servants are scarce as it is that so many of them are incompetent. Every employment agency in New York has more applications for work from would-be servants than it can fill, but there is not an agency in the city that would not place 100 per cent more servants were the latter competent to fill the places. One class of employment agencies has ceased to exist since last year. These are the agencies which got employment for cattle attendants on the trans-Atlantic steamships. Young college men who wanted to work their way to Europe often went as cattle tenders through these agencies. Since October last no American live stock has been shipped abroad, and consequently the occupation of the cattlemen is gone. The high price of beef in the United States and the fact that this country has lost the European cattle export trade to Argentina, explain the changed conditions.

Dances Affect Card Business.

Another protest against the modern wriggling dances is just making itself heard. Curiously enough, however, it does not come from reformers or persons whose sense of decency is offended by the terpsichorean acrobatic. Instead, it emanates from the manufacturers of playing cards, for so generally have the tango and the turkey trot succeeded card playing that last year showed a very serious falling off in the card manufacturing business. As the new dances are most popular with the persons who formerly were card devotees the case against such dances seems to be a clear one. What the falling off actually amounts to is shown by the fact that during the last fiscal year there was a decrease of 778,231 packs of cards manufactured, or nearly 40 per cent. Whether or not this is to be looked upon as another crime to be laid at the door of the tango and turkey trot depends largely upon the point of view as to whether the new dances or the bridge craze are the less to be desired.

Holidays Costly in New York.

That the granting of Saturday half holidays during July and August to all of the city employes of New York who work by the day is going to be a costly plan has already become apparent, and officials are wondering just where the money to meet the cost, estimated at $300,000, is coming from. The comptroller, to whom falls the puzzling job of discovering some means of providing the money characterizes the outlook as a "very inviting one" particularly in view of the fact that the margin of revenue bonds which can be issued this year is only about $230,000. Borough President McAneny says it will cost his department at least $20,000 additional, as he will have to employ extra shifts of firemen, engineers and watchmen. Borough President Miller, of the Bronx, estimates that it may cost him as much as $30,000. The extra cost for the entire city will probably be in the neighborhood of $300,000.

—LONGACRE.

WORK OF NEWSPAPER MEN

How One Died on the Job His Thought on the Paper

Gregory Humes was one of the victims of a recent disastrous wreck on the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad. He was a reporter of The New York World and when in the final moments of his dissolution friends gathered about him, his plea was to send to his paper the news that "the story is a big one," and that he would not be able to "cover it." This is no extreme specimen of the loyalty and fidelity to duty which newspaper men exercise. It is doubtful if there is any profession that holds such allurements for its followers as the newspaper vocation. With all of its defects and shortcomings, its a game that the boys love to play for the sheer sake of playing it In innumerable instances, the men engaged in the work could command better salaries along some other lines, but they love the art for the art's sake. And in obedience to this inherent loyalty to their tasks, they move in and out among the people day after day with the dominant thought possessing them that work is their without the glory and the honor. It is not a spectacular performance. It is done in the plains anr in the low places, not on the summitheights in open view of the gaze of the multitude where the plaudits of the people resound in their ears, and where men step away from them singing paens of praise for their genius and for their talent. The newspaper man's work does not beget this sort of approval and contentment comes to him largely through satisfaction with his own labor, not through any conscious sense of the larger seriousness of his task, for the ordinary newspaper reporter is a historian, chronicling the march of civilization and giving account of history as it is in the making.

The New York World, incidental to the death of young Hume, pays this remarkable incisive compliment to the average newspaper man and one which ought to give some insight into the largeness of the sphere of this vocation:

"With sorrowful pride in devotion so heroically displayed and with sympathetic appreciation of the many other noble qualities possessed by Mr. Humes, The World in paying a deserved tribute to him would also in a few words exalt the whole class of workers of which he was a fine example. In no other walk of life do we find more truth, zeal, honor and courage than among newspaper reporters. On their fidelity, judgment and generations that are to come depend for the records that must be imperishable.

"Into the collection and writing of these chronicles of busy days, sacrifices of health and life often enters. Injured to exhausting labor, reckless of hours or comfort working under incredible pressure and usually with a singleness of purpose that is generally associated only with the battlefield, the true reporter has two mighty incentives—one being the pursuit of truth and the other the triumph of his newspapr.

"Mr. Humes died on the job with no other thought that he was a hero, but many a towering shaft the whole earth around commemorates loyalty less notable and bravery less admirable."

FERTILIZER FROM THE AIR.

How Nitrogen Can be Obtained Unlimited From Atmosphere.

(Christian Science Monitor.)

Dr. Thomas H. Norton, United States consul at Chemnitz, Saxony, has prepared and the Department of Commerce has published, a paper on the "Utilization of Atmospheric Nitrogen." Reduced to plain terms, this paper deals with the recognized value of nitrogen, the necessity of insuring its supply, its rapid disappearance in the forms in which it can now be used in fertilization, and the prospects of obtaining it from the air, where it is to be found in unlimited quantity, in such a manner as to make it available for practical purposes. He quotes authorities to the effect that the known volume of nitrate bearing substance, not counting the atmosphere, is sufficient to supply the demand for, perhaps, not more than 50 years. One of his authorities has it that with the annual increase in consumption the world's supply would be exhausted as early as 1972.

In this connection some extremely interesting statistics are given. For example, the number of bread eaters in the world in 1898, when the estimate was made by an acknowledged expert, was about 516,000,000, and at that time they were increasing at the rate of 6,000,000 a year. From the same source it is learned that it would be easily possible, through intensive agriculture, which, of course, demands the extensive use of fertilizing material, to so increase the yield of cereals to the acre as to put off the possibility of an undersupply of bread for another century.

Dr. Norton, while admitting that the synthetic production of nitric acid from the atmosphere is "a highly specialized process dependent for the time being on exceptionally cheap sources of electricity," nevertheless expresses confidence that chemistry will achieve the desired end. In fact, he concludes his paper in a highly optimistic vein, holding that the continual perfection of processes of handling nitrates, and the appearance at frequent intervals of novel additional methods, all point to the assurance that combined nitrogen as an industrial product will be furnished on an increased scale without advance in cost above existing rates as fast as the demand is evident. This conclusion lines up nicely with that which is becoming accepted throughout the world more and more widely year by year and which holds to the position that in the advancement of humanity every new need is balanced by supply.

The Islands of the West Indies are to be connected by wireless.

KNOW IT WELL

Familiar Features Well Known to Hundreds of Wilmington Citizens

A familiar burden in many homes.
The burden of a "bad back."
A lame, weak or an aching back
Often tells you of kidney ills.
Doan's Kidney Pills are for weak kidneys.

Here is Wilmington testimony.

Miss M. Rivenbark, 105 Dock St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "There was a constant, dull pain in the small of my back and some days I could hardly get about the house. The kidney secretions bothered me and I had but little strength or energy. I used several tonics and remedies, but nothing gave me relief until I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills, which were procured at Bellamy's drug store. It did not take them long to give me lasting benefit. You are welcome to continue using my former public endorsement of Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

(advertisement.)

Made a Quick Sale

THE Investment Department af a Baltimore stock exchange house had a caller who wished to buy fifty shares of a certain investment stock. While the customer waited, the manager called up the firm's Philadelphia agent on the Bell Long Distance Telephone and secured the stock, with the promise of delivery next day.

Quick trades are often made by the Bell Telephone service.

When you telephone—smile

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Equal rights for women—as far as the automobile is concerned—are made absolutely sure by the light and simple Ford. It's a woman's car—made so by its simplicity of operation. Note the number of women who drive them.

Here's the test: 300,000 Fords now in service. Runabouts $525; Touring Car $600; Town Car $800—f. o.b. Detroit, with all equipment. Get catalogue and all particulars from Ford Auto Company, Eighth and Princess street, Wilmington, N. C.

Your income may slip up on a banana peel.

A broken leg may send you to bed for months; and, as a consequence, your salary may be temporarily discontinued.

You fully appreciate what this would mean to those dependent upon you for support.

An Ocean Accident Policy will provide you with an income during the time you are disabled; and if you should die from your injuries there'll be a cash indemnity of $5,000, $10,000 or $15,000 for your beneficiary.

It's a comfortable feeling to know that there'll be ready money to meet expenses.

The cost is extremely reasonable.

For full information, call on
J. IRVING BEAR
General Insurance
'Phone 443. 101 1-2 Princess St.

OCEANIC HOTEL

CHAS. E. HOOPER
MANAGER.

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C.

This elegant hotel of 300 rooms, many with private bath, with its broad porches and pavilion facing the ocean is now open for the season of 1913. No flies, no mosquitoes, Artesian Water, Electric Cars to the door connecting with Union Station at Wilmington.

For booklet and terms address,

C. E. HOOPER, Mgr.

NOTICE TO

SAW MILLS
COTTON MILLS
OIL MILLS
FERTILIZER MILLS
STEAMSHIPS
YACHTS
and all machinery owners.

We have it or can make it or repair it. Machinery, Iron, Steel, Copper, Brass, Babbitt, etc. Come to us at once we always remedy the trouble. Business is good with us and it is a pleasure to serve you.

Wilmington Iron Works
"The Iron Men."
Manufacturing Plant: Foot of Orange Street.
Marine Railway: On Eagles Island.
Machinery and Storage Yards: Lingo City.

600 IRON BEDS

600 Springs.
550 Chairs.
2,000 Yards Matting.
150 Rugs.

Automatic and Rival Refrigerators, Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers, all specially suited in quality and price for the Beach and Sound Trade.

The Wilmington Furniture Co.

Extra! - Extra!

Beginning Next Wednesday, July 30th, we will place on sale at Sensational Reductions, our Immense Stock of Celebrated "Manhattan" Shirts, all of This Season's Patterns and Designs. The following prices:

$1.50 Shirt	$1.20	$3.00 Shirt	$2.25
$1.75 Shirt	$1.35	$3.50 Shirt	$2.65
$2.00 Shirt	$1.45	$4.00 Shirt	$2.85
$2.50 Shirt	$1.95	$4.50 Shirt	$3.45
		$5.00 Shirt	$3.75

J. M. Solky & Co.
'Phone 617. Masonic Building.

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway
SCENIC ROUTE TO THE WEST.
Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.
Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv. Richmond	2:30pm	6:40pm	11:00pm
Ar. Louisville	11:00am		7:30pm
Ar. Cincinnati	8:15am	10:00pm	5:00pm
Ar. Chicago	5:00pm	6:45pm	7:10am
Ar. St. Louis	6:28pm	6:28pm	7:45am

Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.
Quickest and Best Route.
The line to the Celebrated Mountain Resorts of Virginia.
For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations, address
W. O. WARTHEN, D. P. A.,
C. & O. Ry. Co., Richmond, Va.

DEEP CUT

On All Summer Goods This Week At

Gaylord-Platt Company's

Big Department Store

In Ladies' Hats we will have one table filled with $2.00 colored chips to be sold for 75c.

Another table filled with $2.50 and $3.00 Mushroom Milands, to sell for $1.00.

A third table of Children's Fancy, Hand-Made Hats of $2.00 and $2.50 value, will be closed out for 69c.

All Rough Straw, Ready-toWear Hats for Children, of 50c grade, will sell for 19c.

SPECIAL BARGAIN IN SILK KIMONAS

We have 14 Silk Kimonas worth $15.00 each; you can buy one this week for $7.50

Also Silk Kimonas of $10.00 value, for $4.50.

50c Long Lawn Kimonas, 23c.

Here is where you find the Two Best Corsets on the market today—The La Reine and the La Grecque—in any shape, style or design you may want.

Wilson green and white "Gros-Grain" ribbon with "Pico Edge,"

Ask to see our Summer Footwear for Man, Woman and Child; you will find that prices have been made remarkably low on all sandals and shoes.

By buying your Hosiery here you can save at least 25 per cent.

Big lot of White Kid Belts, 50c beauties for 25c.

New line of Ratines in assorted shades; best grades, this week, 29c.

Best Place in the City to buy an Umbrella or Parasol.

Men's Straw and Panama Hats are now selling for about one-half of the price you paid in the Spring.

Everything is sold for Cash at this big store, and sold 25 per cent. cheaper than you buy the same elsewhere.

210, 212, 214 North Front Street

BONDS FOR SALE

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Commissioners of New Hanover county, North Carolina, at its meeting to be held at 3 o'clock P. M., on the 18th day of August, 1913, at its office in the City of Wilmington, N. C., for the purchase of the following bonds authorized to be issued at an election held on May 27th, 1913, in said county:

$50,000.00 of ROAD BONDS, coupons attached, to bear date July 1st, 1913, to be of such denominations as requested by purchaser, to run 25 years from their said dates and to bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent, payable semi-annually.

$75,000.00 of SCHOOL BONDS, coupons attached, to bear date July 1st, 1913, to be of such denominations as requested by purchaser, to run for 25 years from their said dates and to bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent, payable semi-annually.

Each bidder will be required to deposit a certified check for 5 per cent of the aggregate amount of his bid, the same to be returned if his bid is not accepted. The Board of Commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

MARTIN S. WILLARD,
Chairman.

Wilmington, N. C., July 14th, 1913.

BRICK! BRICK! BRICK!

Capacity, 40,000 Per Day.

We are prepared to take care of any size orders, giving prompt service, best quality and lowest prices. Patronize "Home Industry," and keep your money in Wilmington.

Roger Moore's Sons & Company

Notice to Automobilists

The ordinance requiring owners of automobiles to register their State number with the City Clerk and Treasurer within 48 hours after the receipt of the same, will be enforced on and after August 1st, 1913.

N. J. WILLIAMS,
Chief of Police.

July 26-2t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of W. A. Caldwell, deceased, late of New Hanover county, this is to notify all persons having claims against said estate, to present same to the undersigned on or before July 13th, 1914, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to the said estate will please make payment to the undersigned.

This July 12th, 1913.

R. R. STONE,
jy13-au4t Administrator.

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS
SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

CHICHESTER S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

J. F. LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27-28-29 Carroll Building.

COURT CASES OF INTEREST

Legal Points Out of the Ordinary and How Courts Have Ruled—Issues of Unique Character Raised.

"Cases of Interest," published by the West Publishing Co., of St. Paul, Minn., give the following interesting notes on unusual happenings in the courts:

Who is an unmarried woman? This is the pivotal question in People vs. Weinstock, 140 New York Supplement, 453, a seduction case, in which under the statute defining the crime it devolved upon the State to show that prosecutrix was unmarried. The facts are: The prosecutrix was married in 1901 in New York, where she lived with her husband for a period of one year. Soon thereafter he deserted her, and ever since his whereabouts have been unknown. She has never heard from him or about him and does not now know whether he be living or dead, but she testified that she had heard he went away with another woman. In 1911 she charged defendant in the above action with seduction under the Penal Law protecting "unmarried" women, etc. The city magistrate's court of New York City holds that an "unmarried" female is not necessarily one never married, but includes widows and divorced women, especially in view of the use of the comprehensive word "female" which includes all unmarried women, whether spinsters, widows, or divorcees. The next question which presents itself then is, Is she a widow under the rule by which disappearance gives rise to a presumption of death? The court answers that the common law presumption of death after a lapse of years is not sufficient in a criminal prosecution, and no conviction for crime should be had on mere suspicion or on a presumption of the existence of the fact for which there is no basis. Mere disappearance does not give rise to the presumption of death, and where, as in this case, the husband of the prosecutrix left supposedly with another woman, it can hardly be expected that he would his whereabouts known to any one. The complaint is dismissed, and defendant ordered discharged.

Common Law Marriages.

In upholding a common law marriage and decreeing that marriage is not a contract, but a status created by mutual consent by one man and one woman, the Supreme Court of Texas in Grigsby vs. Reib, 153 Southwestern Reporter, 1124, says: "Marriage was not originated by human law, When God created Eve, she was a wife to Adam; they then and there occupied the status of husband to wife and wife to husband. When God turned the first pair out of the garden, He gave the command: 'Multiply and replenish (people) the earth'—which was enjoined upon their expulsion from the garden. When Noah was selected for salvation from the flood, he and his wife and his three sons and their wives were placed in the Ark; and, when the flood waters had subsided and the families came forth, it was Noah and his wife and each son and wife, and God repeated to them the command: 'Multiply'. All of the duties and obligations that have existed at any time between husband and wife existed between those husbands and wives before civil government was formed. The truth is that civil government has grown out of marriage; marriage by cohabitation, not by contract, which created homes, and population, and society, from which government became necessary to settle the differences in matters of private interest, to protect the weak, and to conserve the moral forces of society, to the support of religion and free government."

Consumption Ground for Divorce.

Is a disease such as pulmonary consumption a sufficient cause for separation a mensa et thoro? In Abramowitz vs. Abramowitz, 140 New York Supplement 275, the parties intermarried in 1912 and the wife returned to her parents after five days. The wife's action for separation is based on the ground of cruelty and conduct rendering it unsafe for her to cohabit with the defendant in that his state of health is such that it is "impossible, unsafe and unhealthy for her to cohabit with him." She says that he is troubled with a violent cough at night accompanied by expectoration of blood and that the physician called in attendance stated that it 'was caused by hemorrhages." The New York Supreme Court, special term, says: "Assuming for the sake of the argument that the facts point to the existence in the defendant of the disease commonly known as pulmonary consumption, which is very generally held to be both communicable and dangerous to health, its existence prior to the time of the marriage is not claimed, nor that any false representations as to the defendant's state of health were made, so as to induce the plaintiff to wed, though, of course, had there been, it would not be available in the present form of action. The plaintiff apparently had an ample opportunity for making inquiries as to the health of the defendant before marriage as she had as to his earning capacity. Perhaps the exercise of as great caution regarding the former as was paid to the latter consideration would have saved both parties trouble and unhappiness." The holding of the court is thus summarized in the following lines: "If during marriage disease attacks one of the spouses, it is not the one so afflicted who is guilty of legal cruelty. It is rather the other one who seeks on that ground a judicial separation."

Must Wife Pay Alimony.

Lucy Poloke brought an action for divorce against her husband, Sam, in Poloke vs. Poloke, 130 Pacific Reporter, 535. The trial court rendered judgment for her for the divorce, but required her to pay her husband in the sum of $50 per month during his lifetime as alimony, and also required her to pay him an attorney fee of $100. The Supreme Court of Oklahoma holds that the judgment should be reversed, since the statute governing the power of the court to grant alimony makes no mention of the husband's right to alimony, and it cannot be presumed that it was the intention of the Legislature to allow him alimony.

Liability of Restaurant.

One West on a certain occasion went into a restaurant or cafe for his noonday lunch. The articles of food and drink served to him were scrambled eggs, brains, ham, bread and butter, and a glass of tea. According to the evidence, between 2 and 3 o'clock of that afternoon he was taken violently ill, and had symptoms of suffering from a very severe case of ptomaine poisoning. He became unconscious for a time, and continued to suffer from this illness for months afterward. The physician who attended him diagnosed the case as one of ptomaine poisoning resulting from eating tainted brains. Later he sued the owner of the restaurant, and recovered a judgment for $500. On appeal to the Court of Appeals of Alabama in Pantaze vs. West, 61 Southern Reporter, 42, the court holds that the keeper of a public restaurant must use due care to see that the food served to his guests is fit and may be eaten without causing sickness because of its unwholesome condition, and he is liable for any negligence proximately resulting in injury to a guest, and the question of defendant's negligence was for the jury. The judgment is affirmed.

Legality of Sale to Negroes.

The right of one owning real estate to sell the same to colored persons comes up in Holbrook vs. Morrison, 100 Northeastern Report, 1111. Complainants are dealers in real estate and own a number of lots in the city of Boston. The respondent owns a house and lot abutting on two of the lots belonging to complainants and in close proximity to the others. Respondent has caused to be placed on the front of her house a large sign headed with the words, "For Sale", and concluding with the words, "Best Offer from Colored Family," all in large letters. She has also caused advertisements of like tenor to be inserted in a newspaper, and is threatening to sell her house and lot to a colored family. Complainants bring this bill to restrain respondent from maliciously interfering with their business by means of such advertisements and threats. The Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts holds that respondent has the right to advertise her property for sale by signs or otherwise in the usual way and to sell it if she sees fit to a negro family, even though the effect may be to impair the business of the complainants; that she has a right to ask for bids from white people or colored people, or both, and is not limited to bidders of any particular race or class or creed; and if one of her purposes in asking for bids from colored families is to annoy and injure the complainants, and she succeeds in doing so, her conduct is not thereby rendered unlawful so long as her object is to secure a purchaser for and to sell her house and lot. The bill is dismissed.

NEW FERTILIZER METHOD

Cooking Phosphate Rock by Electricity for Phosphoric Acid

The Charlotte Observer of yesterday had the following of interest to the fertilizer interests of Wilmington:

Cooking rock by means of electricity and thereby obtaining phosphoric acid, one of the most important ingredients in commercial fertilizers, is the latest achievement of industrial specialists associated with the Inter-State Chemical Corporation at its big branch plant west of the city. And the advantage of the new system is that it is not only cheaper than the old sulphuric acid process but it is more efficient, easier to handle when once begun and produces a higher grade of product than under the old system. It is the 1913 plan of operations in contradistinction to the 1910, with each single year in this day and generation of achievement the equivalent of a decade previously. The same process can be applied with similar results in the production of ammonia and the other ingredients that go to make up what is known today as commercial fertilizers.

The phosphate rock is placed in a huge electric furnace and the current is turned on. There is a sheet of flame between the electrodes permeating the furnace that ranges into the thousands of degrees of temperature. The fumes that rise from the molten mass are caught, condensed and a high grade of phosphate acid is to the result, ranging somewhere in the neighborhood of 40 per cent as opposed to the percentage of from 15 to 18 in the old process. Likewise in the production of ammonia, the percentage of grade is practically double that of the old system and the other ingredients likewise.

Aside from the higher grade, this quality will enable the manufacturers to ship at greatly reduced rates for the reason that there will not be so much bulk in the allotment. It will be possible for the consumers, the farmers and others to mix the grades down to the percentage desired such as 10, 15 and 18 per cent in phosphoric acid as the character of the sole demands and the other ingredients likewise.

The new electric process has been tested out at the Charlotte branch plant of the Inter-State Chemical Corporation and in the estimation of those in charge has given splendid satisfaction. A special plant was erected in addition to the regular establishment, the main plant utilizing the sulphuric acid process and the supplementary plant the electric process. By means of operating the two in conjunction, it has been possible to get a line on the relative efficiency, cost, etc., of them. The officials after watching the new system for some little time have been immensely gratified. If the new process continues to give the results on a big scale that have been given on a smaller scale, then it is more than likely that several monster establishments will be erected for the production of commercial fertilizers by means of the cooking of the rock in huge electric furnace. This will doubtless result in the conversion of the present plants into mixing factories where the higher grades of fertilizing elements are taken and mixed to the proportions desired.

It is very manifest that nothing can be done in a week or a month for the Inter-State Chemical Corporation has several millions of dollars invested in branch factories at various points throughout the South, the Charlotte plant being only one of these. The corporation is capitalized at $7,500,000 and has vast vested interests, not only in phosphate beds but also in machinery equipment for the old sulphuric acid process that appears to be about to be superseded. The company therefore, will have to "make haste slowly" in changing from one system to the other.

Mrs. Frank Pearson.
Will sing at afternoon and night concerts at Lumina today.
(advertisement)

$12.50
Atlantic City, New Jersey

The Atlantic Coast Line have announced the very low round-trip rate of $12.50 from Wilmington to America's premier Summer resort—Atlantic City—and correspondingly low rates from many other points in North Carolina. Tickets will be on sale for all trains Tuesday, August 12th, and will be limited to return until August 26, thereby giving about two weeks at the great resort.

No stop-overs will be allowed on the going trip, but on the return trip they will be allowed within the final limit at Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and Richmond, by depositing tickets with ticket agents.

For further information, reservations, etc., phone 160, or address T. C. White, General Passenger Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
jy23 to aug1

AN OLD "REBEL" IN LONDON

Confederate Veteran One Hundred and Four Years Old Attends Little Reunion of Vets in England's Capital.

London, July 26.—While the Grand Army of the Republic was holding its annual re-union at Gettysburg there was a little gathering of veterans of the Civil War in Bermondsey, a suburb of London, and so far as enthusiasm went this celebration compared favorably with many a larger one in America.

There were ninety-three veterans present, headed by one of the oldest living survivors of the struggle, George Munroe, a sprightly old man of 104 years, who served in the Confederate Navy throughout the war. Munroe took part in the parade through the streets of Bermondsey, and stayed on during the speechmaking, luncheon and reception, and at the end he was as lively as many of his younger comrades. He still walks very erect for a man of even younger years, and his mind is as clear as it was fifty years ago. He talked interestingly of many incidents of his service in the navy, and could remember many of the dates.

The re-union is now an annual affair, and it attracts a great deal of attention in Bermondsey. Each year some prominent American resident in London delivers the oration. This year the lot fell to R. Newton Crane, an American lawyer.

London Celebrated Fourth.

Outside America there was probably no city that flew the American flag so prominently on the Fourth of July as did London. Arriving at Marble Arch on the way to the city on the morning of Independence Day and looking down Oxford street one might have been forgiven for believing for a moment that he was on the other side of the Atlantic. From the flag staffs of the big department stores that line the street from just below Hyde Park to the city boundary, immense American flags were flying, while many of the smaller establishments also showed the American colors. In the hotel and shipping districts the presence of the Stars and Stripes was even more noticeable.

This too just after there had been numerous letters in the papers protesting against the cosmopolitan nature of the decorations that were put up for the visit of President Poincare of France. London never does very well in the matter of decorations, and those which did service during the visit of the French President looked as though they were the remains of many previous festive occasions. It was not so much this, however, that the writers of the letters objected to as the presence of flags of all nations, not only on private buildings, but in the decorations put up by the municipal authorities. Down one street there were so many American flags that one writer suggested that they must have been saved since the day of Colonel Roosevelt's visit to the city.

Round the World Sooner

The time it takes to circle the globe is to be measurably reduced as a result of a conference of steamship and railroad companies to be held at Moscow the end of July. This will be done by bringing into the regular passenger service the new Japanese railways in Korea in connection with a fast line of steamships to Japan. Passengers by the Trans-Siberian railway will, under this arrangement travel through by rail to Fusan and thence by steamship to Shimonoseki, a much shorter route than by way of the South Manchurian Railway to Peking or the all-Russian route through Vladivostock. The Japanese, Canadian and other steamship lines are expected to speed up communications for passengers across the Pacific.

The great drawback to this route for passengers wishing to see the country is that they will miss the most interesting part of China, that in the vicinity of the Great Wall and Peking.

White Slavers Flogged

Flogging is the penalty for trafficing in women in London, and since it was decided to inflict this punishment most of the white slavers of London have fled the city. Now it has been decided to apply flogging as a corrective measure for this offense in the crown colonies and India, and good results are expected.

In the Eastern colonies the whole subject will be dealt with in one general ordinance. The powers of the protectors of Chinese immigrants and the police are to be increased, and the penal provisions of the ordinance are to be made very severe. The Indian Government also will introduce legislation on the "social evil" and the white slave traffic during the next session of the imperial council. That there is need of this is shown in the report of Sir Reginald Craddock, member for home affairs in the council, who says that the traffic in the provinces in minor girls is on the increase.

Woman Fail as Doctors

Professor Hochenegg, an eminent Austrian surgeon, has declared it as his opinion that women are not adapted for the work of medical practitioners.

In addressing the Austrian Women's Association recently the professor highly praised the work of women as nurses, and deplored the fact that the remuneration of competent nurses was scarcely superior to that of domestic servants. He said his opinion was shared by many of his colleagues. "A doctor," he declared, "must judge independently and often act rapidly. His whole work demands qualities that are rarely found fully developed in the female sex. Despite the great industry and the high intelligence shown by many of my women students, they are destined to succumb in their struggle, or at least not be able to attain a position corresponding to their work and to their sacrifice of the joys of life. As nurses of the sick and the wounded the conditions are entirely different. In this field women possess special power and fitness, and are not subject to male competition. Here their triumph is assured."

Developing Perfect Community

The native Indian State of Faridkot, in the Punjaub, is making an interesting experiment in the censorship of public morals.

The affairs of Faridkot are administered by the president of the council of regency, whose avowed aim is to develop a perfect community where no crime shall exist, and where all men shall work for the public good. He has set up a system of state registers, under which the whole people are classified under three heads, Nekokars (Good Characters), Sulakars (Conciliators), and Siahkars (Evildoers). The system is all embracing so that there is hardly an inhabitant of a village whose name is not duly recorded according to his conduct and character. The names are entered in a public place so that all may see them. The president believes that this publicity will be a compelling incentive to every man, woman and child to conduct himself free of public fault.

... The Stroller ...

Professor Blair's Dream and the Hack Drivers

The Stroller has been wondering whether Professor Blair during his dream that Wilmington had become a Model City, saw any Wilmington hack drivers and if so, whether they had learned to treat their horses any more humanely than they do now.

If you land at the union station and take a hack at 25 cents per, you are jolted less than a block before the driver begins to lash his wornout nag that is endeavoring to take you to your destination. A few days—or rather midnights—ago, the Stroller undertook to reach his home from the union station with the kind aid of one of these public boneyards. The antiquated horse was doing its best to earn for its master the 25 cent fare. The brute of a driver started in to keep time on the back and sides of the horse with a whip. The Stroller suggested that the man stop beating the poor beast, and for perhaps half a block or so the driver desisted from his brutality.

The Stroller then found it necessary to call him down again and another short, humane ride followed another series of lashings, followed in turn by a third call down. Still a fourth and a very vigorous call down was necessary before the passenger reached home.

Were this the only incident of its kind known to the Stroller it would be possible to assume that this particular brute of a negro was an exception but unfortunately in our experience this is a common occurrence.

One of the first impressions strangers will gain of us when they come to visit our Summer resort is the brutality of our negro hack drivers. From Mr. Blair's standpoint of a teacher, seeing the stategic point Wilmington occupies in teaching our visitors, he certainly does not wish to teach brutality as one of the first lessons to the stranger who comes to us.

The Stroller ventures the assertion that the acts of cruelty such as are referred to did not occur in the Wilmington seen by Professor Blair in his dream, because in all probability he dreamed that our new chief of police took this matter up and taught some of the contemptible drivers to behave themselves. In all probability Professor Blair dreamed that the police, having an interest and a pride in our city, taught these boys a lesson by giving them a chance to help fix up the public road.

How about this, Mr. Chief? Will you join with Professor Blair and the Stroller in making Wilmington a Model City?

We feel sure we can rely on you and we know that we need your help. Furthermore, we are persuaded that it is only necessary to bring this matter to your attention and that you will do all you can to humanize our hack drivers.

SPLINTER CAUSES TETANUS.

Injury to Foot While Bathing Brings on Lockjaw.

Elizabeth City, N. C., July 25.—Dan Morgan, a young man of the Bay side section, at the home of J. A. Scott, in this city, is suffering from an attack of tetanus.

He was brought here by his father, Abner Morgan, for transfer to a hospital, but when a physician examined him, he found his condition to be too serious to make the trip. Anti-toxin was ordered from Norfolk and treatment was begun last night.

Young Morgan and several companions were bathing in the river at Bay side more than a week ago and he stuck a splinter in his foot. This caused a severe sore, but he was able to get about on it until yesterday when he was attacked by lockjaw. His condition is regarded as being precarious.

THIGHBONE IN MAN'S SPINE

Surgeons Use Part of Femur to Replace Decayed Section
(New York World.)

An operation similar to that successfully performed five weeks ago upon Vito Tasaquika, who is recovering in St. Barnabas' Hospital, Newark, N. J., was performed yesterday at the Newark City Hospital by Dr. Francis Haussling. Tasaquika had a slice of his shinbone cut out and grafted to the spine to replace a section decayed from a tubercular cause.

The patient yesterday was Joseph Orlowski, 20, of No. 49 Jones street. He has been at the institution two months. A section of the femur of the left leg was removed and placed in the spine at the place from whence the decayed part of the spine had been removed. It was announced that the operation was successful.

ON HER KITCHEN STOVE.

It is interesting to note that the most successful remedy for woman's ills was originally prepared nearly forty years ago by Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham of Lyon, Mass., by steeping roots and herbs on her kitchen stove and supplied to friends and neighbors without cost. Its fame spread; the demand grew; until now many tons of roots and herbs are used each year in order to supply this famous remedy which has proved such a marvelous success in controlling diseases of women. Merit alone could have stood this test of time.
(advertisement.)

WARRANTS ISSUED
By the City of Wilmington, for the Month of June, 1913.

1	Decairie Incinerator Co	Payment on Account	$ 8,500.00
2	Murchison National Bank	Loan Repaid	10,000.00
3	Thos. D. Meares, Treas	Int. on Loan of $200,000	6,825.00
4	Geo. L. Peschau	Ordinances	300.00
5	Harriss T. W. Co	Multigraphing	3.50
6	Southern National Bank	Health Dept. for June	1,982.00
7	C. H. White	Pay Roll	703.07
8	C. H. White	Pay Roll	715.74
9	LeGwin Printing Co	Printing	7.00
10	Jackson & Bell Co	Printing	63.25
11	Commercial Printing Co	Printing	6.00
12	D. N. Chadwick, Jr	Exp. to Richmond	25.50
13	C. W. Polvogt Co	Decorating, Etc	29.56
14	Postal Telegraph Co	Telegrams	7.87
15	Wilmington Star Co	Printing Ordinances	277.31
16	C. H. White	Pay Rolls	2,945.66
17	J. F. W. Dorman Co	Badges	118.00
18	J. R. Brown	Offices, Police Headquarters	65.10
19	T. O. Bunting, et al	Tax Listing	185.50
20	C. D. O'Neal	Typewriting Civil Service	2.00
21	Live Wire	Advertising	1.70
22	C. H. White	Pay Roll	753.67
23	Standard Supply Co	Pipe—W. and S. Dept	1,103.40
24	People's Savings Bank	Loan Repaid	5,000.00
25	Wilmington Sav. and Trust Co.	Loan Repaid	5,000.00
26	A. A. Burnett	Horse and Buggy	230.00
27	C. H. White	Pay Roll	733.39
28	C. H. White	Sundry Expenses	38.95
29	American National Bank	Loan Repaid	15,000.00
30	Carolina Audit and Adj. Co	Auditing	229.80
31	Charlotte Audit Co	Auditing	286.90
32	Hill Directory Co	Directories	16.00
33	W. E. Merritt	Sundry Expenses	10.21
34	C. H. White	Pay Roll	4,722.98
35	American National Bank	Interest	50.00
36	Decarie Incinerator Co	Payment on Account	1,500.00
37	Pittsburgh Glass Co	Glass for Market	75.00
38	Atlantic Coast Line	Freight on Blocks, Etc	468.08
39	C. H. White	Pay Roll	758.74
40	Southern National Bank	Health Dept. for July	1,982.00
41	American Light and Water Co	Sewerage Construction	10,794.19
42	Red Cross Society	Appro. for June	125.00
43	Jas. Walker Mem. Hospital	Appro. for June	500.00
44	Gunn Disinfecting Co	Disinfectants	14.70
45	Wilder & Metts	Insurance	17.50
46	W. A. McGowan	Costs—S. W. Cases	30.00
47	Thos. D. Meares, Treas	Coupons Paid	6,447.50
48	Blake & Oliver	Work—W. and S. Dept	52.50
49	Tharp & Boone	Work on Market	64.86
50	Seaboard Air Line	Freight on Blocks	155.90
51	Southern Bell Telephone Co	'Phone Service	34.35
52	Harrison Bros. & Co	Supplies—W. and S. Dept	539.00
53	Peerless Rubber Mfg. Co	Supplies—W. and S. Dept.	21.20
54	Wm. Barnett & Sons	Supplies—W. and S. Dept.	17.26
55	H. Mueller Mfg. Co	Supplies—W. and S. Dept.	11.20
56	Glamorgan Pipe and Foundry Co.	Supplies—W. and S. Dept.	3.52
57	Hersey Mfg. Co	Supplies—W. and S. Dept.	44.19
58	Addressograph Co	Supplies—W. and S. Dept.	21.37
59	Northwestern Sanitary Co	Supplies—W. and S. Dept.	65.66
60	Hilton Lumber Co	Work—Police Office	46.67
61	Richmond Structural Steel Co.	Incinerator	38.67
62	M. C. Lilley & Co	Uniforms	100.18
63	Edward Hills & Sons Co	Supplies—W. and S. Dept.	261.35
64	J. Weil	Gloves	2.25
65	Elvington Pharmacy	Drugs	3.60
66	Concrete Steel Co	Incinerator	21.41
67	Tidewater Power Co	Lighting	1,475.65
68	American Light and Water Co.	Sewer Construction	40.00
69	Jackson & Bell Co	Printing	33.00
70	Evening Dispatch	Printing	34.00
71	L. A. Bilbro	Repairs to Harness	11.75
72	Wilmington Steam Laundry	Gloves	2.50
73	Neptune Meter Co	Supplies—W. and S. Dept	13.10
74	J. W. H. Fuchs	Uniforms	48.00
75	Standard Oil Co	Oil for Streets	293.09
76	Hyman Supply Co	Supplies—W. and S. Dept.	6.65
77	Gamewell F. A. Tel Co	Police Call	8.47
78	City Livery Co	Harness	15.00
79	Orrell Livery Co	Hire of Wagon	14.50
80	J. W. Blake	Electrical Work	21.14
81	Western Union Telegraph Co	Telegrams	3.05
82	Wilmington Star Co	Advertising	11.76
83	A. David Co	Uniforms	983.35
84	C. W. Yates & Co	Stationery	25.20
85	Manlitt & Wood	Supplies for Fire Boat	7.60
86	Postal Tel. Co	Telegrams	1.07
87	Cantwell Lumber Co	Lumber	10.19
88	Griffith Plumbing Co	Plumbing	10.60
89	LeGwin Printing Co	Supplies—W. and S. Dept.	9.25
90	Wilmington Grocery Co	Supplies	1.30
91	R. C. DeRosset	Stationery	6.85
92	D. G. Capps	Repairs to Building	15.00
93	W. R. Dosher & Co	Pipe	1.80
94	Peck & Holloway	Tools	5.15
95	Independent Ice Co	Ice	6.35
96	W. B. Thorpe & Co	Cement, Etc	160.33
97	Jno. S. McEachern's Sons	Feed for Teams	61.16
98	N. Jacobi Hardware Co	Tools, Etc	29.44
99	J. C. Woodman	Incinerator	2.25
100	Roger Moore's Sons & Co	Brick, Etc	63.96
101	Cape Fear Machine Works	Foundry Work	100.91
102	Springer Coal Co	Coal	857.12
103	Cape Fear Oil Co	Oil	33.86
104	J. F. G. Brown	Repairs, Vehicles	8.35
105	B. F. Mitchell Co	Feed for Teams	348.33
106	Standard Supply Co	Supplies—W. and S. Dept.	202.44
107	Wilmington Iron Works	Foundry Work	31.03
108	Charlotte Observer Co	Subscription	8.00
109	Miss Charlotte O'Neill	Library	7.50
110	D. Quinlivan	Shoeing Teams	37.40
111	Thos. Quinlivan & Son	Shoeing Teams	48.25
112	J. T. Brown	Repairs, Carts	32.20
	Total		$95,277.74

Published by order of the Council.
THOS. D. MEARES, Clerk.

New Way Corn Cure, GETS-IT, Quick, Sure!

Never Tried It Before?—You'll Marvel How It Makes Corns Vanish.

There never was anything like "GETS-IT" for corns, and there isn't anything like it now. It is the corn

Blazes! You've No Business Having Corns. Use "GETS-IT," They'll Vanish!

cure on a new principle. Put it on any corn in two seconds; it stops pain, the corn begins to shrivel and disappears. It never fails. Simplest thing you ever saw. No fussy bandages, no greasy salves to turn healthy flesh "peely" and raw, no plasters that make corns bulge out. Your corns won't pull and hurt 'way up to your heart. Lay aside your knife and razor. No more digging and tugging and wincing, no more bleeding, no more danger of blood poison. "GETS-IT" never hurts healthy flesh; it is safe, painless, quick, simple, sure. For warts, calluses and bunions, too.

"GETS-IT" is sold at all druggists at 25 cents a bottle, or sent on receipt of price by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago

Sold in Wilmington by J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.

Car Load
Old Homestead Pickles
Just Received.

Conststing of:—
No. 10 Sweet Mixed
No. 10 Sour Mixed
N. 10 Sour Gherkins
No. 10 Sweet Gherkins
No. 32 Sweet Mixed
Sweet Splits in barrels
Sweet Pickles in barrels, 1400s.
Sour Pickles in barrels, 600s.

VINEGAR IN QUART BOTTLES.
Let us have your orders.

R. A. Wright Co.

FARM WAGONS
SPRING WAGONS
OPEN WAGONS
COVERED WAGONS
LUMBER WAGONS
ONE-HORSE WAGONS
TWO-HORSE WAGONS
FOUR-HORSE WAGONS

City Livery Company
Get Our Prices!
112 No. 2nd St.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
33-35-40 BARRELL BUILDING
WILMINGTON, N. C.

ASHEVILLE
And Western North Carolina Resorts

Easily reached through Convenient Schedules, as follows:

Lv. Wilmington	3:15pm	5:35am
Ar. Columbia	11:10pm	12:50pm
Lv. Columbia	11:50pm	1:00pm
Ar. Saluda	5:20am	6:00pm
Ar. Hendersonville	5:50am	6:30pm
Ar. Asheville	7:00am	7:30pm
Ar. Waynesville	10:00am	9:20pm

Summer Excursion Tickets on sale Daily. Reservations made for Pullman accommodations.
'Phone: 160.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE
(Standard Railroad of the South.)
W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
E. C. COHEN, Traveling Pass Agt.
T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.
jy 3-tf

RAPALJE & LOUGHLIN
CIVIL ENGINEERS
MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENTS
TOWN PLANNING
SOUTHERN BLDG. WILMINGTON, N. C.

MADE BY HR Southern Map Company WILMINGTON N. C. TRADE MARK
BLUE-PRINTS

TRUSTEES' SALE.

Under and by virtue of the power conferred upon me in a deed of trust executed on the 13th day of June, 1911, by W. A. Simpkins and wife and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for New Hanover County in Book of Mortgages 64, page 427, and at the request of the holder of the note described in said deed of trust, I will, on Wednesday, the 20th day of August, 1913, at 12 o'clock, M., at the Court House door at Wilmington, North Carolina, sell for cash to the highest bidder the following described land:

First tract.—Beginning at the Southeast corner of a tract of land now in the possession of Mrs. Mills, on the North edge of the old Newbern road, and runs thence Eastwardly with the Northern edge of the said old Newbern road about 209 feet to the Southwestern corner of a tract of land now or lately in the possession of Mrs. Oldenbuttle, and thence with said Oldenbuttle's Western line North 3 deg. E. 2,000 feet to a stake; thence South 89 deg. W. about 209 feet to Mills' line; thence with Mills' line South 3 deg. W. to the beginning, containing 10 acres.

2nd. tract.—Beginning in the dividing line between Oldenbuttle's tract and the tract of D. N. Chadwick, the same being the Western line of a tract of land conveyed to Lilly M. R. Oldenbuttle by Steven W. Noble and wife, by deed dated the 27th of October, 1891, and registered in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County, in Book 8, page 422 et seq., and corrected by deed dated the 3rd day of May, 1894, and recorded in Book 13, at pages 344 et seq., of the records of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County, at a point where said dividing line is intersected by the Northern line of the right of way of the connecting line between the Wilmington & Newbern Railroad, and the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad, and the said points being 600 feet Northwardly from the old Newbern dirt road, and runs thence Northwardly with said dividing line about 1,500 feet to the Northern line of the said tract; thence Eastwardly with the said Northern line 209 feet to the Eastern line of said tract; thence Southwardly with the said Eastern line to the right of way of said railroad; thence Westwardly with said railroad to the beginning, the same being all that part of a tract of land conveyed to the said Lilly M. R. Oldenbuttle by Steven W. Noble and wife as aforesaid, which is now lying North of the said connecting line of railroads, both of which said deeds, for more certainty of description, are made a part hereof.

3rd tract.—Beginning at W. H. Mills' Northwest corner of the Hardwick tract, 200 feet Westwardly from the pine stump marking the old Hardwick line, and runs thence Northwardly 4 deg. 30 min. East 746 feet to a stone marked D. N. C.; thence South 88 deg. E. 1,934 84-100 feet to a stone marked D. N. C.; thence S. 4 deg. 30 min. West 880¾ feet to a stone marked D. N. C. Wentzenstein's corner; thence North 83 deg. 30 min. W. with Wentzenstein back line, and the back line of D. N. Chadwick, 626 13-100 feet to a stone in W. H. Mills' back line; thence North 4 deg. 30 min. East 146 feet to Mills' Northeast corner, and thence North 85 deg. 30 min. West 468 71-100 feet to the beginning, containing 20 acres, more or less.

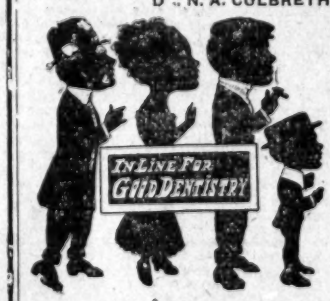
4th tract.—Beginning at a ditch bank at W. H. Mills' and D. N. Chadwick's corner of his 20-acre tract, a stone marked D. N. C.; thence North 40 deg. West 5 chains and 37 links to a stake near a water oak; thence North 45 deg. West 10 chains to a stake on a cart road; thence North 70¼ deg. West 11 chains and 36 links to a stake near a cedar tree on the East side of a neighborhood road; thence along the East edge of said road North 10 deg. 45 min. East 30 chains and 82 links to a Cypress knee on the bank of the South side of Smith's Creek; thence up the various courses of said creek to a large cypress tree a little above a woodland; thence due East 81 links to a lightwood post near and on the South side of a large hollow black gum tree; thence due South 32 chains and 90 links to a stake in said D. N. Chadwick's Northern line of his 20-acre tract; thence with said line North 88 deg. West 2 chains and 68 links to a stone marked D. N. C., a corner of the said D. N. Chadwick's 20-acre tract; thence with said Chadwick's line of said tract South 4½ deg. West 11 chains and 44 links to the beginning, containing 52¼ acres.

All of said land hereinbefore described being the same conveyed to W. A. Simpkins by D. N. Chadwick, Jr., by deed duly registered in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County, in Book 62, page 73.

Said sale is made by reason of the failure of W. A. Simpkins and wife to pay off and discharge the indebtedness described in said deed of trust.

This 15th day of July, 1913.
JOHN D. BELLAMY,
jy16-30d Trustee.

DR. N. M. CULBRETH
D. N. A. CULBRETH



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for first-class Dental Work because our reputation has put us in the front rank. We are practical Dentists with thoroughly up-to-date methods. We practice every branch of the business and excel in all of them. Crown and Bridge Work and Filling are specialties with us, as is also painless extraction. Our charges are positively low.
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Vacation Time

Before starting on your vacation let us supply you with your toilet articles. Everything new and up-date. With every twenty-five cent package of Williams' Dental Cream, we give a nickle-plated tooth brush holder free.

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NORTH and SOUTH CAROLINA
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FROM JUDGE BENNETT'S PEN

Judge Risden Tyler Bennett, who died at his home in Wadesboro recently, was entirely unique—there was nobody like him. Much could, and ought to be, written about him, but just here it will be interesting to take a glimpse at a few of the many classic abituaries he wrote during the last years of his life. He seems to have known everybody in his part of the State and their family history generations back.

* * *

Of a woman he wrote: "She was educated at the schools then devoted to the teaching and the training of the daughters of the best citizens. She had in this respect an admirable training—not so consummate as that given in the more famous schools in the cities, but the training was such that girls could spell correctly, write and cipher and behave. Her father was a caretaker for wealthy planters, designated as overseer, if there be such a word. He was much given to chewing gum, a somber looking man and silent—so I remember him. Her mother was endowed with unusual sense and industry. * * * They were Methodists in religion.

"Away back there that church had much 'worshiping instinct,' camp meeting revivals. Everything to arouse the religious sentiment of the young enthusiasm in this direction was put to the service of this noble denomination. Her husband caught the fervor and I must record it here, though born a Primitive Baptist, these occasions of fervor played upon my soul as the wind upon an Eolian harp and I sought and found comfort. We carried a burning bush into some of those houses. The humbler the occupants the more we waxed. It is a far away cry from then until now. Hell has been deluged with rose water and the Kingdom of Heaven is now practically from within. Men of intelligence have no apprehension of the torments of an old fashioned continental hell. Let's do right! We must do right! 'The merciful man hath no enemies.'

"These are the component parts of a well ordered life. I wish to give dates in this poor mortuary notice but I have delayed this testimony in the hope of acquiring them and yet there are none accessible except those I have recapitulated.

"Yesterday I read a bench warrant issued by Judge Samuel Spencer at Jonesboro, Tenn., for the arrest of Governor Sevier, who had reared the State of Franklin within the dominion of North Carolina. The judge was on the circuit known as Mero, comprehending Davidson county, Tenn., wherein is now the city of Nashville. Sevier, when arrested, was fetched to Morgan, in this State, and released on bail. The clamor passed without bloodshed. The late Marquis of Salisbury, answering some reflections on aristocracy, said that it was sometimes based on the fact that the ancestry of such were rendering services of value to the government long ago. By this test she was an aristocrat. Her husband inclined to the Presbyterian church and here without formal admission he worshipped. Few women were more industrious than she. Of late years a mercantile business was conducted by her.

"She governed her own household, kept the peace among neighbors, honored her father and mother, feared God, reverenced his sanctuary and full of patient virtues, entered into rest eternal."

* * *

Judge Bennett had unusual vocabulary and could employ more quaint expressions than anybody else. It is said that during the war, when he wasn't engaged in fighting, he was studying Webster's dictionary, and that from it he secured—and retained—the remarkable command of words which characterized his utterances and his writings. He speaks of a man who had moved to another State as "a scholarly man, imbued with the spirit of letters, he was an emphatic loss to North Carolina. * * * He continues to practice law and tries many vexatious cases. * * * He ought to have an L.L. D. at the hands of those who bestow such distinctions. He is the personification of an old Bench of the Inner Temple."

* * *

At another time he wrote: "We are privileged to commit our estimate of a dear friend to a more lasting form than the tradition which, in a measure, and in a varying degree, stands for the dead departed. * * * There was nothing in his boyhood to distinguish him from the neighbor boys. It was a good time to be born in these parts. He grew to man's estate in conditions which made for a sound mind in a sound body. He knew every nook and corner, rod, pole and perch of his father's lands, the neighbors' lands, river, creek, estuary all and singular. He rode to hounds as a boy and kept a pack when grown. No man recovers from his love of hunting. People born free of a besetting sin would signify otherwise, but as for me and those I love permit the royal diversion—the glorious uncertainty to rest, remain and abide with us. He was a trained farmer when he went out from the parental roof and began to turn the soil, a pursuit the profits of which are in general a little less than the profits of other industries. How long would it take to send out from our agricultural colleges such a farmer as our friend, and how long time would it require to get such youth to the land and engage his most efficient services and missionary zeal.

"He worked diligently and successfully. He measured to my conceit of what a bachelor farmer should be. His servants addressed him as Mars John. He kept in reserve away, it might be from his lands, an extra worker; there he got his chairs, sometimes a plow stock and along so. His animals knew him, not as the ass knew his master's crib, but as their protector. I see him now, on election day, riding a great white mule— an Anglo-Saxon mule—followed by his colored men, mounted on mules of lesser stature and more subdued color, going to Runnymede to exercise rights over the law. He stayed until all was over and then they trooped home to be greeted by lowing beasts waiting for the returns.

"He rises to my sight, as I follow these lines, a great big body and beautiful forehead, an expanse of shirt bosom broad enough for Pierpont Morgan, made of Rockingham weave, which he never wore until washed in pure water several times. These shirts have moved me to covetousness.

"He was an ideal picture of the late Judge Armfield; not so tall, perhaps. His heart was as big as humanity. His sense of justice lacked nothing. In baronial times he would have hanged out his banner on the outer wall.

"Death is the condition of our birth. No endowments of body or mind are proof against the decay wrought by time and its compurgators.

"He was always trustworthy; 'seldom original.' When he sinned it was the fault 'not of his will', 'but of his understanding.' In all my days of concourse with him I never heard him repine."

* * *

On the death of a townsman, Judge Bennett wrote that he died "from pneumonia, with sorrow unrelieved by mitigating circumstances. I don't know his age: I doubt if he knew the date of his birth. A dismal tragedy in his family about 56 years ago shook his respect for the past. He said he was about 62 years old.

"His life was one of toil until a thick shadow eclipsed his sight and drove him to the kindly help of the walking stick. Every citizen of this town knew him, and recalls his appearance when the malice of fortune had stormed at him. His short stature, his irregular nether limbs; his suite of gray hair blending with whiskers, white as white can be, streaming in the gentle winds which refused to visit him roughly; his peculiar gesture with his hand torn by hostile shot, when from modesty or impulse he caught his beard, constrained it in his grip and held it apace, while his poor darkened eyes peered at his friends, and palled in the effort.

"He found his vocation when the outcry to arms startled our people and mobilized our population. A private soldier in the 43rd Regiment of North Carolina troops (Capt. Hampton Beverly's company). None were more dutiful, constant, cheerful, courageous, than this humble man, who had no envy, hatred or malice.

"In peace his devotion to his friends was beautiful. He has told me that—— had done for him all that a man could do for him. A member of the Baptist church; his heart knew its bitterness.

"A few days before his death the pension which our law gives them, cheered his dear old heart, and 'unburthened he crawled to death'."

* * *

Now and then Judge Bennett essayed farming as a subject and wrote advice to farmers, thus:

"I covet success in my effort to promote intelligent, well-considered farming. Let me premise that the concerted movement to sell our cotton at 15 cents a pound has been sincerely conducted and the failure carries no resentment in the minds of our people. We have realized prices for our cotton which insure a fair wage and a fowl in the pot.

"It is well to remember that our efforts this way have provoked England, France and Germany to a system of cotton growing in their colonies, aided by Imperial grants, and already showing an output which may greatly increase if fostered.

"The opening of 325 miles of rails from Berber at Atbara to Port Sudan, on the Red Sea, has discovered, so to express it, millions of acres of cotton producing lands. It is meet to confront these stages of the new movement with economic changes here, supported by sound sense and reform.

"Let every farmer seed enough land with corn to produce full cribs of this useful grain. Follow oats, wheat, rye, barley with peas. Manure freely. It is not seasonable to talk of small grain now, as nothing can be done in this regard before next seeding time.

"Put 800 pounds of high grade manure to an acre of cotton. Apply twice—at seeding and about June 15th.

"Corn responds to cotton seed and the direct products of cotton seed as well as any form of fertilizer.

"I address clients better informed than I am, but you have to fatigue their attention before feeling assured of co-operation.

"We cannot boycott the mills and their coadjustors by any policy with life in it which we may adopt. Don't go too far. Don't famish trade. Don't be guilty of the blood-guiltiness of those who would exhaust indignation for profit their way. 'Be honest and fear not'."

These are but a few clippings saved now and then as the papers in his home town carried the products of the old gentleman's pen. A collection of all his writings, of his speeches and sayings, anecdotes of him, would be worth its weight in gold.

FARMERS AND THEIR WIVES

Invention Emancipates One But Other Still Unfreed

In the current issue of Farm and Fireside, the national farm paper published at Springfield, Ohio, appears an article which seems to indicate that farmers' wives have been "getting the short end of the bargain." Following is an extract:

"Half a century ago men and women were about on an equality in the matter of the drudgery of farm life. The man had to slave among the stumps and stones. The woman had to make soap, weave, spin and knit. The man was obliged to break his back over the sheaves in the harvest field, to wield the corn knife, and to labor with the flail and hoe. The woman had to carry water from the spring, to carry in the wood, and sometimes to chop it, to sweep and scrub and fight flies.

"Necessity has largely emancipated the man. Invention made it cheaper and better to use the mower, the binder, the corn harvester, the windmill, the gasolene engine, the shredder, the silo, the riding plow, the manure spreader. The cream separator and the milking machine are making the wife's work easier too, and so are many other things. But in many things the inventions of today have not been placed in the woman's hands because it has been necessary to adopt them in order to make the farm pay.

"So in the course of events that led up to making the farm pay, the woman has kept on as she used to, in order to make possible the purchase of implements by which her husband could do more work with less effort. But I can see no good reason why her sacrifice instead of being perpetuated by habit should not be terminated when the reason for it no longer exists.

"The time has now come when we must move the flag of woman's comfort up to that planted for the men. Any farm that can afford a silo can afford electric light or gas, the vacuum cleaner, the dish washer and the washing machine. Any farm that can afford a gas engine can afford a bath room and an interior closet. And any farm that can afford a manure spreader and a hay fork in the barn can afford running water in the kitchen.

"It's a matter of looking at the question in the right way. It also means giving the women a square deal. And in the main it's a matter of the women themselves thinking of these things as attainable necessaries."

Mrs. Frank Pearson.
Will sing at afternoon and night concerts at Lumina today.
(advertisement.)

GREEN PARK HOTEL
Green Park, N. C.
(Blowing Rock.)

Literally, a Home among the clouds, 4,300 feet. Pure, cold spring water, delightful scenery, bracing air, fire at evening and blankets at night for comforts. Fine turnpikes for motoring and driving. Booklet. Until June 15th, address Raleigh, N. C., afterwards Green Park, N. C.
HOWELL COBB.

BLACK TROOPS WELL LIKED

French Government to House Them in Paris During Enlistment—Tardy Recognition of An Old Hero—Notes.

Paris, July 26.—Black regiments of the French colonies will henceforth be quartered in Paris during their enlistment. M. Etienne, the Minister of War, has announced the change of plan in putting into operation the government's three-year military service bill.

The innovation promises to be popular, as negroes, especially black troops, are well liked in France. Regiments of negro soldiers will be brought in for service in the mother country from the colonies of Martinique, Guadeloupe, Reunion Island and Guiana.

Tardy recognition of the heroism of an old bugler named Rolland, the last survivor of the battle of Sidi-Brahim, will be bestowed upon the veteran, whose age is now 92 years. Rolland was taken prisoner, and with wounds bleeding arraigned before the Arab Chief, Abd el Rader.

The French were making a desperate stand against superior numbers. The Arab commander ordered Rolland to sound a retreat. He brought the bugle to his lips and with his waning strength sounded the charge. The French troops responded and carried the day.

The decoration of the Legion of Honor now will be conferred on Rolland by the government, upon the recommendation of the Aveyron General Council.

Working Girls' Hotels.

Prince d'Arenberg has accepted the presidency of a society organized to build hotels in which working girls may have comfortable habitation at prices well within their meager incomes. Four of these hotels for women only are already open, and the formation of a new company backed by the prince, the Count de Montalivet, the Marquis d'Harcourt, the Duke de Montemart, the Count de Vogue and the Duchess de Guiche, lends a powerful interest to the movement.

The four hotels now in operation are similar in construction and management. Girls may obtain rooms at $4 a month. Each hotel is fitted with all modern conveniences, contains numerous bathrooms, a library, a large dressmaking room, and a scientific washhouse for girls who wish to do their own washing. On the ground floor is a restaurant where meals are served at the rate of six cents for a plate of meat, two cents for soup, and three cents for vegetables and deserts.

Help for Struggling Genius.

All Paris knows that many struggling French poets, authors and artists have come to the capital only to succumb in the struggle to exist on the meagre incomes of their early days. Starvation and illness have done for them before they could earn enough to live. But the path to artistic face will, in the future, be made easier; a poet in need will be able to apply to the "Poet's Bank" and have his immediate wants relieved.

This bank is the idea of a number of young writers who have been successful. It will extend financial aid to needy poets and authors during their periods of wooing fame. The promoters appealed to a Paris publisher who made a fortune from the sale of Balzac's works, and he consented to back the project. The publisher was fond of relating the life long experience of Balzac, who was harrassed by debts that interfered with his peace of mind and power to work. The writers therefore had no difficulty in enlisting his support.

According to a recent decision of the Paris courts any person who cannot properly see the stage from a seat which he has paid for can demand the return of his money, and if the management refuses to comply it can be held liable for damages. As about one-half of the seats in the French theatres afford an incomplete view of the stage, this judgment is expected to have far-reaching effects.

New Time Keeper.

The first monster public clock keeping time in accordance with the new French computation has just been unveiled in the tower of the Saint Lazare Railway terminus.

The peculiarity of this timepiece is that it has two separate dials which change places automatically on the strokes of midnight and midday. The first is numbered from zero to 12, and the second from 13 to 24. Even logically minded people who objected to the suppression of either zero or 24 o'clock in the ordinary double figured dials, can find no objection to the Saint Lazare clock. Five minutes before midnight will be as they wish to have it, "five minutes to 24", and five minutes after midnight "five minutes past zero."

NEW MAP of N. & S. Carolina sent postpaid for $1. SOUTHERN MAP CO. (advertisement.) 6t

Obstinate Acne Quickly Yields

Fine Remedy that Clears Skin of Pimples on Cheeks, Temples, Sides of Nose and Chin.

Acne attacks the glandular structure of the skin, more particularly those tiny glands that secrete fat.

And it is here that S. S. S., the famous blood purifier is most active in its influence.

There is one ingredient in S. S. S., the purpose of which it is to stimulate the cells in the tissues that they select from the blood the nutriment that makes new skin and thus eliminates all irritants, acids and parasites that inflame the glands. There is a natural tendency of the fine network of blood vessels in the skin to throw off impurities, but where a persistent inflammation process has invaded the skin, the natural repair work of the blood is interfered with. It requires the stimulating activity of S. S. S. to overcome such morbid conditions. If you have been troubled with acne, do not despair of a cure.

You can get S. S. S. in any drug store, but insist upon having it. Take no chance with a substitute. And if your blood condition is such that you would like to consult a specialist freely, address the Medical Dept., The Swift Specific Company, 181 Swif. Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

The Independent Ice Company
INCORPORATED 1901.
CAPITAL: $200,000
Highest Grade ICE Made in Wilmington
Daily capacity of 3 plants, 200 Tons.
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We have a modern cold storage building with a storage capacity of over 25,000 barrels.
We now offer the trade butter, cheese and eggs of the highest grade.
Any member of our board of directors will be pleased at all times to personally look after the interests of our patrons.
Yours for quality and service,
THE INDEPENDENT ICE COMPANY.

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To be sure of *pure* ice cream, make it at home. To make it easily and quickly; rich, smooth and velvety, use the Lightning Freezer.

SEASONABLE GOODS

Refrigerators. Ice Cream Freezers. Garden Hose. Lawn Mowers. Wire Doors and Window Screens. Ball, Mason and Sure Seal Fruit Jars and Rubbers.

Can make immediate shipment. Your orders solicited.

J.W. Murchison & Co.
Wholesale Hardware Dealers

Cash Clearance SALE

1-4 OFF On all Men's, Boys' & Children's Clothing.

1-3 OFF On All Panama and Straw Hats.

FLEET-DAVIS CO.
NEXT TO THE BIJOU. PHONE 673.

U. S. Woolen Mills Co.

Sale Now Greater and Larger Than Ever!

YOUR CHOICE OF 500,000 YARDS OF HIGHEST GRADE OF WOOLENS FROM FOUR BIG MILLS.

This Great Sacrifice Sale means the Greatest Opportunity Ever Offered the Public. We have bought, outright, three of the largest Woolen Mills—International Woolen Mills, Royal Woolen Mills and Baltimore National Tailoring Company. No surer or finer tailoring has ever been made. Now placing this entire lot of High Grade Woolens of Imported Scotch, English and American weaves at your disposal at a price within the reach of every man.

YOUR UNRESTRICTED CHOICE OF ANY PATTERN IN THE HOUSE.

Suit and Extra Pants to Your Measure
Values----$30, $35, $40, $45, $50----Values

AND EXTRA PANTS FREE TO YOUR MEASURE—FREE!

The Season's Choicest Fabrics of English, Scotch and American weaves in Fancy Cassimeres, Serges, Mixtures. Trousering Styles Too Numerous to Mention. Trouser Values, $5, $6, $7, $8 and $9.

We will Make You a Pair of these Trousers to Your Measure Absolutely Free With Your Order.

Your Choice of 5,000 Styles of Highest Grade Woolens

You'll see the cleverest patterns you ever set your eyes on. Every garment is "correct to a hair's breadth." They are models of the minute. Every garment is "chuck full" of individuality, character and refinement. They talk and tell the story. "If you've got good eyes and believe what you see," come and see these remarkable patterns we are now showing. We won't importune you to buy, because the patterns will do that better. We are ready to serve you with patterns that you have never been served before. And we make them to suit your particular taste and build, all at the "ONE PRICE," and that one within the reach of every man. We know you wonder how we do it. Remember, we do not imitate. You are dealing direct — Mill to Man.

One Price
No More
$15
No Less!

THE SMALL DEPOSIT

Is welcome at this bank. It takes One Dollar only to open an account with us. Don't hesitate because you think your business is not large enough to bring to bank.

We want your account and can help you to save. Four Per Cent. Interest paid on all accounts.

Home Savings Bank
—ORTON BLDG—

NEW NOVELS

The Lovers of Skye, by Frank Waller Allen
The Gay Rebellion, by Robert W. Chambers.
Guinevere's Lover, by Elinor Glyn.
The Valiants of Virginia, by Hallie E. River.
John O' Jamestown, by Vaughn Kester.
Andrew the Glad, by Marie Thompson Daviess.
Roast Beef Medium, by Edna Ferber.
Seven Keys to Baldpate, by Earl Derr Biggers.
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The Murchison National Bank
Offers its Customers every known business facility.
Large resources.
Progressive in business.
Conservative in methods.
Dealers in Foreign Exchange.
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THE WEEK'S NEWS REVIEWED IN BRIEF

Glimpses of the World at Large, Little News Stories of the Carolinas, and a Resume of Local Doings, Prepared for the Busy Man and the Week-End Reader.

Of General Interest

Three fires on John D. Rockefeller's estate at Tarrytown, N. Y., are laid on firebugs.

The government has inaugurated a suit for the dissolution of the Bell telephone trust, so-called, in the Pacific coast.

There are 12,000 barbers on a strike in New York city, for better wages and more uniform conditions throughout the city.

Samuel A. Eliot, grandson of Harvard's president emeritus, has gone on the stage in England, whereat the family is greatly disturbed.

Capt. Patrick Grace, a man who had a record of having saved 89 lives, died last week at Middleton, N. Y., aged 76. He had a medal given him by Congress.

Jone Bell, colored, charged with attempting criminal assault on a white woman, was taken from the jail at Bartow, Fla., Wednesday night and riddled with bullets.

Jason Spires, foreman of the grand jury in Aiken county, South Carolina, shot and seriously wounded two white men and a negro because they while working the roads, started work in front of his house after he had ordered them not to do so.

War has broken out in China between the northern and southern sections of the empire, and the provisional president is up in arms against the regularly elected president. War rages in the Balkans and in Mexico fratracidi strife continues.

When Postmaster General Burleson announced further extension of the parcel post, raising the weight limit to 20 pounds and reducing the price per pound, the express companies and railroads put up a great cry, and Congress has turned its attention to the matter.

J. W. Gordon, a tailor in St. Louis, has fallen heir to $500,000 because he wrote to his mother in Russia every week for the last 15 years. An uncle in Russia rewarded his faithfulness, cutting off three brothers who hadn't proved so devoted to their mother as the St. Louis tailor.

The Interstate Commerce Commission is taking up the question of whether the Eastern railroads shall be llowed to increase their rates five per cent over present rates, If this is allowed, it will mean a five per cent increase in rates to the Virginia basing points.

Missouri's Governor has issued a proclamation setting apart August 20th and 21st as public holidays to be known as good roads days, when every able-bodied man in the State is asked to do some work on the public roads. The Governor estimates that the work done will be worth $1,500,000.

The Senate Wednesday took up the tariff bill in earnest. Republican Senators will make no extended argument against it, both because they can't defeat it and because there isn't much to say against it except the ordinary protectionist argument. The farmers will get everything they use on the free list.

Edward Musse, and American born German, of Philadelphia, will be heir to $250,000 when he is 30 years old if he keeps his present job until that time, his present job being bartender. An eccentric uncle made the will. He is 24 years old now, and so to get the money must dispense highballs for six years to come.

Fire in the four-story factory of the Binghampton Clothing Company at Binghampton, New York, burned with such rapidity Tuesday that more than half of the 111 employes were cut off from escape and were burned to death or killed in leaping from the burning building. The death list will run over 60, mostly women and girls.

When a fellow at Passaic, N. J., was arrested for beating his board bill he had on three suits of clothes, donned so that he could walk off with his rags and not excite the suspicion which a suit case would have aroused. He told the court, however, that he had a cold and was trying to sweat it out. The judge was skeptical.

Senator Smith's plan to have a strip of 100 miles in which no cotton is to be grown, across the Southern States, in order to head off the boll weevil, will cost $108,000,000 a year, according to a government estimate, that being the value of the cotton the farmers would otherwise produce. If they could grow other crops for a while, it wouldn't be so bad.

The Mulhall investigation by Congress, in which Col. M. M. Mulhall is revealing the activities of the National Manufacturers' Association, in bribing and browbeating Congressmen, is attracting more attention than has yet attended any Congressional investigation. It has shown that to a dangerous extent legislation has been affected by unscrupulous men.

Thirty-five negro convicts were burned to death in a camp 20 miles from Jackson, Miss., Tuesday, when, chained to the upper floor of a building, fire broke out among a lot of hay on the lower floor. A coroner's jury rushed together, hastily declared nobody to blame. Nevertheless, the terrible tragedy caused a good deal of indignation.

The Vanderbilt University board of trustees and the chancellor have ignored what the College of Bishops had to say about taking the million dollars offered by Andrew Carnegie for the medical school, and have accepted $200,000 of it in cash. The remainder is drawing interest for the university. The bishops said Carnegie was trying to subsidize the university.

W. B. Henry, the Virginian who stabbed nine men at the Gettysburg reunion, was held for court in seven cases at a hearing in Gettysburg Wednesday. He and the men he stabbed are younger men than the veterans and while the fight started when a Northern soldier objected to reflections on Lincoln, no old soldier was in it. Henry belongs to a prominent family. He gave bond in the sum of $3,500.

NEW MAP of N. & S. Carolina sent postpaid for $1. SOUTHERN MAP CO. (advertisement.) 6t

Brief News Stories of The Carolinas

Sheriff Robert M. Nowell, of Johnston county, died in a hospital at Bennettsville, S. C., Tuesday.

A. B. Saleeby, Syrian merchant at Salisbury, wants to be minister to Syria, and has a number of endorsements.

The fourth death from typhoid fever occurred in the family of W. F. Coley, in Iredell county, last week when a daughter died.

The Ozark cotton mills at Gastonia, are to install 10,000 additional spindles in a new addition to the building that will be 75x115 feet in size.

A wine house at Littleton, belonging to a man named Mitchell, was destroyed by fire one night last week and many gallons of choice grape juice destroyed.

Although lightning struck the house he was sleeping in and tore a hole two feet wide and 12 feet long, it did not wake a negro man at Spencer the other day.

A Southern Railway official says that a union station that will fill the demands of the people will certainly be built at Spartanburg, S. C., before a great while.

A. R. Mosimex, a young lineman for the Bell 'phone people, fell from a 35-foot pole at Salisbury Monday and his head was crushed on the curb, so that he died in 10 minutes.

Latham Brothers, of Hoodtown, York county, S. C., raised 928 bushels of oats on nine acres of land this year. Several acres produced as much as 125 bushels each.

While sitting at the supper table in his home at Statesville, T. E. Vincent, a tobacconist, dropped dead. He was a native of Johnston county but was reared in Alamance.

Will Wood, who was summoned by a Raleigh policeman to assist him with a bad prisoner, was fined $5 and costs for refusal to do so. He submitted passively and paid the bill.

Congressman Finley announces that experimental village delivery will be established at Winnsboro, S. C., similar to that at Lancaster, which is also in the Congressman's district.

North and South Carolina good roads people and automobilists have started agitation for a highway over the Blue Ridge from Walhalla via Witewater Falls to the Sapphire Country.

The University Summer school enrolled 548 students this year. Nearly all were teachers who were preparing themselves to more ably discharge their duties in the coming year.

Thieves took from $500 to $1,000 worth of jewelry from the store of the Nixon Jewelry Co. at Henderson, the other night. Bloodhounds brought from Weldon proved worse than nothing.

The annual reunion at Newberry College, S. C., will be held August 1st. Several well known men are to speak and the railroads have made arrangements for special trains at low rates.

Hon. E. L. Daughtridge, Lieutenant Governor of the State, has returned to his home in Rocky Mount, after a prolonged visit to Europe where he has been studying the subject of rural credits.

Rowan county citizens will meet Tuesday in Salisbury to discuss the drainage of 40 miles of water front on the streams of that county. Thousands of acres of valuable land are to be reclaimed.

Charles Boyd, colored, carrying a keg of powder at a railroad construction camp in South Carolina, lighted a cigarette. He and a nearby negro were sent to the hospital with slim chance of recovery.

On account of an error of a quarter of a cent in the vouchers of the salaries of the four rural carriers at Sanford, the postal department held up their month's pay for a week, until the error could be eliminated.

When Monroe Jetton, of Davidson College, opened a can of rat poison, the lid flew back and let out a flare of phosphorous that blinded the man and left him dazed for nearly three hours, before he was found by his brother.

Because the tariff will affect the price of wood pulp, the big mill of the Champion Fibre Company, in Haywood county, will close its pulp works down for awhile. There is no demand, it is said, pending a change in the tariff duties.

A negro who grew jubilant over a home run at a colored baseball contest in Rowan county, shot another negro twice and "highballed." The one who was shot started the riot and was fined $25 and costs for his rioting.

A big coal company has taken an option on property at Charleston to get a site for a $500,000 coal-exporting plant. Meanwhile, the Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio, the great coal-carrying road, is steadily building on towards Charleston.

Hail big as goose eggs fell around Smithfield Sunday, destroying crops in the path of the storm and breaking out $2,000 worth of glass. It was far and away the worst storm of the Summer in that section, and the damage runs up quite large.

An automobile driven by T. P. Jenkins, of Tarboro, and carrying Mrs. Jenkins, their child and Mrs. B. B. Howell, turned turtle and was wrecked by striking a tree near Halifax Saturday night, and Mrs. Howell badly but not fatally hurt.

Alvin Aiken, 11 years old, died of lockjaw in Asheville during the week. He fell from a tree, breaking his arm at the elbow, and the bone protruded and stuck in the earth. Tetanus set in shortly afterward. As he was dying the lad asked to see his pet dog.

Hearing a call for help, John Graham, railway agent at Thickitty, S. C., and also constable, responded and found a white man threatening a white woman, with a big rock. He called on him to surrender, and the tramp, for such he was, hurled the rock at the officer, hitting him. Graham drew his gun but it wouldn't fire, whereupon the tramp took it away from him and fired it at him, missing. Then he took the weapon and beat Graham into insensibility with the butt. He was later caught by a posse, giving his name as John Vick.

They keep on speeding automobiles by stationary street cars. In Columbia, S. C., W. C. Godwin had just alighted from a car when Oscar Only dashed by in his auto and got him. He was not fatally hurt. Several accidents of the same kind have occurred in Columbia of late.

Work on the Norfolk Southern between Mount Gilead in Montgomery county, and Norwood in Stanly county, is progressing rapidly. The bridge over the Yadkin river has been completed. The new road will connect Raleigh and Charlotte and part of it is already in operation.

The wife of J. M. Seitz, a former citizen of Catawba county was brutally murdered in Angleton, Texas, where the family lived, during the week, and suspicion seems to rest on the husband, who is held pending a full investigation. The body was found in an alley in the city, mutilated horribly.

North Carolina's Secretary of the Navy, Josephus Daniels, announces that it is his intention to stand on the bridge of the old battleship Oregon and lead the entire battleship fleet of the United States through the completed Panama canal and up the Pacific coast, as soon as the canal will admit ships.

Fred Mackey, a little negro boy, was caught in the act of putting obstructions on a Southern Railway track the other day near Lancaster. The engineer of a train saw what he was about and stopped in time to avoid running into spikes driven between the rail ends, and rocks piled on the track.

As Arthur Marshall and his sister were driving along the road from Stony Point to Statesville, Iredell county, a pistol shot rang out from the cabin of Tom Gibbs, colored, and the ball struck Marshall in the palm of the hand, ranging right along the bone almost to his shoulder. Gibbs claims it was an accident but he is held in bond.

The other day Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, loudly complained that he couldn't get any real fried chicken any more like mother used to fry. Since then his office in the capitol at Washington, has been piled high with packages of friend chicken from indignant Southern women who live in the capital and who take pride in their Southern cooking.

A negro who is employed as a "detective" in Greensboro had urgent occasion to call police headquarters the other night and the only way to get to a 'phone was to wake up a white man and tell him what he wanted. But the white man took him for a burglar and told him to hurry along before he shot him. "What it took to leave there, I had it," said the negro.

Cardenio F. King, who died a convict in Boston the other day, was a native of North Carolina and the faithful wife who has stood by him through all his troubles was, before her marriage, Miss Mollie L. McRae, of Charlotte. King became a noted editor and financier in Boston, but he got in too deep, was convicted of getting money under false pretenses and sentenced to 14 years in the penitentiary.

Because they had dismissed N. W. Jones from the Confederate infirmary at Columbia, S. C., H. W. Richardson, general manager, and M. C. Welch, acting commandant at the Soldiers' Home, were cited to appear in court and show why they should not be attached for contempt, having violated the instructions of the court in turning the man out. They hastily sent for Jones and put him back, thereby escaping a jail sentence.

L. M. Wooten is a section boss on the Southern Railway between Rock Hill and Chester, S. C. Over 30 years ago he got the job and has held it to this day. The section is in fine shape and there is rarely an accident on it. The railway has often offered Wooten a better job but he won't have it. The reason why he won't he has been buying up land all around his home at Lewis Turnout until he is worth $200,000 and is one of the best farmers in the State. Land he bought for $2.50 an acre is worth over $100 now.

GOODBYE DANDRUFF

Parisian Sage Cleanses the Hair; Nourishes It; Stops Falling Hair and Itching Scalp; Removes Dandruff With One Application.

What a delight to have a beautiful head of hair, fluffy, lustrous, abundant and free from dandruff.

If your hair is not as soft and beautiful, or as fresh and full as that of some friend whose hair you admire, don't give up and think you can't help it.

Do what she does—take care of your hair. It needs daily attention just as much as your plants need watering.

If your hair is too thin, make it grow like any other plant. If it is too dry and brittle soften it up—lubricate it. If you have dandruff it is because the scalp is too dry and flakes off. Freshen up the scalp and dandruff will go.

Parisian Sage, sold in fifty cent bottles at druggists and toilet counters, is just what you need to make your scalp healthy and immediately remove dandruff—your hair wavy, lustrous and abundant.

Parisian Sage stops itching head; cleanses the hair of dust and excessive oil; takes away the dryness and brittleness; makes it seem twice as abundant, and beautifies it until it is soft and lustrous.

You cannot be disappointed in Parisian Sage. Always sold on money back if not satisfied plan. Look for the "Girl with Auburn Hair" on the package. Recommended and sold by Robt. R. Bellamy.

(advertisement.)

At the Beach Today.

Concerts at hotels; concerts at Lumina 11:00 A. M., 3:30 and 8:30 P. M. Surf bathing. (advertisement.)

The Week Locally

Council has taken preliminary steps to improve the postoffice lawn and create a park at Greenfield pond which the city owns.

The city's financial report for June shows that of the total appropriations for the year, the sum of $33,443 was audited during June.

"Carrie" Wilkins, a negro who escaped from the county chaingang, was brought back from Norfolk Wednesday, where he had been arrested and held for the New Hanover officials.

Penny Smith, colored, died in the hospital Sunday of the wounds inflicted on her by her paramour, Joe Humphrey, Saturday night. The negro broke one of her arms and cut her brutally. He escaped.

Mr. M. W. Divine has been made permanent receiver for the Ocean Fisheries Company, with authority to go ahead and handle the plant and equipment as will best serve the interests of the creditors.

Council has amended the ordinance relative to registering the number of automobiles received from the State, so that instead of giving a car owner 10 days to file his number he must now do it within 48 hours after he gets it.

Mrs. Lena Jones, white, was found guilty of retailing whiskey and sentenced to spend six months on the county farm, in the Recorder's court last Thursday. Her husband, Buck Jones, was acquitted on the same charge.

Upwards of 2,000 people attended the annual celebration at Moore's Creek Battleground Thursday, when Congressman Faison delivered the principal speech of the day. Good order was maintained and the day pleasantly spent.

It is not improbable that several local measures will be considered by the special session of the General Assembly in September. An effort may be made to repeal the bill consolidating the city and county health boards, for one thing.

Fifty citizens have been named a committee to investigate the proposal that an exposition be held on the Atlantic coast in this State, in 1916, for he purpose of emphasizing the importance and to celebrate the completion of the Panama Canal.

Mrs. Clara Russ, of Abbottsburg, has written the chief of police that she married Malley T. Russ six years ago. Russ recently married a Miss Barber in Lumberton and bringing her here, deserted her. The last heard of him was that he had gone to Norfolk.

Mr. W. H. Sprunt Jr., and a party made the trip from Wilmington to Charlotte Wednesday in Mr. Sprunt's automobile, in 14 hours. The distance is 250 miles and the roads in large part indifferent, so that this is perhaps the record between the two cities.

Mr. W. I. Baxter, indicted on a charge of allowing gambling in his pool establishment because money was played for in games of "point" pool, was acquitted Thursday in Superior Court, it being held that in this sort of pool the element of skill predominated.

The Independent Ice Company, which has tried without success to get the city to improve Second street from Red Cross to Campbell, has notified Council that as the street is now, the ice plant is liable to be greatly damaged in case of big rains, in which event the city will be sued for damages.

Mr. James Owen Reilly has started suit for $50,000 against the Bell Telephone Co., for the death of his brother, Mr. J. W. Reilly, who, it is alleged, was knocked from a pole in Charleston by an overcharge of electricty in the wires or because the wires were not properly insulated, the accident occurring two years ago.

J. C. Holly, tried three times for the murder of Edward Cromwell in 1910, and acquitted, and held on charge of arson, in connection with the burning of the Rock Springs Hotel, was acquitted of the charge of setting fire to the hotel to get insurance, Monday night. He had spent three years and 11 days in jail.

In its report the grand jury recommended that the County Commissioners offer rewards when crimes of violence are committed. It said that it believed the escape of several murderers in the past could have been prevented had rewards been offered to stimulate capture. The jury also recommended that the jail be enlarged.

The North Carolina Pine Association held its monthly meeting Thursday at the Seashore Hotel, Wrightsville Beach. Its membership includes lumbermen in the Carolinas and Virginia, whose output is 800 million feet of lumber annually. Horton Cowin, Jr., of Edenton, is president, and W. B. Roper, of Norfolk, Va. is secretary.

The grand jury failed to find a true bill against Chas. Brown, colored, charged with killing a negro named Blount at Nobles' Landing last Winter, but he was sent to the roads for three months for carrying a gun, on top of the time he has spent in jail, which is eight months. Lack of a witness is said to have saved the negro's neck.

Nearly 40 tons of refuse was burned in the incinerator Wednesday, it being the first day the new outfit was operated. All refuse of whatever kind, trash, carrion, liquids, etc., are destroyed completely and the gases and odors consumed. The plant cost $35,000. Hereafter everything will be burned and nothing buried or carted off to the country.

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For more than 30 years we have been training girls and young women for successful teaching and for usefulness in life.

We furnish scholarships to young women preparing to teach and free tuition to all students who take instruction in our Practice and Observation School.

We guarantee positions to teachers who complete our courses of study. For catalougue address J. M. RHODES, Littleton, N. C. July 21-6t.

Summer Foods As Cause of Dyspepsia

Many Also Get Diarrhoea—What to Do in Either Case.

Summer ought to be the months of most perfect health, but owing to contaminated water and milk, unripe fruit, germs and insects the average of health is not good at this time of the year. There is much skin trouble from acid fruits, and much dyspepsia and diarrhoea from cold foods and iced beverages.

The skin trouble is easily stopped by discontinuing fruit for a few days, and by the use of a mild laxative to clean the bowels and tone the blood. The dyspepsia is likewise corrected by the use of a laxative that has combined with it the elements of a digestive tonic. Hence the best remedy to use is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, which, as its name indicates, is a pleasant laxative combined with the virtues of pepsin, which we all know is the best cure for indigestion.

Use Syrup Pepsin also for Summer diarrhoea. Avoid astringents, physics and cathartics, as they are unnecessarily harsh. Thousands of good American families prefer Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, among them those of Mrs. W. A. Taylor, Beloit, Wis., who finds she can give it to her baby without causing cramps or pains, and Mrs. Wm. O. Richter, Clayville, Va., who considers it a laxative tonic absolutely unexcelled. They know of no pleasanter cure for constipation, liver trouble, indigestion, Summer diarrhoea, etc. It is valuable to all the family from infancy to old age. Children like its taste. All druggists sell it at fifty cents and one dollar a bottle, the latter being the family size.

Families wishing to try a free sample bottle can obtain it, postpaid, by addressing Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 418 Washington St., Monticello, Ill.

BAREFOOT SANDALS

The Popular Footwear for the Summer
For MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN

PETERSON & RULFS

WE ARE the PEOPLE FOR TOOLS and FINEST HARDWARE

We shave down our prices when we first mark our goods.
Everything in our store runs smoothly, because we always keep on hand a full stock of everything a first-class hardware store should carry.
We stand behind everything we sell and "make good" on every deal. Our values are plain to see.

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To your family.
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Apply for illustrated catalogue. F. P. HOBGOOD,

BINGHAM SCHOOL'S central purpose for **120 years** has been **to make Men of Boys.** Asheville climate world renowned. Organization **Military.** Two details from **U. S. Army** allowed to N. C. The A. and M. College has one, **Bingham** the other. **Target** and **Gallery** practice, with latest U. S. Army Rifles. Lake for **Swimming. Summer Camp** during July and August. Tuition and Board $150 per Half Term. $300 a year. Address Col. R. Bingham, Box 72 Asheville, N. C.

Epitaph of the Common House Fly and How to Get Rid of Them.

(By S. A. M.)

A swarm of flies came buzzing by,
And soon a garbage can did spy,
Oh! my, they cried in flyish glee,
That filthy can looks good to me.
No place we've seen in all our flight,
As nice as this for us to light.
So down they flew as all flies will,
To the filthy can of slops and swill.
The can was sitting in the sun,
And Mrs. Blow-fly had begun.
You know it's Mrs. Blow-fly's way
To turn all things into decay.
And she had done herself real proud,
For this old can was smelling loud.
Of course, this helped attract attention,
The flies were holding a great convention.
Flies had gathered from miles around,
Large, small, black, green, yellow and brown.
The object of the meeting there,
Was to map out plans for the coming year.
The chairman, he spoke up and said,
He wasn't pleased with last year's dead.
He said that we must come to terms,
And try our best to scatter germs.
He warned them to be very shy,
Of the boys and girls, that "swat the fly."
Also, he thought 'twas awful mean,
For any one their house to screen.
He told of a paper on which flies stick,
But they were on to that old trick.
Now, these he said, are not so bad,
I've something else to tell real sad.
Men these days are very wise,
They know that germs are carried by flies.
They know that on our feet and legs,
Are millions and millions of germs and eggs.
They also know that flies can cause,
As many deaths as all the wars.
So they have made a preparation
That'll soon be spread throughout the Nation.
If all reports I hear be true,
I see the finish of me and you.
The stuff's a wonder—that is, men say,
Guaranteed to drive all flies away.
And everywhere it has been tried,
Flies and insects by the thousands died.
They say it's of a liquid kind,
Made "Down South" from the long leaf pine.
It's used in such a simple way,
Blown through the tube which causes a spray.
It penetrates the air so fast,
A few minutes only our lives can last.
Spring is here, it's time to work,
We want no drones, no one must shirk.
Now what we wish to do is plain,
To kill all the babies that we can.
But now and ever understand,
That it shall always be our plan,
To make ourselves as busy as bees,
To scatter every known disease.
The place for us to do our worst,
Is the nipple of the bottle that the babies nurse
And then it should be awful handy,
To crawl all over children's candy.
To do this thing successfully,
We must do it systematically.
Let's fly from here to the manure pile,
And crawl over it awhile;
From there we'll fly to the horse's stall,
And there we'll have another crawl.
When we finish with the horse's stable,
Then it's to the dining table.
And if they open a sick room door.
Make a dive for the cuspidor.
If you'll try and do just what I say,
Everything will be our way.
But talk is cheap, we're losing time,
Let's make our hay while the sun doth shine.
We'll start right now, to the house we'll fly,
Our motto, ever "TO DO OR DIE."
And so right there from that filthy can,
The 1913 season began.
They all went swarming to the house,
When they got there, things were as still as a mouse.
It seemed to them that from afar,
Came the faintest odor, the smell of Tar.
But this they did not mind at all,
Till by the hundreds they began to fall.
In a very few minutes, our story goes,
Every one of them turned up their toes.
This jingle is not idle jest,
Everyone should give this drug a test.
If it doesn't do just what we say,
We won't receive one cent of pay.
And on my word you can rely,
When I say it's death to every fly.

Manufactured in Wilmington, North Carolina.
Where flies grow fewer, health conditions grow finer.
If you do not make your town the same,
You have no one but yourself to blame.
In this whole, wide world, there is nothing greater,
Than "Shepard's House Fly Driver And Insect Exterminator."

(Advertisement.)

NOTICE.

United States District Court, Eastern District of North Carolina.—In Equity.

James N. Gillis, Mamie R. Gillis, Chas. Upham Gillis, Herbert D. Gillis, minor, and John Patrick Gillis, minor, by their next friend, Jas. N. Gillis, versus Duncan B. Gillis, Christiana B. Monroe, Wm. H. Monroe, Ida M. Shaw, Daniel A. Shaw, Jos. B. Gillis, Ada P. Gillis, Robt. H. Gillis, Katie M. Gillis, Ralph M. Gillis, Bessie Gillis, Hattie Gillis, Jasper Gillis, minor, Escour Gillis, minor, Effie Gillis, minor, Rena Gillis, minor, Bettie Gillis, minor.

The defendants, Jas. B. Gillis, Ada R. Gillis, Rob't H. Gillis and Kate M. Gillis, will take notice that the equity subpoena of this court, in the above cause, has been issued against said defendants, commanding them to appear and answer or demur to the bill of complaint herein filed, on or before the rule day, on the first Monday in August, 1913, being the fourth day of that month), or the relief therein demanded will be granted; that the cause of action relates to a tract of land, situate in Cumberland County, North Carolina, conveyed by H. W. Lilly to James N. Gillis, on Dec. 20, 1895, the deed thereto being recorded in Book 2-4 page, Records of Cumberland County. The complainants seek to reform an alleged deed, conveying said property to Duncan B. Gillis and wife in fee, so as to make it read to Duncan B. Gillis for life, and after his death to the complainants.

This June 20, 1913.

H. L. GRANT,
Clerk U. S. District Court for the Eastern District of North Carolina, at Wilmington.
By S. P. Collier, Deputy Clerk.
(Seal.) IREDELL MEARES,
Solicitor for Complainants.
je22-1aw6w

BIG G Cures in 1 to 5 days unnatural discharges. Contains no poison and may be used full strength absolutely without fear. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. **WHY NOT CURE YOURSELF?** At Druggists, or we ship express prepaid upon receipt of $1. Full particulars mailed on request. **THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO., Cincinnati, O.**

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PLEASANT FIELDS OF HOLY WRIT

Save for my daily range
Among the pleasant fields of Holy Writ,
I might despair. —Tennyson.

The International Sunday-School Lesson

Third Quarter. Lesson IV. Exodus 4:29; 6:1.
July 27, 1913.

MOSES' REQUEST REFUSED
(The Story.)

"Sweet are the uses of adversity,
Which, like the toad, ugly and venomous,
Wears yet a precious jewel in his head."
—Shakespeare: As You Like It.

A noble Roman stood wrapped in his toga, gazing at his lovely marble villa as it disappeared in devouring flames. A friend ventured to approach and proffer sympathy. The sententious reply was: "If it had not perished, I would have perished." So we may say, but for the misfortune of the Egyptian bondage, Israel would have perished. The "ugly and venomous" experience of the brickyard held a jewel, after all. * * * The stream of their national life was forced into a new and uncongenial channel. By choice and hereditary instinct they were used to the free and tranquil manner of the nomad. It was a bitter transition from the "land of verdure" to the brickyard; from driving their cattle to being driven like cattle; from the easiest of all vocations to the most laborious of all. * * * No paraphrase can possibly intensify the forceful phraseology of the original narrative. Pharaoh's object was decimation. Baring with hard hearts and bludgeons were at a premium. They afflicted with their burdens. There was a ferocity (rigor) in their exactions. They intended nothing else than to break in pieces and crush the captive race. They embittered their lives. The tally of bricks required was always waxing, though the material to make them steadily waned. Affliction, sorrow, oppression, sighing, groaning are oft recurring words in this dismal chronicle of slavery. * * * This most prolonged and irritating bondage was, however, like the ax the very blow of which sets free the pentup fragrance of the sandalwood. It was like the rude trampling after which the camomile emits its richest odor. The first sweet use of Israel's adversity in Egypt was to loosen the hold which that country had obtained upon the emigrant nation, and to make them homesick for Canaan. It is probable that nothing short of this terrible ordeal would have been sufficient to uproot them from a land Providence never intended they should abide in permanently. The weird country exercised its mystic spell even after they had left it far behind them, and they sighed for the onions and fleshpots of the Nile land. * * * Egypt, too, was the fiery furnace where a loose population was fused into a compact nationality. Nothing surpasses common suffering in accomplishing thi send. Their like pains and indignities made them feel alike—hope and aspire alike. * * * And as "sharp frosts nourish corn, so did the sharp afflictions" of Israel in Egypt nourish their graces. They were shut up to faith in God No eye pitied them, no arm could deliver them but His. They were led to admit the justice of God's anger at their manifold sins, and to repent of them. Their aspirations for their divinely-promised "rest" in Canaan was quickened thereby. * * * When the great assay was finished, God quenched the furnace fires with the waters of the Red Sea. The new-born nation, christened in cloud and sea, came up out of the depths singing antiphonally such a paean as earth never heard before. To the praiseful acclaim of the male chorus, "I will sing unto the Lord, for He hath triumphed gloriously," the female responded, "Sing ye to the Lord, for He hath triumphed gloriously."

The Teacher's Lantern

As if to lend emphasis to the prodigious multiplication of Israel in Egypt, the small beginning is carefully set forth. The census shows seventy souls. But these fairly "vegetate" and "spawn" until, in the fewest possible generations, three millions of them fill the land. * * *Genesis and Exodus is the transition from biography to history—from the quiet annals of patriarchal life to the stirring chronicles of national crises. * * * The silent years between Joseph and Mosses resemble those between Malachi and Jesus. In this epoch Israel was busy learning law, government, and mechanic arts.

They saw the incalculable advantages of organized society, and readily adopted it when Providence proffered them a form. They learned the craft of the carpenter, smith, engraver, weaver, potter, dyer. So that in the wilderness they were able to create the famed tabernacle, in the construction of which all these arts were employed. * * * The Exploration Fund proves its utility by the discovery, the indubitable identification, of the treasure city of Pithom, which M. Naville minutely describes. * * * A bas-relief at Thebes most graphically represents the whole process of brickmaking—the bringing water from tank, digging and mixing clay, molding bricks, carrying the same, and the taskmasters with ferule in hand. * * *Exploration fairly out explores itself when it presents us with a photograph of the very Pharaoh who knew not Joseph. This mummy is identified as the body of Ramases II by the panvri within and the inscriptions on the ouside of the burial case. * * * Not for a moment was Providence obuvious to the suffering of Israel. "Their cry came up before God." An omniscient, omnipotent, beneficient Providence still scans, orders, restrains the course of individuals and nations. Kings, kingdoms and common folk flourish best when they parallel the Divine plan. They perish when they transgress it. * * * A surprising analogy presents itself. It is that between God's people under the old and his people under the new covenant. Both had small beginnings. The seventy of Israel is matched by the one hundred and twenty of Pentecost. The prolific mcrease of the Hebrews is matched by that of the Christians, whose tally shows three thousand accessions one day ,and five thousand the next. The afflictions of the Pharaohs is matched by that of the Caesars. The ruler of the Tiber is as impotent as the ruler of the Nile. "Times of affliction were the Church's growing times," alike under both regimes.

The Young People's Devotional Service

July 27th, 1913. Acts 15:12-8.

Missionary Essentials at Home and Abroad: (1) Information

This is another epoch when it is highly becoming that the people should keep silence and give audience while the modern miracles of missions are recounted. Answers are coming quickly and from every quarter to the deprecatory question, "What is the use of Foreign Missions?" The great current epoch-making movements making for liberty, education, and beneficence in non-Christian lands can be traced directly to the missicnary and the mission as chief and, in some instances, the sole instaurator.

LYNCHINGS IN SIX MONTHS

Booker T. Washington Gives Encouraging Report of Lawlessness

Booker T. Washington has issued the following letter on lynchings in the last six months:

At the end of the first three months of the present year I called attention to the fact that fourteen lynchings had taken place. Six months have now passed, and ten additional lynchings have occurred. For the same period a year ago there were thirty-six lynchings, making a reduction of 12 as compared with last year. The smaller number indicates a growing regard for law and order.

In connection with two of these lynchings the conduct of the mob, according to the newspaper reports, was exceedingly barbarous and inhuman. In one case it is stated that the mob went so far as to cut off the ears, fingers, toes and lips of the individual in order to keep them for souvenirs

In still another case it is stated that the mob dragged the victim along the strets, beat the body with a crowbar, then boiled the body in oil, then set fire to it, then strung the body up to an electric light pole in the centre of the town in the glare of the electric lights and shot over a thousand bullets into the body. It is further stated that 5,000 persons, including many women, witnessed these acts. So far no person has been arrested.

The crime for which individuals were lynched since I last called attention to this matter were as follows:

April 5, a negro at Appling, Ga., for firing pistol and creating disturbance.

May 12, a negro at Hogansville, Ga., for killing a white man.

Date unknown, a negro at Issaquena, Miss., attempted murder.

Date unknown, a negro at Springfield, Miss., murderous assault.

Date unknown, a negro at Hickory, Miss., murderous assault.

June 4, a negro at Beaumont, Texas, accused, with two others of attacking a party of white men.

June 13, a negro at Anadarko, Okla., for murder.

June 19, a negro at Hot Springs, Ark., for rape and murder.

June 21, a negro at Americus, Ga., for shooting an officer.

Out of the thirty-six lynchings in only one case was the crime of rape charged against the individual that was lynched.

We believe in giving the babies a show, but we don't want to be one of the judges.

THE GRAND ARMY REUNION

Historical Incident of Battle of Chickamauga Given by Col. Steel, of Indiana—Interest in Reunion.

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 26.—During the Forty-Seventh annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, to be held here September 15-20, a reunion of the survivors of the battle of Chickamauga will be held on Horseshoe summit, or Snodgrass hill, where troops under Gens. Thomas and Brannan formed for the purpose of checking the Confederate forces, and where acts of courage and heroism unparalled in warfare were performed by regiments of both armies.

Col. George W. Steel, governor of the National Military Home of Indiana was the ranking officer of the 101th Indiana regiment during the battle of Chickamauga, and it is a matter of history that the 68th and 101st Indiana were the last to leave the field, having been ordered to the relief of the brave Gen. Brannan, when he was sorely pressed by the charging Confederates on Snodgrass hill.

Col. Steele was requested by the director of publicity of the Chattanooga Encampment Association to write something about this incident, in order to make history clear on the important point. Col. Steele says there can be no doubt that his regiment and the 68th Indiana covered Gen. Brannan's withdrawal from the field; that Gen. Brannan explicitly states that the foregoing regiments were the last to leave Snodgrass hill. Col. Steele says further:

"In a conversation with Gen. Henry V. Boynton, after he became historian of the Chickamauga campaign, I happened to mention the fact that the regiment to which I belonged had taken an active part on the occasion (the conflict at Snodgrass hill) and he asked me to what regiment I belonged. After I had informed him he said that I was the man he had been hunting for a long time. I now have a letter from Gen. Boynton in which he states that my regiment and the 68th were the last to leave the field. The regiments belonged to the Second brigade, Fourth division, Fourteenth army corps, Gen. George H. Thomas being the corps commander, Gen. Reynolds the division commander and Gen. King the brigade commander. Thomas Doan was colonel and I was lieutenant colonel of the 101st Indiana, although we had not been mustered as such.

"We marched from Pong springs to Crawfish springs, starting on the evening of the 18th, arriving after daylight the next morning. We made coffee, but before we were done drinking it the regiment was ordered to Lee & Gordon's mill to help drive back a small body of the enemy that was trying to cross Chickamauga creek. I can only say that we had the hardest and most unsuccessful job of work I had undertaken, ending in our going to bivouac at the north end of the Poe field about 9 o'clock at night, coming from the south end of the Brotherton field to rejoin the brigade, we having been assigned to assist Gen. Palmer in the afternoon of that very disagreeable day. The left of our brigade rested on the LaFayette road in the edge of the woods north of Poe field.

"We held this position until we were ordered to re-form our line, about 3 o'clock, when we were placed on the south side [illegible] field, still facing south but the troops on our right and left were swung so that it was called a 'bull pen.' We remained in this position until late in the afternoon, when we were ordered to break through the Confederate troops that had practically surrounded us. The 101st Indiana was to bring up the rear of our brigade, Gen. Turchin's brigade making the charge, his being the first to go out and our the last. When we had gotten through the woods on the west of Kelley field we marched uninterruptedly to the head of McFarland gap.

"On account of the activity and perhaps by the use of my authority as ranking officer, two boxes of ammunition were secured just before leaving the Kelley field, one going to the 68th Indiana, because Gen. King suggested that I ought to divide, his regiment being the 68th, although he was not in command, and on account of being in possession of this not to exceed ten rounds to the man. It had been reported that the troops on Snodgrass hill were without ammunition and could not leave the field on account thereof. The 68th and 101st Indiana were ordered to the relief of Brannan's division, or that portion of it left on Snodgrass hill, which we proceeded to do. We took our position in front of the troops as far as we could, and were ordered to hold that position until Brannan's troops had cleared the field at least ten minutes We obeyed orders. We saw no organized body of troops—nothing but dead men, wounded men and stragglers—until we had gotten well into McFarland's gap. We did not fire a gun on Snodgrass hill, nor hear one fired, except a few straggling ones that had no concern to us."

A DULL NEWS SEASON.

And Yet There Was a Harvest of "Human Interest" Yarns.

(New York World.)

This in the newspaper calendar is traditionally the "off season" for news events, the time of year when nothing is supposed to happen but automobile accidents, deaths from rocking the boat, Tenderloin tragedies and cloud bursts. Yet a mere glance at Monday's papers was sufficient to dispel the illusion.

They were packed with "human interest stories", of which, perhaps, the palm for novelty is deserved by the account of how James McGrath gave his glass eye to a friend to hold while he took part in a "scrap." Or does it belong to the Chicago tale of an angler who hooked and brought ashore two bathers who had been carried out into the lake by the treacherous undertow?

A story that out-Barnums Barnum describes the attempt to deceive 4,000 baseball 'fans" in Washington with a team of "bloomer girl ball players" who proved to be men wearing women's wigs. The latest wrinkle in the municipal regulation of feminine attire is related from Boulder, Colo., where the officials have ordered that women wearing diaphanous skirts must keep to the shady side of the street.

The story of the St. Louis girl who slept for 150 hours, of the fugitive express company clerk who insisted on being locked up for theft, of the Cleveland suffragette who is accumulating a campaign fund to run for Mayor, of the eccentric German who willed a nephew $250,000 contingent on his remaining a bartender, and the accounts of the father who gave his blood and the mother a section of her skin to have a loved son, furnish further additions to the budget of unusual news events. And what a collection of animal stories—no sea serpent to be sure, but tales of sharks in Jamaica Bay, schools of whales off Sea Girt, troops of bats in East Orange, armies of frogs leaving the Lake Erie marshes to invade an Ohio town, a crab crawling up a motorcyclist's back and throwing him, an eagle stealing dogs from a farmyard before an automobile party's very eyes, Pomeranian dogs in Brockton with private rooms and valets and electric fans—altogether a wide range of animal activities.

Happily the mosquito this year is keeping out of the news. But as respects "dog day dullness" generally, what with human interest stories like these, militancy, chautauqua lectures by cabinet officers, Balkan outbreaks, Mexico, slashed skirt regulation, Congress and all the news crop is keeping up to the mark.

July cotton futures collapsed Tuesday on the New Orleans exchange, falling 45 points, a net loss of over $2 a bale. There was no demand for July contracts. The new months also fell eight or nine points in sympathy. In addition to boll weevil damages in Mississippi, land values on account of the weevil have depreciated 20 millions. Rain is badly needed in a large portion of the belt.

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